

THE DAILY NEWS

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PRICE FIVE CENTS

GERMAN PLANES MAKE AIR RAID ON LONDON

FRENCH AIRMEN MAKE AN EXTENSIVE SERIES OF AIR RAIDS ON GERMAN TOWNS

ANOTHER GERMAN AIR RAID OVER THE CITY OF LONDON

TWENTY HUN PLANES APPEAR OVER LONDON ON SATURDAY MORNING AND DROP BOMBS—THIRTY-SEVEN KILLED AND ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-ONE INJURED—FOUR ENEMY MACHINES DOWN

(Special to The Daily News.)
London, July 9.—The greatest number of German aeroplanes, which ever yet has attacked London, appeared over the city on Saturday morning at 9:30 a.m. The attacking squadron flew very low, at about one thousand feet over the houses, and held their bombs until they were over the heart of the city. The anti-aircraft guns immediately got into action, and the British machines immediately rose to the attack. The enemy squadron did not lose any time after dropping their

bombs, but made straight off for home, closely pursued by the British machines. Four of the enemy machines were brought down by the British airmen. Considerable damage was done to the central part of the city, and thirty-seven people were killed and one hundred and forty-one were injured. This is a smaller number of casualties than on the previous raid, on account of the people taking shelter immediately the first Hun machine was sighted and the gunfire was heard.

THESE RUMORS RE COALITION

Ottawa, June 29.—All last week coalition rumors filled the air. They were received in various moods by the persons chiefly concerned. The great opposition to the movement came from the ranks of the Conservatives themselves.

A coalition, of course, lets a certain number of Cabinet ministers out and it is conceivable that they were not warm toward the project. For instance the Hon. Bob Rogers could hardly be expected to take it lying down. The Minister of Elections couldn't see anything in a coalition for him. More than that he couldn't see himself in any coalition that would be acceptable to the Liberal party. So his powerful influence was against it.

Coalition, by the way, is another of Premier Borden's well kept secrets. It is common talk now that he hid selective conscription in his bosom until he got home—didn't even confide it to Messrs. Rogers and Hazen on the boat coming over—and then sprang it on a flabbergasted public without an hour's notice. It was real news to his colleagues when they heard it fall from his lips at the end of a speech on the Imperial Conference in which he ditted everything that Sir Wilfrid had said years ago.

Similarly he kept coalition to himself. He did not tell, as Fox Quiller would say, his humble but inferior associates where the axe was going to fall and this naturally drew those who expected to get it in the neck into an alliance of self-preservation which had its influence on events.

In fact Premier Borden's attitude toward his shuddering colleagues and his shuddering colleagues' attitude toward Premier Borden remind one of the old fable of the farmer and the chickens. Having decided to slay a few of them he called them together in the backyard and asked "Which of you wants to be killed?"

WESTHOLME

OPERA HOUSE
TONIGHT AND TOMORROW

IRENE FENWICK

and
OWEN MOORE

—IN—
"A GIRL LIKE THAT"

Five acts.

TOPICAL BUDGET

Admission 10 and 15 cents.

replied one firm old Plymouth Rock, who acted as spokesman. "You wander from the point," said the farmer.

That was what Premier Borden's threatened colleagues kept doing. They kept wandering from the point of danger. The wandered so often and so vigorously that it had a decided effect on Premier Borden's plastic purpose.

It is said that Premier Borden has strange ideas about a coalition. One idea is that the leader of the Opposition should have little choice in the matter beyond assenting to the Liberal members Premier Borden selects as acceptable material for his cabinet. Another idea is that the Liberals chosen should be as near like Tories as possible. And still another idea is that a coalition, instead of being fifty-fifty, should be more like sixty-forty. These are naturally hard ideas to get over.

Another element in the Conservative ranks which was hostile to coalition was that dark force Henri Bourassa. Bourassa's paper Devoir could not live six months without government pap. It is inconceivable that a coalition government would go on handing out nourishment to this seditious spreader. The present situation suits Bourassa and Lavergne only too well. They thrive on the agitation which a party manoeuvre—such as selective conscription—creates in Quebec. They preach Quebec for Quebec and not Quebec for Canada and Canada for Quebec, so that any movement which tends to line Quebec up

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WESTHOLME THEATRE

At the Westholme Theatre tonight there will be shown a photo comedy-drama of great interest. It is entitled "A Girl Like That." But to find out just what that that the title carries really means, it will be necessary to see the play. It is a good one and well worth seeing. A girl like "that" is always worth looking at, even twice. A comedy-drama of this nature always appeals to the greatest number, and the stars tonight, Irene Fenwick and Owen Moore, are of the first class. A Topical Budget will also be shown displaying views of the most recent events.

A sale of home-cooking will be held next Wednesday, July 11th, at Mr. Hannan's store near the boarding house at Seal Cove. Mrs. J. M. Brown and Mrs. T. H. Johnson will be in charge. Any gifts of home cooking or articles to raffle will be welcomed. Proceeds in aid of the French Red Cross.

For dressed lumber of all kinds
—Albert & McCaffery. Phone 116.



AMENDMENT TO COMPULSORY SERVICE BILL

**Youthful Married Men to be Called
In the First Classes. As
Youth is Necessary
To Efficiency.**

(Special to The Daily News.)

Ottawa, July 9.—Youthful married men will be called in the first classes of conscripts, if an amendment to the Military Service Bill goes through. This amendment makes all young married men subject to the call before the older single men. The grounds for this amendment are that youth is necessary to efficient soldiers. It is expected that sufficient recruits will be obtained from the first two classes to make up the number required. The proposed amendment is opposed by Pardee.

RETALIATION

(Special to The Daily News.)

Washington, July 9.—Retaliation on Germany is being considered by the Allies. Steps may be taken to mete out punishment on the Huns for the barbarous treatment of the Belgian captives.

Bone Dry.

The Senate has adopted the Bone Dry Clause. The United States Government will now take over all spirits in bonded warehouses. The beer and wine industries are undisturbed.

Fishing boat arrivals were light this morning. The Bring Gold is in with 3,000 lbs. halibut; Mayflower, 9,000; Agnes B., 8,000; Minnie V., 4,000. The price realized was around 11 1/4 cents.

The raffle for J. N. McPhee's ranch on the Naas river, arranged for Tuesday night at the Auditorium, has to be postponed for a week.

The favorite household Coal is
Ladysmith Wellington. Phone 15.
—Princo Rupert Coal Co. (f.

THIRTY-MILE BATTLEFRONT IN GALICIA

**The Russians are Pushing Their
Offensive on With Great
Force—Much Activity
in Air on West.**

(Special to The Daily News.)

Petrograd, July 9.—A battle is raging with great force on a front extending to thirty miles in Galicia. General Brusiloff is forcing the pace, and is driving his way towards Lemberg.

British Front.

London, July 9.—After a heavy bombardment, the enemy attempted a raid on our trenches to the east of Loos, which was repulsed with loss. There was much aerial fighting yesterday, chiefly on the front between Lens and Ypres. Eight hostile machines were brought down and five were driven away. Five of our machines are missing.

French Front.

Paris, July 9.—Our artillery was particularly active in the Cerny Ailers region, Hill 304, L'Homme Mort, and south of Moronvilliers near the Rhone-Rhine Canal and Carpath wood. Yesterday in the course of bombarding an aeroplane attack in the Nancy region, several bombs fell on a hospital, killing three persons.

Berlin Report.

Berlin, July 9.—Increased activity of artillery has been noticed on the Franco-Belgian front in Artois and Champagne sectors. Attacks have been made by the Russians in East Galicia as far north as the Zlochoff tar-nopol railway between Batkow and Zwyzyn, and at Brzezany and in the Stanislaw region.

Women's Battalion.

Petrograd, July 9.—Under the command of Mademoiselle Vera Butchareff, the women's battalion fully armed and equipped for war as infantry, left today for the front.

Greece at War.

London, July 9.—Turkey is now at war with Greece. The Turkish Government has deported all Greeks and confiscated their property.

Just arrived, 250 tons of lump coal. Phone 116—Albert & McCaffery.

FRENCH MAKE REPRISALS ON GERMANY

**Eighty-four French Aeroplanes
Raid Far Into Interior of
Germany—Cause Great
Destruction.**

(Special to The Daily News.)

Paris, July 9.—On the night of July 6, eighty-four of our machines took the air, on an excursion over the enemy's lines and into Germany, on a series of raids. Several of these raids had as their object towns situated very far into the interior of the enemy territory, and were in reprisal for the bombardments against our open towns. Eleven of our aeroplanes flew over Treves and showered on that town 2,650 kilos of bombs. Seven fires broke out, one being of great violence in the central station. Six other machines bombarded Ludwigs-hafen, doing considerable damage. Among other important buildings, Badische Aniline was devoured by flames.

Another of our aeroplanes pushed as far as Essen and dropped projectiles on the buildings of the Krupp factory. Military installations in the environs of Coblenz, Hirson Station, the railroad west of Pfalzburg, and Thionville were likewise bombarded. Another series of operations over the enemy lines gave excellent results. Fire was seen to have broken out at the station at Dund sur Meuse. The municipal depot exploded at Bantheville. The railroad station at Machault and establishments at Cauroy were also burned. 30,455 kilos of explosives were used. Two of our aeroplanes have not returned.

HAZELTON MINING NOTES

Things are looking brighter at the Rocher de Boule mine now than they have for a long time. It looks now very promising for the fond hopes of the company and of all interested in the district being realized.

Last week we reported that the company had started to drift in the long tunnel on a couple of stringers that appeared at about the point Supt. Williams had estimated the vein would be cut. A few rounds of holes demonstrated that there was very much more ore than the stringers contained and each day the vein is looking better. Next week it is hoped that sufficient progress will have been made to prove beyond a doubt the existence of the vein with the same high grade contents at the depth of 1200 feet.

While to the layman the tunnel on the lower level did not appear to offer much encouragement the superintendent never lost faith in the property, but kept going ahead as if driving on ore.

M. J. Sutherland came up from the Golden Wonder group the first of the week with samples to be assayed. The Golden Wonder consists of three claims on the Rocher de Boule mountain, situated between the Comeau property and Tramville. The surface

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LONDON CAFE

AND GRILL

Third Avenue

Prompt Service of the Best
there is to eat at all hours.

BOXES FOR LADIES