

# THE DAILY NEWS

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PRINCE RUPERT, B. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1917.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## GERMANS FIGHTING HARD FOR CAMBRAI

### ITALIAN LINE UNSHAKEN--COSSACKS ARE CONTROLLING RUSSIAN GRANARIES

#### GERMANS COUNTER ATTACKING FIERCELY WITHOUT AVAIL

BRITISH POSITIONS ON HIGH GROUND DOMINATING CAMBRAI ASSAILED REPEATEDLY--ALL ATTACKS REPULSED HEAVY BOMBARDMENTS AT PASCHENDAELE AND AT VERDUN AND YPRES

(Special to The Daily News.)  
London, Nov. 28.—New attempts have been made by the Germans to drive the British from their positions on the high ground dominating the Cambrai region and in the Bourlon wood have failed. General Byng's men have repulsed another enemy counter attack on the northeast corner of the wood. Fighting has been particularly severe around Moeuvres, west of Bourlon, and in the outskirts of Montaine Notre Dame, immediately east of the wood and in the direction of Cambrai. German artillery has been particularly severe in the Verdun and Ypres regions, while in Flanders, the British positions at Paschendaele are being heavily bombarded by the enemy.

**French Front.**  
Paris, Nov. 28.—Further progress has been made on the right bank of the Meuse, where the first and second lines of the German defences were captured, on a two mile front. The German efforts to counter attack were checked by the French artillery.

**Italian Front.**  
Rome, Nov. 28.—French and British soldiers have reached the fighting zone on the North Venetian plains to aid the Italians against the invading Austro-German forces. Between the Brenna and the Piave Rivers the Italians are withstanding successfully the massed enemy attacks. Great losses have been inflicted upon the enemy, whose forces have been heavily reinforced. It is estimated that about twenty divisions have been concentrated in the attempt to break the Italian line.

**The Allied Conference.**  
London, Nov. 28.—The conference of the allies is to be called upon to decide whether the nations fighting for democracy shall establish a single military dicta-

Owing to the steamers having broken down, we will have no coal for sale before Monday.  
Albert & McCaffery, Ltd.

#### WESTHOLME

OPERA HOUSE  
TONIGHT ONLY

Blue Bird presents

HARRY CAREY

IN

**'THE THREE GODFATHERS'**  
A stirring story of Human sympathy.

Gazette and Comedy.

#### TAXI! TAXI!

PHONE 55 PHONE

Reliable 24-Hour Service

#### LONDON CAFE

AND GRILL  
Third Avenue

Prompt Service of the Best  
there is to eat at all hours.

BOXES FOR LADIES

#### RETURNED SOLDIERS WELCOMED HOME AGAIN

When the G. T. P. steamer pulled into the wharf this morning, there was a good crowd waiting on the wharf to welcome the three figures in khaki, which were seen standing at the rail. They were Corporal W. Wilson, and Ptes. R. Shrubbsall and Geo. W. Abbott. All three were well known in the city and received a hearty welcome from their friends on their safe return.

Tonight the three soldiers have been invited to the St. Andrew's rooms, where they will be the guests of honor. Corporal Wilson and "Geordie" Abbott are old members of St. Andrew's, and the boys will be out tonight in full force to celebrate fittingly the return of these three of Prince Rupert's soldiers.

#### EIGHT-HOUR DAY ON G. T. P.

Montreal, Nov. 26.—Four thousand Grand Trunk conductors, brakemen and other employees will get the eight-hour day and increase in pay as a result of an agreement between the officials of the Trainmen's Union and the company.

#### LOCAL NOTICE TO MARINERS

Mariners are hereby notified that the automatic gas buoy maintained at Lawn Point, Skidegate Inlet, Queen Charlotte Islands, is reported out. This will be attended to as soon as possible.

F. T. SAUNDERS, Sub-Agent.

#### RUSSIA'S GRAIN LANDS IN COSSACKS' CONTROL

Lenine Now Has German Advisers  
—Bolshevik Rule Said to be a Ghastly Failure.

(Special to The Daily News.)

London, Nov. 28.—Information has been received here that a number of German staff officers have arrived in Russia and are acting in an advisory capacity to Lenine. To the south and west of Petrograd, the Russian gold and grain lands are in good hands. General Kaledine, Hetman of the United Cossacks, controls all the regions which produce the crops. The Bolshevik rule is said to be just a ghastly failure, and beyond the present chaos, the real forces of the Empire are working to restore order. The transport system has broken down, the troops have no bread. Discontent is rife and the soldiers are almost ready to rush into civil war.

#### KITCHENER WILL NOT APOLOGISE TO BORDEN

(Special to The Daily News.)

Kitchener, Nov. 28.—A resolution was presented in the city council here to the effect that an apology be tendered to Sir Robert Borden for the breaking up of the political meeting held in the interests of the Union Government. The resolution was defeated by 5 to 7.

Subscriptions received for any magazine or newspaper published, at the publisher's price. McRae Bros., Ltd. D10

#### NOTICE!

A meeting of the Women Liberals will be held at  
**707 Second Avenue West at 4 p.m. on Thursday**

For Organization Purposes.

All Women who are Interested, Cordially Invited to Attend.

#### Why You Should Buy Victory Bonds

First, because you are a Canadian. Your country is at war. Our neighbors were attacked by the vandals of Germany. Canada joined civilization going to the rescue. If you do not want to help in the work of the Good Samaritan you are not a Canadian.

Second, if you have money to invest it is your duty and should be your pleasure to bear cheerfully your share in your cost of the war.

Third, Victory Bonds are as safe an investment as anything in the world! After the war they may quite probably sell at an advance, and since you buy them at par that advance would represent additional profit.

Fourth, they are tax exempt.

Fifth, as a tax-exempt bond yielding 5 1/2 per cent., they return a handsome interest.

The Victory Bond is a weapon for the stay-at-home and a wonderful weapon.

#### PUBLIC MEETING

Empress Theatre, Thursday, Nov. 29  
8 P. M.

The following speakers will address the meeting on the issues of the day:—

Mr. Fred Stork, Liberal Candidate,  
Mr. A. M. Manson, M.P.P.,  
Alderman Geo. B. Casey.

CHAIRMAN, DR. W. T. KERGIN

EVERYBODY WELCOME SEATS RESERVED FOR LADIES  
Empress Theatre Thursday, November 29th, at 8 p. m.

#### FRED STORK ADDRESSES THE TRADES AND LABOR COUNCIL

LARGELY ATTENDED MEETING LISTENS TO LAURIER CANDIDATE DISCUSSING THE ELECTION ISSUES—REAL MATTERS OF IMPORTANCE TALKED OVER—FREE DISCUSSION

The Carpenters' Hall was filled to capacity last evening at an open meeting of the Prince Rupert Trades and Labor Council. Every union man in the district had been invited to attend, and the invitation was largely taken advantage of. Mr. S. D. Macdonald, president of the Council, presided.

In his opening remarks, the president gave a resume of the steps taken by the Council at previous meetings, by which Labor had decided to support the Laurier candidate. Organized Labor had declared itself in favor of conscription, provided that real conscription was applied, and in addition to manhood, wealth and production were conscripted as well. Recognizing that the winning of the war was the matter of prime importance, the president declared that anything that would take away the support of the boys at the front, he would oppose, and fight vigorously, even in the ranks of Labor.

In order to reduce the high cost of living, Mr. Macdonald emphasized the necessity for Government control of the food factories. With a food controller appointed for the past year, prices had steadily advanced. The Borden Government had actually done nothing to reduce prices. For the production of war material, the Government shops could turn this out cheaper than the profiteering contractors. The Prince Rupert drydock was quoted as an instance of what had not been used. Mr. Macdonald quoted a remark made previously to the effect that had the drydock plant been working since the beginning of the war, it could have helped as much to win the war as the hundred thousand conscripts.

It was thought that if the voluntary system had been given a proper chance and instead of the soldiers being paid \$1.10 per day, and their widows and dependents being left to a great extent to look after themselves, had a decent rate of pay been given and proper provision made for dependents, there would have been no lack of recruits. Instances were given of the working of the Patriotic Fund, which had caused great dissatisfaction.

"Labor will do everything to help the men at the front," concluded the president, "but the man higher up must do his share as well. Up till now he has done only one thing, which has been to grab every dollar possible, at the expense of the workers."

Questions were invited regarding any points, and were satisfactorily dealt with.

Mr. Fred Stork, the Laurier candidate, then addressed the meeting. He showed how the Laurier programme of 1911 had been unacceptable to the "interests" in Canada and how they had lined up divergent parties to defeat him. The reciprocity issue would have been for the benefit of the people, but that did not suit the moneyed classes. Had Laurier's programme been acceptable to the profiteers, they would not have been so anxious to defeat him. Yet notwithstanding their objection to reciprocity six years ago, the Borden Government had been compelled to introduce it in some measure. The same was to be said regarding the bugbear of conscription which the Borden Government raised in the province of Quebec six years ago. They then had Quebec with them

against conscription. The issues of that election were not discussed on their merits. And on this election, the same tactics were being pursued. The issues were belabored. The real issue now is the record of the Borden Government, the record of the past and the record of its doings. This, however, did not suit the party in power. The war question was the one which would most effectively centre the attention of the people of Canada, to the exclusion of all else, and conscription had been dragged into the situation for the only purpose of befogging the public mind, and to embroil the public in argument.

Mr. Stork questioned the sincerity of the Borden Government with regards to conscription. The urgency of the matter prevented it being put to the people, yet the Military Service Act took 103 days to go through the House, but the bill for the C. N. R. \$10,000,000 steal only took 29 days. Deputy Speaker Rainville assured the people of Quebec that the Military Service Act would not apply to them, while Mr. A. T. Crerar, the Minister of Agriculture, assured the Ontario farmers that it did not apply to them. The Borden Government's idea of conscription left all the other resources of the Dominion untouched. Wealth was severely left alone. The Borden Government refused to conscript excess profits. Yet for winning the war, the burden ought to be placed equally through the

(Continued on Page four.)

#### ANNOUNCEMENT

Laundry Charges.

The Pioneer Laundry, Ltd., and the Canadian Steam Laundry announce that owing to the increasing cost of material and labor, they find it necessary to make an advance in laundry charges on and after December 1. Patrons will be supplied with new price lists by the laundry drivers.

#### NOTICE

The War Times Election Act cancels all previous voters' lists, making it necessary for everyone to register with the enumerators at Room 3, Smith Bldg. Open 10 to 12 a. m. and 2 till 4 p. m., also from 8 till 9 p. m. on Wednesday evening.

#### WANTED

Carpenters at the Prince Rupert Lumber Company's plant, Seal Cove. Apply to Prince Rupert Lumber Co.

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STAND BEHIND THE MEN  
BEHIND THE GUNS!  
BUY VICTORY BONDS.