

GOING MAD FROM THE TERRIFIC PAIN

Prominent Merchant Thinks His Life Was Saved By "Fruit-a-lives".
DRIEDALE, ONT., June 15th, 1913.
"I am a general storekeeper at the above address, and on account of the great good I have experienced from 'Fruit-a-lives', I recommend them to my customers. They were a tonic to me, I can tell you, for about two years ago, I was laid up in bed with vomiting and a terrific pain in the base of my skull. The pain was so bad that I was unable to get up. I took 'Fruit-a-lives' and in a few days I was cured. I have gained fifteen pounds since taking 'Fruit-a-lives', and I verily believe they saved me from a disastrous illness."
J. A. CORRIEVAU.
Box 6, for \$2.50, trial size, sent postpaid on receipt of \$1.00. Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

FOR A TAXI

75--PHONE--75

PRINCE RUPERT AUTO CO

Prince Rupert Feed Co.

DEALERS IN
Hay, Grain, Feed
and Seeds

CHICKEN FEED A SPECIALTY

Agents for
DOMINION NURSERY &
ORCHARDS CO.

Mail orders promptly attended to

508 Third Ave. Phone 58

LATEST WAR NEWS

The latest war bulletins received exclusively by The Daily News are posted immediately after coming off the wires at the following places:

- Cole's Cigar Store, 3rd Ave
- Wark's Jewelry Store, 3rd Ave.
- Prince Rupert Hotel, 2nd Ave.
- Hotel.
- Central Hotel.
- Windsor Hotel.
- Knox Hotel.
- Daily News windows, 3rd Ave.

Hotel Directory

Members P.R.L. Vintners Association

WINDSOR HOTEL

Corner of First Ave. and Eleventh St
W. H. Wright, Prop.

HOTEL CENTRAL

First Avenue and Seventh St
European and American Plan
Peter Black, Prop.

KNOX HOTEL

1st Ave., Between Eighth and Ninth
European Plan, Rates \$10 to \$15.00
Per Day
Becker & Becker, Props.

EMPEROR HOTEL

Third Ave., Between Sixth and Seventh Streets
European Plan, \$5 to \$10 Per Day

ROYAL HOTEL

Corner Burgess, Props.
Third Ave. and Sixth St.
European Plan Steam Heated

DAVEN WHOLESALE LIQUOR CO., LIMITED

Second Ave. and Sixth St.
Phone 103

PRINCE RUPERT IMPORTING CO., LIMITED

Fraser and Sixth Sts.
Phone 7

A Real Lever Simulation

OLD WATCH FREE.



SUEZ CANAL IN DANGER.

The Turks claim to have reached the Canal at El Kantara after defeating a British force twenty-five miles east of here. The success of the Turks has been minimized and there is reason to think that the Canal from Port Said to Suez is seriously threatened. Italy is vitally interested in the Canal being kept open and may make an attack on it the occasion for her joining the Allies.

SIR PERCY SCOTT.

"Admiral Sir Percy Scott, who has been recalled from his retirement by Lord Fisher for active service, was at Lord Fisher's right hand during the great period of naval reorganization, when such a strong impetus was given to gunnery efficiency, and became the finest director of target practice.

"The big battleship, he said, was the ship of the future, and the big gun was better than the little one; but neither was of any use unless it could hit. He was wholly with Lord Fisher in the declaration that the policy was to hit first, to go on hitting, and to hit everywhere.

"The admiral retired in 1913, and not long afterwards astonished the world by declaring that the submarine had rung the knell of the big battleship which he had before extolled," says the Chronicle.

"So fresh and free is his mind that he was able to throw over all prepossessions, to adapt himself to new developments, and think out new theories, when only a few months before the outbreak of war he proclaimed the triumph of the submarine over the battleship," says The Nation.

Best He Could Think Of.

In one of the Philadelphia colleges a professor of chemistry asked a student:

"Suppose you were called to a patient who had swallowed a heavy dose of oxalic acid, what would you administer?"

The student to whom the question was addressed is preparing for the ministry and takes chemistry because it is obligatory.

"I would administer the sacrament," he replied.

FIRE ALARM SYSTEM

CIRCUIT NO. 1.

- Box 12—5th St. and 3rd Ave.
- Box 13—6th St. and 3rd Ave.
- Box 14—8th St. and 3rd Ave.
- Box 15—Junction of 1st, 2nd and 3rd Aves.
- Box 16—1st Ave., between 8th and 9th Sts. (Knox Hotel.)
- Box 17—1st Ave. and 7th St. (Central Hotel.)

CIRCUIT NO. 2.

- Box 22—3rd Ave. and 3rd St. (Post Office.)
- Box 23—3rd Ave. and McBride St.
- Box 24—1st Ave. and McBride St.
- Box 25—2nd Ave. and 2nd St.
- Box 26—2nd Ave. and 6th St.
- Box 27—G. T. P.

CIRCUIT NO. 3.

- Box 31—5th Ave. and Fulton St.
- Box 32—Borden and Taylor Sts.
- Box 34—7th Ave. and Fulton St.
- Box 35—9th Ave. and Cornish Ave.
- Box 37—8th Ave. and Dodge Pl.
- Box 38—5th Ave. and Thompson St.

CIRCUIT NO. 4.

- Box 41—4th Ave. and Emerson Pl.
- Box 42—5th Ave. and McBride St.
- Box 43—5th Ave. and Green St.
- Box 44—6th Ave. and Basil St.
- Box 45—7th Ave. and Eberle.
- Box 141—7th Ave. and Young St.

WHAT HAPPENS TO ANY TOWN THAT SUPPORTS MAIL ORDERS

FARMER TELLS HOW BY SENDING AWAY FOR HIS GOODS THE VALUE OF HIS FARM DEPRECIATED \$5,000 IN NINE YEARS BECAUSE HE AND OTHERS WERE NOT ALIVE TO THE NECESSITY OF BUILDING UP THE HOME TOWN.

Hans Garbus, a German farmer, of Iowa, has discovered that the benefits which appear on the surface as attaching to the mail order plan sometimes spell disaster and has written a very interesting story of his views in a certain farm paper. Here is a part of his story:

"We farmers need awakening to the fact that we have unwittingly reached the period where we must think and plan. I am one of the slow German farmers that had to be shown, and I am now giving my experience that others may profit, for knowledge is more expensive now than ten years ago.

"Twenty-nine years ago I began my farm career. I had an old team and \$50. Our furniture was mostly home-made—chairs, cupboard and lounge made from dry-goods boxes, neatly covered with 10-cent cretonne by my girl wife. We rented eighty acres. Being a boy of good habits I got all needed machinery and groceries of our home merchants on credit, until fall crops were sold. The first year was a wet season and I did not make enough to pay creditors. I went to each on date of promise and explained conditions, paying as much as possible, and they all carried the balance over another year. They continued to accommodate me until I was able to buy a forty-acre piece of my own.

"As soon as I owned these few acres the mail order houses began sending me catalogues, and gradually I began sending my loose change to them, letting my accounts stand in my home town where I had gotten my accommodation when I needed it.

"We then had one of the thriftiest little villages in the state—good line of business in all the branches, merchants who were willing to help an honest fellow over a bad year, and a town full of people who came twice a week to trade and visit. Our little country town supported a library, high school, band, ball team, and we had big celebrations every year.

"A farm near a live town soon doubles in value. I sold my forty acres at a big advance and bought eighty acres, gradually adding to it until I had 200 acres of the best land in Iowa. I then felt no need of asking favors, and found it easy to patronize the mail order agents that came almost weekly to our door. I regret to say that I was the first in the country to make up a neighborhood bill and send it to a mail order house. Though we got bitten every once in a while, we got in the habit of sending away for stuff.

"Gradually our merchants lessened their stock of goods—for lack of patronage. Finally we began to realize that when we needed a bolt quickly for machinery, or clothing for sickness or death, we had to wait and send away for it, which wasn't so pleasant. One by one our merchants moved to places where they were appreciated, and men of less energy moved in. Gradually our town has gone down; our business houses are 'tacky' in appearance, a number are empty, our schools, churches and walks are going down; we have no band, no library nor ball team. There is no business done in town, and therefore no taxes to keep things up. Hotel is closed for lack of travel. Go down to the depot when the freight pulls in and you will see the sequel in mail order packages.

"Nine years ago my farm was worth \$195 an acre; today I'd have a hard matter to sell it at \$167 an acre. It is 'too far from a live town'—so every farmer has said that wants to buy. He wants a place near schools and churches where his children can have ad-

vantages. I have awakened to the fact that in helping to pull the town down, it has cost me \$5,000 in nine years."

(While the foregoing is in connection with farm lands depreciation, this same argument applies just as forcibly to city property, or to any other local industry which requires the support of the local citizens.—Ed.)

MR. MARTIN NOT TO GO BACK TO LONDON

M. P. Explains Exactly How He Stands as to His St. Pancras Seat and Makes Attack on Canadian Bank System.

"Although the papers reported me accurately at the meeting I addressed the other evening, there seems to be an erroneous impression about, that I have announced that I intend going back to London at the next general election to run there instead of Vancouver—which is exactly the opposite to what I intended to convey," observed Mr. Joseph Martin, M. P., at the Liberal meeting held at the Carleton Hall, Collingwood. Mr. Gerald McGeer presided and addresses were delivered by Mr. Martin and Mr. M. A. Macdonald. "What I said," continued Mr. Martin, "was that, when I found it necessary for men, in view of the slump in real estate here and my many business interests, to be on the spot, I arranged with the Liberal Association supporting me in East St. Pancras that I should continue to keep up the organization there. I have a fine club house there which I own and we have a very complete organization. I told my supporters that I hoped they would get a candidate to succeed me who would prove satisfactory to them and I assured them that, when the general election came along, I would pay the expenses of the election to the extent of \$2,500."

Mr. Martin explained that they had not been able to find such a candidate and they had twice written him, despite his refusal, asking him to run again. Finally they assured him that, if he was elected in St. Pancras, they would not ask him to attend the House of Commons at all.

"Under those circumstances," observed Mr. Martin, "I found I could not very well refuse to be a candidate, and, even if I should happen to secure election in Canada, that would not interfere with my being a member of both parliaments. Though," he added, smiling, "it would be rather an anomalous position."

After dealing with his experiences electioneering and in parliament in England, Mr. Martin concluded his address by advocating, amid applause, a thorough overhauling of the banking system of Canada. The Americans, he said, recently entirely changed their system and they claimed that under the new system no such thing as a panic could take place. The speaker referred to "the reckless manner in which the banks in Canada had shovelled out money to real estate speculators during the boom, while the bankers themselves gave \$7,000 per front foot in Vancouver. He condemned their attitude both during times of inflation and depression.

Mr. Macdonald devoted his speech to general criticism of the government's land and railway policy. He observed once that "the Canadian Northern have left a trail of corruption from one end of the province to the other." Any land policy, he said, must be a non-partisan land policy, and, therefore, he agreed, it could not be entrusted to the present government. "As to the Dominion Trust disaster," Mr. Macdonald

observed, "enough is known about it to know that the government is vitally responsible." The government had been lax and the difficult question to decide was whether it should assume responsibility to a large extent for the losses of the depositors and recoup them at the expense of the taxpayer or whether they should not do so.

"The Attorney-General of the province, who is connected through his firm with the Dominion Trust Company, must have known that the company had no right to take deposits since last March at any rate," the speaker asserted.

The chairman urged that Liberals were thoroughly patriotic in holding such meetings as that as a healthy opposition in the provincial house would probably save the province from as disastrous a situation as that of the Dominion Trust Company.

For Rent

8-ROOMED PLASTERED HOUSE

WITH BATH—8TH AVENUE

\$25.00 PER MONTH

5-ROOMED HOUSE ON TAYLOR

STREET

\$15.00 PER MONTH

APPLY TO—

G. R. Naden Co., Ltd

324 SECOND AVENUE

ADVERTISE IN

THE DAILY NEWS

1836 THE BANK OF 1914

British North America

70 YEARS IN BUSINESS.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS \$7,700,000

A Service Business Men Appreciate

The complete and valuable service rendered by the Bank of British North America has secured and retained the accounts as well as the confidence of a goodly proportion of Canada's prominent business men. The same service awaits you, whether your account be large or small.

PRINCE RUPERT BRANCH

P. MARGETTS, Manager.

Our 1915 Catalogue

Which Has Just Been Distributed

Will aid you in making your selection of Christmas Gifts. Write for this book if one has not reached you. Note the fine range of SIGNET RINGS on Page 11 and our assortment of Ebony, Silver and French Ivory Toilet Ware from Pages 45 to 53, inclusive.

Henry Birks & Sons, Limited

JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS

Granville and Georgia Streets
Geo. E. Trorer, Managing Director VANCOUVER, B.C.

FRED STORK'S HARDWARE

710 SECOND AVE

Carpenters' Tools	Builders' Hardware	Ship Chandlery
Wire Cable	Steel Blocks	Fishing Tackle
Iron Pipe	Pipe Fittings	Rifles and Shotguns
Rope	Valves	Ammunition
Pumps	Hose	Paint
Stoves and Ranges	Rubberoid Roofing	Corrugated Iron

"WE SELL NOTHING BUT THE BEST"

FRED STORK'S HARDWARE

KAIEH HARDWARE COMPANY

THIRD AVENUE P.O. DRAWER 1524 PHONE No. 3

Builders' Supplies	Hardware	Sheet and Plate Glass
Plumbers' Supplies		Plate Glass Mirrors
Paints		Stoves, Ranges
Oils		Tinware
Varnishes		Graniteware

MONARCH MALLEABLE

The "Stay Satisfactory Range."

THE UNION STEAMSHIP CO., OF B.C., LIMITED

S.S. VENTURE

SOUTHBOUND TUESDAYS AT 9 P. M.

Sailings for GRANBY, SIMPSON AND NAAS SUNDAYS AT MIDNIGHT

For Further Particulars Apply to
PHONE 568 JOHN BARNESLEY, Agent, SECOND AVE.
AGENCY ATLANTIC STEAMSHIPS

LUMBER

SHINGLES, MOULDINGS, SASH, DOORS

PRINCE RUPERT LUMBER CO.

A. J. BURROUGHS, Manager

1st Ave. and McBride St. PRINCE RUPERT, B.C.
PHONE 25 Branch Yard at Smithers

A NEWSPAPER

for Prince Rupert and Northern B.C.

The Daily News goes into nearly every home in Prince Rupert. It is the popular newspaper of the city because it is clean and reliable. It has all the news of the city, and keeps in touch with events and topics interesting to Northern British Columbia. It treats these subjects with moderate optimism and reliability.

The Daily News is the most valuable paper to advertisers because it is read by the buying public. It has a bigger circulation than any other paper in the city. It is read by the class of people the advertisers want to talk to.

—THE—

DAILY NEWS

THE
DAILY
NEWS
IS
SAFE
SANE
SPICY
IMPARTIAL
INDEPENDENT
INTELLIGENT