

THE DAILY NEWS

SEP 18 1917

VICTORIA, B.C.

VOL. VIII, NO. 214.

PRINCE RUPERT, B. C., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1917.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

BATTLE BETWEEN U.S. VESSELS AND U-BOATS

CIVIL WAR IN PROGRESS IN RUSSIA --- GEN. KORNILOFF BESIEGING PETROGRAD

COUNTER REVOLUTION IS STARTED BY KORNILOFF

SACK GENERAL'S ARMY CAPTURES A RAILWAY JUNCTION WEST OF PETROGRAD AND IS MOVING EAST TO CUT OTHER RAILROAD--KLEMBOVSKY, KORNILOFF'S SUCCESSOR, JOINS DICTATOR

(Special to The Daily News.)
Petrograd, Sept. 12.—The first division between the Government troops and the followers of General Korniloff's men began yesterday by bombarding the positions of the Government troops with heavy guns. It is rumored that the revolutionists have entered Gatchina, without opposition, Gatchina being an important railway junction southwest of Petrograd. Other forces of General Korniloff's are moving on Pskov, with the aim of cutting two railroad lines to Petrograd in his possession, the capital will be entirely cut off.

Besiege Petrograd.
General Korniloff has detained troops and has ordered them to march on and besiege Petrograd. The Government troops are marching out from the Capital to oppose Korniloff's forces. The railway between Petrograd and Luga has been torn up in accordance with Kerensky's orders.

General Niekue, the commander of the Russian armies on the southwestern front telegraphed Kerensky that he intends to support Korniloff, while General Stecherbachoff, the commander of the Russian forces on the Roumanian front, has ordered his armies and also those in the Messa Military District to take part in the conflict, thus remaining true to the Provisional Government. It is reported that the Bolsheviks will stand by Kerensky.

Alexieff Refuses.
The Government last night made repeated efforts to induce General Alexieff, the former commander-in-chief of the Russian armies, to take command against Korniloff, but the Government met with persistent refusal.

Fleet Loyal.
London, Sept. 12.—A message from Russia received yesterday afternoon, said to be from the Russian Prime Minister, states that the entire Baltic fleet, together with its staff officers, has unanimously placed itself on the side of the Provisional Government. A rumor is also current that Kerensky has been killed by a member of the Bolsheviks.

Korniloff no Traitor.
The Times here says that al-

though Russia's outlook is dark and effects the war on every front Korniloff cannot be regarded as a traitor. He evidently felt that there was no alternative but for him to declare himself dictator, and evidently chaos and confusion are likely to become more confidently.

ALPHONSO BRINGS ON A NEW AGREEMENT

(Special to The Daily News.)
London, Sept. 12.—An agreement has been obtained from the belligerent powers by King Alfonso, permitting the free movement of French and British hospital ships. It also provides for the removal from French hospital ships the German officer prisoners after today. On its part, the German Government will remove French prisoners from exposed positions on the front where they were placed as acts of reprisal.

COAL DEALERS WARNED

(Special to The Daily News.)
Ottawa, Sept. 12.—Fuel Controller McGrath has issued a warning to the coal dealers of Canada not to increase their prices for coal now that the winter is approaching, without first making representations to him.

NEW FRENCH MINISTRY

(Special to The Daily News.)
Paris, Sept. 12.—The French Socialists are likely to have greater power in the reconstructed ministry. They had a grievance against M. Ribot and forced him from power. M. Painleve has undertaken to form a new cabinet.

OFFENSIVE ON U-BOATS

London, Sept. 10.—In conversation with a representative of Reuters, a British naval authority speaking of the submarine menace said it must be remembered that Germany was staking everything on U-boat warfare, therefore signs of it intensifying were not surprising.

There are indications, he said, of larger submarines, approximately of the cruiser type, being turned out. However, Germany has no prospect of success within the time she is likely to have at her disposal, for with Germany there must be a time limit.

In combating the submarine, he said, we are being greatly and increasingly helped by the United States and Japan. As regards offensive measures and anti-submarine, naturally precise figures can not be given, but the outlook is hopeful. He added: "We are proceeding at full speed in our offensive steps, and in the near future there is every possibility of our being able to neutralize shipping losses."

WESTHOLME THEATRE

Tonight at the Westholme Theatre there will be displayed a photoplay of a splendid character entitled "The Purple Lady." This is one of the Metro productions, which is quite sufficient in itself to ensure something above the average. The cast is an all-star one. "The Purple Lady" is sure to please everyone who witnesses it, and to finish off the programme there will be a fine laughable comedy as well. Special musical selections have been arranged.



THE GERMAN GAINS

On the accompanying map, the German gains near Riga and in Galicia and Roumania are shown.

B. C. LABOR CONVENTION WANTS PATRIOTIC FUND ON DIFFERENT BASIS

The Prince Rupert Trades and Labor Council had its regular meeting in the Carpenters' Hall last evening, when quite a lot of business was got through.

Reports from committees were received. An amicable settlement was reported in the matter of wages of the city's outside staff, a percentage bonus being received from the council.

A report was also considered regarding the Workman's Compensation Act, and the question of the working of this act will be taken up further.

The committee in charge of the Labor Day celebration reported success in every direction. Some criticism was made regarding the Telkwa celebration taking so many people away from the city on Labor Day. It was considered that otherwise, the visitors from Prince Rupert would have taken part in the celebration of Labor Day here.

The President, Mr. S. D. Macdonald, who attended the Labor convention in Vancouver, told of the deliberations at that meeting. The question of calling a general strike in the event of the enforcing of compulsory military service without the conscription of the means of production as well, was left in the hands of the executive, who will act as occasion demands.

The convention also declared in favor of placing the Patriotic Fund on a different basis from that which at present exists. It was considered that contribution to this fund should not be left to the voluntary pleasure of the people to give or not to give as they saw fit. The matter should be dealt with and administered by the Government. Unless this fund was put on a proper footing, organized labor may not continue to support the Fund after December 15th.

COL. ROOSEVELT GETS DOWN TO BRASS TACKS

Oyster Bay, N. Y., Sept. 10.—Women are entitled to the ballot as a right and not as a favor, Col. Theodore Roosevelt told a gathering of about 500 suffragettes at Sagamore Hill this afternoon. He declared himself most emphatically in favor of woman suffrage, and said:

"On the whole, the citizen to whom I will pay the greatest deference as doing the most indispensable of all duties is the mother. I will put her ahead of every other human being. To deny the mother the vote seems to me something so preposterous that our descendants will fail to understand how we could call ourselves self-governing and democratic and yet deny it."

The Daily News delivered by carrier, 50 cents per month.



MONTE SAN GABRIELE CAPTURED BY THE ITALIANS

This map shows the location of the eminence, the possession of which makes the advance upon Trieste less difficult.

ROW TWO THOUSAND MILES IN OPEN BOAT

On Monday, an open boat containing seventeen men in the last stages of exhaustion, arrived at Ikeda, on the Queen Charlotte Islands. They were Japanese, and were the Captain and sixteen of the crew of the Kotohira Maru, a Japanese vessel which was wrecked on the Aleutian Islands, which form the southern boundary of the Behring Sea, stretching across from the Alaska Peninsula to Kamschakha in Siberia. The vessel struck on the 27th of July, the crew taking to the boats, and made for Dutch Harbor, the nearest port. Two of the life boats were picked up there, but a thick fog came on and this third boat lost sight of the others. Later, the weather got stormy, and they got blown out to sea.

Pulling on the oars from the 27th of July, till the 10th of September, the shipwrecked mariners were glad to land among their own people at Ikeda mine. Many of the men were unable to eat, and had to be spoon fed. Every attention was given them by the residents at Ikeda, and it is hoped to restore them all to health again.

The Prince John is leaving for the Islands tomorrow, and it is expected that she will bring the captain and his crew back to Prince Rupert en route to Vancouver.

THE BRITISH SEAMEN WILL PUNISH PIRATES

London, Sept. 11.—The Trades Union Congress at Blackpool has unanimously passed resolutions emphatically protesting against the barbarous methods of enemy submarine commanders, which are calculated to destroy the high and noble traditions of the sea; also recording its high appreciation of the brave and gallant seamen of the British merchant service.

Mr. Havelock Wilson said that British seamen had decided, at the end of the war, whatever the Government might do, to see that the Germans were punished for their foul deeds, and every crime they committed in future would be included for punishment.

Seamen, he said, had a peculiar way of doing things, but they got there.

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FRENCH VILLAGERS CARRY GAS MASKS

Ottawa, Sept. 10.—A fascinating story of life in the devastated regions of France is told in a letter which Mme. T. Chase Casgrain, widow of the former Postmaster-General, has received from M. Mirman, prefect of the Department of Meurthe and Moselle. M. Mirman relates how the villagers carry on their daily duties with gas masks fastened to their belts ready to put on at the first signal of danger.

"Women and old men," he writes, "who plough the fields, all carry masks by their side, but the children are not able to do so. The military physicians unanimously declare that the masks are of no protection at all to a child of less than seven years, so the authorities have had to gather the children together and take them back farther from the front. The problem is somewhat difficult. The fathers are soldiers and the mothers must remain in the villages to farm and prepare the harvest. I had to pick up the children as traders gather poultry and eggs in the country and take them to town. With so many hundreds of children to care for I had to improvise a vast orphanage."

The letter speaks of the admiration in which the Canadian soldiers are held by their French comrades.

"When speaking of the 20th Division," the letter proceeds, "I must tell you how often the officers and soldiers of this army in Nancy have manifested to me their admiration for the Canadian soldiers. Every time we congratulate them on their deeds they merely declare that we should rather congratulate the Canadian soldiers, whose bravery, to their minds, is incomparable."

A COSTLY SCRAP

This morning in the police court, before Magistrate Carss, Thomas Halbert paid \$20 for damage done, \$1 costs, and a fine of \$5 for the privilege he took of fighting in the store of Mr. Lando at the corner of Second and Sixth. Alfred Mann, who was the other party to the fight, was also fined \$5.00.

Mr. Lando's show cases, containing candy were fairly well smashed in the melee.

The favorite household Coal is Ladysmith Wellington. Phone 15, Prince Rupert Coal Co. 11.

HUN AVIATORS BOMB HOSPITAL NEAR DUNKIRK

During the Night, German Airmen Drop Bombs on Another Hospital—Trench Raids are Reported.

(Special to The Daily News.)

Paris, Sept. 12.—French raiding parties last night penetrated the German lines in the region southeast of Vauxaillon, and north of the Casque. In the Champagne district, German supplies were destroyed and a number of prisoners were taken. German aviators during the night dropped bombs in the region of Dunkirk. Some of the missiles struck the hospital wounding five women.

British Front.

London, Sept. 12.—Local fighting is reported around Hargicourt. Heavy enemy artillery fire is in progress on the Ypres front. Severe fighting took place on the Somme front, during which the British captured a quarter-mile of the German trenches.

U. S. Vessels Attacked.

Washington, September 12.—A battle between a fleet of American steamers and their convoy and six German submarines took place off the coast of France. Two of the American vessels were sunk, and probably one submarine was destroyed, before the attackers were driven off.

THE WAY TO SPEND IN TIME OF WAR

We in Canada have long possessed the habit of spending money more generously than do most other peoples. Many who have responded to the appeals for war economy and are saving money regularly feel cramped and hemmed in by their inability to spend.

A way has been provided for the spending of money in wartime. Every person can spend wisely and well any amount up to \$1,500. The thing to do is to buy War Savings Certificates. The advantage of spending in this way is that the spender is assured of his money's value and something more, since he draws more than 5 per cent. interest. In three years his \$21.50 comes back to him as \$25, his \$43 as \$50 and his \$86 as \$100.

Money can be spent on War Savings Certificates at any Bank or Money Order Post Office. The man or woman in Canada who has money to spend and feels the desire to spend it should go right down to one of these and get a certificate.

Your Chance

Lots	Block	Sec.	Price
11 & 12	3	8	\$150 each
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21 & 22	41	8	\$150 each

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