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CANUCKS PUSH HUNS FROM PASCHENDAELE

ITALIANS RETIRE TO A SHORTER LINE--SIR WILFRID LAURIER ISSUES MANIFESTO

CANADIANS ARE SUCCESSFUL AT THE PASCHENDAELE RIDGE

CAPTURE ENEMY DEFENCES WHICH THEY WERE TO HOLD AT ALL COSTS--ITALIANS TAKE UP A NEW LINE AND ABANDON PART OF TAGLIAMENTO RIVER--RUSSIA DOING UTMOST TO CARRY ON

London, Nov. 7.—Yesterday the Canadian troops operated with complete success against the defences of the Paschendaele Ridge. This position which is the last of the high ground remaining in the hands of the enemy, his divisions were instructed to hold at all costs. The attack of the Canadians was too much for the Boche and the villages of Paschendaele, Mosselmarkt and Goeborg are now in our hands, along with a considerable number of prisoners. A correspondent reports that the Canadian lines are now over a hundred yards beyond Paschendaele this morning.

French Front.

Paris, Nov. 7.—Along the entire front at Chaume Wood, violent artillery action is reported.

Italian Front.

Rome, Nov. 7.—In making a new line, the Italians have abandoned territory. General Cadorna has given up the entire line of the Tagliamento river from the valley of the Fella to the head of the Adriatic Sea. The retreat extends over a front of one hundred and sixty miles on the plain of Venetia. The new line of defence is much shorter. The enemy is still exerting considerable pressure, particularly in the northern part, where the mountain regions are in his possession.

Russia Has Not Quit.

Petrograd, Nov. 7.—Kerensky says that Russia is still doing her utmost to carry on the war, and will continue to do so. The soldiers and Workmen's Council have requested the Petrograd garrison to disregard any orders which are not approved of by their council.

THE VICTORY LOAN

There was an enthusiastic meeting held in the city hall last evening to make arrangements for popularizing locally the Victory Loan. It was finally decided that Mayor McCaffery appoint a committee to deal with the matter.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER OUTLINES HIS POLICY

First Duty to Find Men, Money and Resources Necessary to Support Soldiers.

Ottawa, Nov. 5.—In the manifesto issued by Sir Wilfrid Laurier today defining his position and outlining his policy, he says that his first duty would be "to find the men, money and resources necessary to ensure the fullest measure of support of our heroic soldiers at the front and to enable Canada to continue to the very end to do her part to win the war. A fundamental objection to the government's policy of conscription is that it conscripts human life only and that it does not attempt to conscript wealth, resources or the services of any persons other than those who come within the age limit, prescribed by the Military Service Act."

Stop Profiteering.

The manifesto proceeds: "One of the most important contributions toward winning the war is to put a stop to profiteering on war supplies. The government has deliberately encouraged profiteering for the benefit of its partisan followers. A first duty of my administration would be to ensure to the country, which pays for war supplies, the excess of profits being realized by profiteers. If necessary, Sir Wilfrid continues, he would not hesitate to take control of factories engaged in the supply of war materials. Suitable government shops also, Sir Wilfrid believes, should be turned to the production of war materials at cost prices.

He declares of the War Times Election Act, passed last session, that "it is a blot upon every instinct of justice," and holds the view that the Canadian Northern purchase should be adjudicated upon by the new parliament.

Concrete Proposals.

"The government as recently reconstructed, the Union Government, so-called, is now appealing to the country for support.

"Six members of the Liberal party, some of them close personal friends of the government, have consented to become members of the government and the programme which they intend to follow has already been placed before the public, but in this programme not a trace is to be found that the Liberal members of the government have succeeded in influencing their colleagues to the adoption of measures which they deemed essential not only to win the war but for the welfare of the country at all times.

"It was natural to expect that the reconstructed government would give serious thought to the situation of the country, which is admittedly critical. There is no allusion to it except the vague promise of 'effective measure to prevent excessive profits, to prohibit hoardings, and to prevent combinations for the increase of prices, and thus reduce the high cost of living.' The economic problems have to be grappled with at once in no vague general terms, but in vigorous and concrete proposals.

"The prices of all commodities have been steadily rising since



SIR WILFRID LAURIER

The statesman in Canada who believes in constitutional methods and in trusting the people.

the beginning of the war. The daily provisioning of the family table is from day to day becoming a more and more alarming problem for all classes of wage-earners and for all people of small and of even moderate incomes. It is no answer to say that this is a natural consequence of the war. The remedies are at hand and I at once set down the policy.

Tariff Reforms.

"No measure to reduce the cost of living can be effective until the tariff is reformed, and its pressure removed from those commodities in which there are 'excessive profits,' 'hoardings,' and 'combinations for the increase of prices.' Of this obvious fundamental reform there is not a word in the government manifesto. Indeed, members of the present government have announced that all questions of tariff legislation must be relegated to after the war.

The manifesto deals with the tariff as being one of the chief factors in the high cost of living, which it would be the duty of his administration to reduce.

Military Service.

Sir Wilfrid pledges himself to submit the Military Service Act to the people and to carry out the wishes of the majority of the nation as thus expressed.

"I would, at the same time, organize and carry out a strong appeal for volunteers. It is a fact that can not be denied, that the voluntary system, especially in Quebec, did not get a fair trial, and a fair trial would receive from a generous people a ready response which would eliminate from our political life one of its most harrowing problems as no loyal Canadian can view without the greatest apprehension a disunited Canada at this critical hour of our history.

"To these views it is no answer to say, as is now often said, that we must have conscription or 'quit.' This statement is falsified by a recent and conclusive example. Australia rejected conscription and Australia did not quit. Australia is still in the fight under the voluntary system."

HUNS GET THEIR FIRST AMERICAN PRISONERS

Germans Raid Trenches Held by United States Troops and Capture Twelve.

Washington, Nov. 6.—American troops of the American expeditionary forces have experienced their first real clash with the enemy.

In the early dawn of Saturday a German raiding party swept over the parapets of a trench occupied by an American company, and after a brief hand-to-hand encounter retired to their own earthworks. General Pershing's first despatch announced at the war office department reported that three Americans were killed, five wounded and twelve captured in the engagement.

The principal point, war department officials say, is that all Germany now knows Americans are in the front line trenches—a fact that Germany has been trying to keep secret. The German attitude is indicated by her succinct statement that "North Americans" were prisoners, not specifying that they were the first captures of Pershing's men.

Having located some of the American forces, officials believe the crown prince, whose army is opposite the point where the Saturday skirmish took place, may attempt to stage a spectacular attack in this sector.

SOME OF THE ISSUES OF THE COMING ELECTION

Brockville, Nov. 5.—That conscription was introduced as a measure by Premier Borden to disrupt the Liberals in Canada, that he is against such wholesale profiteering as has been rampant throughout the Dominion since the war broke out, and that he is a follower of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, were some of the chief points enunciated by Arthur C. Hardy, Liberal candidate for Brockville and Leeds in the forthcoming Dominion election, at the opening of the Liberal Club rooms. It was Mr. Hardy's maiden speech on political issues.

HON. G. P. GRAHAM RETIRES FROM SOUTH RENFREW

Brockville, Nov. 5.—Although pressed by the Liberals of South Rensfrew to again be their candidate, Hon. G. P. Graham has announced his retirement from that constituency, in a letter to the president of the Liberal Association, J. E. Thompson of Arnprior. He has represented the riding for a much longer period than that anticipated when he replaced Mr. Thos. Low, the sitting member, who so generously retired in his favor. The riding is strongly Liberal at the present time, and whoever is chosen can easily be elected.

BIBLE IN SCHOOLS TO BE ISSUE AGAIN

Nanaimo, B. C., Nov. 6.—A question of fundamental importance in the educational system of British Columbia will be before the School Trustees' Convention, which opens its sittings here tomorrow. Resolutions are on the order paper asking for an amendment of Section 3 of the School Act, which defines the non-sectarian character of the provincial schools, in order to have the Bible introduced into the schools and to be made a text book for study. In addition to the resolutions from boards, the executive puts it at the head of the list of subjects committed to the convention for an expression of opinion.

GREAT HEROISM OF RETREATING ITALIANS

Overwhelmed on Isonzo During a Dense Fog, Italian Troops Fight Gallantly.

Milan, Nov. 5.—Thrilling incidents are narrated of the titanic fight that rages around the Isonzo. Austrian troops have been raked together for a supreme endeavor, with the co-operation of the German allies. Separate but simultaneous thrusts made by the enemy at points between Plezzo Hollow and St. Gabriele were favored by dense fog, and the assailants managed to advance right up to the barbed-wire defences before they were discovered.

Three converging columns, composed exclusively of Germans, swooped down upon Caporetto and then upon Lucio, where, during a bloody fray, the village changed hands eight times over. The Italian gunners kept the invaders at bay a couple of hours and then leaped back into the trenches to sustain the battalions which, under overwhelming pressure, had been obliged to fall back from the banks of the Isonzo with heavy losses. By these tactics the Germans were finally repulsed and the guns saved.

As on Friday, the Germans showed no signs of activity in that sector. The commanding general ordered a strong cavalry reconnaissance, he himself following in their rear in a motor car. Arriving at a sharp bend in the road near Idersko, they found themselves faced with a swiftly oncoming corps of German motorcyclists with mitrailleses affixed to their machines. The latter forthwith opened a withering fire, which caused the horses to stampede.

Horsemen Regain Lines.
The general hardly had ordered a retirement, when his car was struck and he was severely wounded. The few surviving horsemen, seizing their stricken leader, succeeded in regaining their lines.

The Austrian column, issuing at Tolmino, scaled the summit of Globocak, but later were dislodged by the Fifth Bersaglieri Brigade, whose gallantry not only saved the big batteries, but made possible the orderly evacuation of the Bainsizza tableland.

These sorely-trying troops, after withstanding a destructive bombardment for more than one hour and fifty minutes, drove back in furious counter attack a foe five times more numerous, and capturing 700 prisoners.

Despite a dearth of roads in that recently occupied region, all guns were got away safely, and the invaders held in check until Saturday morning at dawn.

The latest tidings are far from reassuring.

THE CRADLE

Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Hickey, 445 Fifth Avenue West, at the Prince Rupert General Hospital on November 7, a son.

Look your best and be comfortable in a La Camille Corset. Prices very moderate. Phone Red 485, Mrs. Demers, Stephens Bldg.

SELF'S

The man who works his help six days a week.

Wanted—A first-class cook and waitress.

WESTHOLME

OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT ONLY

Blue Bird presents RUTH CLIFFORD RUPERT JULIAN and EDDIE POLO IN—"A Kentucky Cinderella" Five acts.

UNIVERSAL GAZETTE

COMEDY

Broughton & McNeil TELKWA, B. C.

Offer this special price on fresh killed Bulkley Valley Beef: No. 1 Steer, side, 15c No. 1 Steer, hind, 15c No. 1 Steer, front, . . . 12 1/2c The freight rate to Rupert is 80c per 100 lbs.

AVIATION CORPS

The Commission appointed to recommend candidates for the Aviation Corps will meet at 5 p. m. Tuesdays and Fridays in the Mayor's Office, City Hall, until further notice. This Commission has jurisdiction over those applying for flying only. Applicants who apply as mechanics can do so by letter to the Royal Flying Corps of Canada, Vancouver, B. C. In making application please state your technical knowledge. M. P. McCAFFERY, Chairman.

LONDON CAFE AND GRILL

Third Avenue Prompt Service of the Best there is to eat at all hours. BOXES FOR LADIES

NOTICE

On and after November 1st, our coal will be sold for cash. Please pay in the office when ordering, or to the teamster upon delivery. Prince Rupert Coal Co. Albert & McCaffery, Ltd.

ALL OUR Evening Dresses

have got to be cleared out. Prices reduced to forty cents on the dollar. Everything is going at 25 per cent less than can be purchased outside. Come in and See for Yourself Goldbloom's Third Avenue.