

THE DAILY NEWS

VOL. VII. NO. 178.

PRINCE RUPERT, B. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1916.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

ROYAL FLYING CORPS RAIDS GERMAN LINES

RUSSIANS ATTACK STRONGLY AT THREE POINTS--ENEMY RETREATS ON LEMBERG

BRUSSILLOFF DRIVES ENEMY ON TO LEMBERG

Austro-Germans Attacked at three Important Points--Must Give one to Protect Others--Turks at Suez.

(Special to The Daily News.)

Petrograd, Aug. 1.—The Russians are now advancing upon Kovel and have crossed the Stokhod and now occupy the stretch of country between the Sarney-Kovel and the Kovel-Rojitche railroads. General Brussilloff's army is driving the Austrians back toward Lemberg.

It is believed that the Austro-Germans are unable longer to successfully oppose the three great Russian attacks on this front. Kovel, Valdimich-Volski and Lemberg are the objectives of three separate attacks and the enemy will probably sacrifice one of these points in order to strengthen the other two. Kovel will likely be abandoned, as Valdimich-Volski lies nearer to Lemberg but the probability is that the Russians will be able to cut off all possibility of a retreat from the former point to Lemberg, as there is a strong Russian army already heading for the Bug river from Brody.

Attack on Suez.

The Turks are attacking the Suez Canal with 12,000 troops on a ten-mile front.

PATRIOTIC FUND

(Special to The Daily News.)

Ottawa, August 1.—A statement issued from the head office of the Canadian Patriotic Fund says that it has no intention of asking the Dominion Government to collect subscriptions for the fund.

It is probable that in 1917 two provincial governments, New Brunswick and Saskatchewan, will make subscriptions, as they have decided to impose taxation to meet any deficit there may be after the voluntary campaigns have been concluded.

HALIBUT ARRIVALS

Six halibut schooners brought in 88,000 pounds of halibut this morning. They were the Aurora, 10,000; Mabel, 8,000; Agnes, 17,000; Dolphin, 18,000, and the Lillian S., 5,000. The Rose Spit, owned by Capt. Rorvig, brought in 7,000 pounds.

FIRE PROTECTION

The city council, on the recommendation of Supt. Kennedy, has decided to erect two standpipes on Eleventh Avenue for additional fire protection.

FOR SALE

Carload mining machinery, including 17 machine drills, column bars, drill steel, steam-fittings, etc. Apply Daily News.

SAFETY FIRST—USE NEW WELLINGTON COAL. PHONE 16.



OVER THIRTY THOUSAND CANADIAN TROOPS ON PARADE.—This picture shows Sir Sam Hughes reviewing thirty-one thousand troops from all parts of Canada at Camp Borden, the largest camp in Canada. The pictures show the thick dust which is stirred up by the marching of the soldiers, which, combined with the intense heat, was the cause of a riotous outbreak in this camp.

REVOLUTION AGAIN BREAKS OUT IN CHINA

(Special to The Daily News.)

Pekin, China, August 1.—There has been another revolutionary outbreak at Hankow resulting in a large district being burned and looted. Many natives were killed in the rioting and a number of Russian women were injured. Companies of foreign volunteers finally checked the uprising.

272 PERISHED IN NEW ONTARIO FIRES

(Special to The Daily News.)

Haileybury, Ont., Aug. 1.—The death list in the New Ontario holocaust now amounts to two hundred and seventy-two. It is possible that this list will be augmented when reports are received from outlying farms.

COLONEL J. W. ALLISON CAN "RESIGN HIS RANK"

Ottawa, July 31.—It is understood that Militia orders in the near future will contain the interesting notice that Honorary Colonel J. Wesley Allison "is permitted to resign his rank."

The comments of the Meredith-Duff Commission on Colonel Allison gave one reason. The absence of Sir Sam Hughes, and the vesting of his authority for the time being in Mr. McCurdy, the new Parliamentary Secretary for Militia and Defence, give the second reason. It may be noted, however, that under the terms of Mr. McCurdy's appointment he is not allowed to change the policy of the department without securing the consent of the Cabinet. In the present instance, however, there can be little doubt but that a ready consent will be given to the changing of Sir Sam's policy.

Wade's Offer to Bowser

To W. J. BOWSER:

I am informed that last night in your references to the Liberal Executive meeting you said that "they ought to have F. C. Wade bring Scott back and he promised there would be revelations." You do not say there would be revelations in any way reflecting on my honor, though that is your insinuation.

You dare not make a direct statement against me because it would be a dastardly lie. You prefer to lie by innuendo because you are a physical and moral coward.

Nevertheless, poltroon as you are, I will make you an offer that will put your sincerity to the test. If you will withdraw your warrant against Scott, and go with me to Seattle, I will join you in inducing Scott to return. I will do anything you can suggest with that end in view. I will pay his expenses to return and if we are successful, I will then leave him with you so that you can do all in your power to back up your foul and lying insinuations.

Do you accept my offer or not? If you do not, you stand before the people of British Columbia, in all your moral depravity as a confessed coward and a liar.

Vancouver, July 28, 1916.

F. C. WADE.

IRISH NATIONALISTS STILL DISSATISFIED

(Special to The Daily News.)

London, August 1.—The Irish Nationalist party has withdrawn from all association with the coalition government. The Nationalists are dissatisfied with the new Secretary for Ireland, Henry Edward Duke, and also with the Attorney-General, Sir Frederick E. Smith, both of whom are Unionists and out of sympathy with Nationalist ideals.

The Irish members state most emphatically that they will never agree to any reduction in the number of their representatives at Westminster until a permanent settlement of the whole question of Irish Home Rule has been reached.

H. O. CREW HAS RETURNED FROM OVERSEAS SERVICE

H. O. Crew, one of the local boys who fell wounded and gassed in the second battle of Ypres, arrived in the city yesterday. Mr. Crew has taken over a year to recover from the effects of the gas, and is still far from well. He says there is no chance that Gamble and Denison escaped. They were on either side of him in the charge, but he never saw them again.

LAUNCH PURCHASED

The city has purchased a launch for Shawatians service at a cost of \$350 with small boat complete. As launch hire was costing \$10 per trip it is reckoned that a considerable saving will be effected.

PIPELINE SUPPORTS

The city council last evening adopted a report of Supt. Kennedy endorsed by the finance committee, recommending the placing of cement supports under certain sections of the city pipeline.

BRITISH AIRMEN DO GREAT WORK ON WEST FRONT

Seven Tons of Bombs Dropped—Train Blown up and Ammunition Depot Fired—German Methods Again.

(Special to The Daily News.)

British Headquarters, France, Aug. 1.—The Royal Flying Corps has successfully carried out several bombing raids and has dropped seven tons of bombs upon the German lines of communication and billets. One enemy train was blown up and an ammunition depot was set on fire, while one hostile aeroplane was destroyed.

The British aviators had many encounters with German aeroplanes and several enemy machines were brought down. Three British machines are missing.

German Methods.

Chicago, August 1.—According to a Washington despatch to the Chicago Herald, the explosion on Black Tom Island was the result of a German plot. It is reported that the German Imperial government has employed agents to blow up all shipments of ammunition for the Allies wherever found and regardless of the risk to life and property.

French Success.

The Rupert Hotel bulletin says that the French have made a big advance on the Somme front and have captured the last line of German defences before Peronne.

AMERICANS CLASH WITH MEXICAN BANDITS

(Special to The Daily News.)

El Paso, Texas, August 1.—Two Americans have been killed and one wounded in a clash with Mexican bandits who had crossed the Rio Grand below Fort Hancock.

LIGHT FOR SECTION TWO

On the recommendation of Supt. Kennedy, the city council last evening decided to carry electric lighting into section two, as a result of the petition presented recently by the residents of that district.

WATER CONNECTION

The city council last evening adopted the report of the superintendent of utilities in regard to the putting in of water connections for Mr. Wintonick, 7th Ave. and Conrad St. The connection will be put in.

RED CROSS MEETING

A special meeting of the Red Cross Society, to discuss action in regard to the August Fourth demonstration, is called for 2 p. m. Wednesday in the Court House.

J. B. ROERIG, Secretary.

**GO TO
LONDON CAFE
THE PLACE TO EAT
STRICTLY UNION HOUSE
THIRD AVENUE
BOXES FOR LADIES**

NO. 4 QUESTIONS FOR THE ELECTORS NO. 4 RE B. C. PROHIBITION ACT WILL IT RESTRICT?

READ THIS "WIDE OPEN" CLAUSE OF THE ACT
Section 57, Par. 2:

"Nothing in this Act shall be construed to interfere (a) With the right of any person to import from without the Province liquor for bona fide use in his private dwelling house.

Does not this clause provide for free and unrestricted importation of liquor with out (1) control by the Government, (2) Limitation as to the amount which may be ordered, (3) Restriction as to frequency of orders. NOTE:—The prohibition legislation of Washington and Oregon allows liquor to be imported only under permits issued by the county authorities, the amount on each permit being limited to 2 qts. of spirits or 12 qts. of beer with only one permit to any individual every 20 days in Washington and every 28 days in Oregon. Despite these restrictions, Prohibitionists in both states say that the provisions for importing liquor are so broad as to make the legislation of real value.

WHAT WOULD BE THE SITUATION IN BRITISH COLUMBIA UNDER ITS PROHIBITION LAW WHICH IS "WIDE OPEN" AS FAR AS IMPORTATION OF LIQUOR IS CONCERNED?

WOULD SUCH LEGISLATION BE LIKELY TO RESTRICT THE CONSUMPTION OF LIQUOR TO ANY APPRECIABLE EXTENT? As fair minded men, the electors of British Columbia are asked to carefully consider the terms of the Prohibition Act