

THE DAILY NEWS

DEC 6 1917

VICTORIA, B.C.

VOL. VIII, NO. 281.

PRINCE RUPERT, B. C., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1917.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

INVASION OF ITALY DEFINITELY STOPPED

ANOTHER HINDENBURG LINE -- FIERCE FIGHTING FOR CAMBRAI --- CITY SHELLED

HUNS DIG IN ON THE TAGLIAMETO FOR THE WINTER

The Invasion of Italy Definitely Checked—Italian Civilians Forced to Work on German Trenches.

(Special to The Daily News.)

Rome, Nov. 30.—Hindenburg's invasion of Italy has been definitely checked, and the Teuton troops are now digging in on the line of the Tagliamento river for the winter. The civilian population of that part of Italy now under the German domination, without distinction of sex or age, are being forced to work on the entrenchments by the Austro-Germans.

In Albania, the enemy attacks at the confluence of the Rivers Susica and Voyusa made early yesterday morning, were repulsed with heavy losses. It has been learned from German prisoners that Hindenburg is the presiding genius of the Austro-German drive into Italy. Having failed to sweep over the plains of Venetia, he is establishing another Hindenburg line on the Tagliamento River.

German Foreign Policy.

Berlin, Nov. 30.—The Reichstag will reassemble this afternoon. Von Hertling's speech will deal with the foreign and domestic policy of the nation, and will be given a vote of confidence by the coalition parties.

Great Public Meeting

IN WESTHOLME THEATRE

At 8 o'clock Saturday Even'g.

December 1st, in the interest of Colonel Peck, D. S. O., and the Union Government.

Sergeant-Major Robinson

British Columbia's first

D. C. M.,

Mrs. Robinson,

and

Private McSwain,

of the famous 16th Battalion

will be the principal speakers

Everybody Invited to Attend.

(By order of Committee)

WESTHOLME

OPERA HOUSE

TONIGHT ONLY

Fox presents

VIRGINIA PEARSON

IN

"THE BITTER TRUTH"

Gazette and Comedy.

TAXI! TAXI!

PHONE 55 PHONE

Reliable 24-Hour Service

LONDON CAFE

AND GRILL

Third Avenue

Prompt Service of the Best

there is to eat at all hours.

BOXES FOR LADIES

ARTILLERY IS SHELLING CITY OF CAMBRAI NOW

Furious Fighting for Possession of Bourlon Wood, Which Dominates Approach to Cambrai.

(Special to The Daily News.)

London, Nov. 30.—On the Bourlon-Fountain Notre Dame line, the British and the Germans continue in a desperate struggle. The British advance eastwards in the direction of Cambrai is being slowly and methodically pushed forward, and the Germans are attempting to hold them up by strong counter attacks. Positions along this line have changed hands repeatedly in the furious fighting and all the German efforts to gain the dominating elevation of the Bourlon Wood have failed. Elsewhere along the western front, there is strong artillery activity. Berlin reports that the British artillery is now shelling Cambrai.

French Front.

Paris, Nov. 30.—Artillery actions have occurred north of the Aisne, and in the region of Sapienul. In the Champagne, north of Carnillet, the enemy last night after a violent bombardment, undertook a raid in great strength.

Council of War.

The great allied council of war will meet today in Paris. Fifty-four statesmen and military and naval experts will meet in conference.

ELECTION DOPE IN GREAT BRITAIN

(Special to The Daily News.)

London, Nov. 30.—"The eyes of the enemy now turn to Canada." So says the published election statement in London. The Union manifesto says that the Canadian dead would turn over in their graves, if they are not supported. All the London papers today are carrying comment upon the coming election. The troops are offered the choice between General Currie and the Hon. Frank Oliver.

Silk Novelties for Christmas gifts—Wallace's.

Ladysmith Wellington Coal reduces your fuel bill and gives satisfaction. Phone 15. P. R. Coal Co.

For Sale—Remington No. 14 typewriter in first-class condition. Apply Daily News Office.

For New Wellington Coal and Lumber of all dimensions. Phone 116.

Owing to the steamers having broken down, we will have no coal for sale before Monday. Albert & McCaffery, Ltd.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Laundry Charges.

The Pioneer Laundry, Ltd., and the Canadian Steam Laundry announce that owing to the increasing cost of material and labor, they find it necessary to make an advance in laundry charges on and after December 1. Patrons will be supplied with new price lists by the laundry drivers.



Drawn by R. E. JOHNSON, AND PUBLISHED BY THE COURTESY OF "SATURDAY NIGHT," TORONTO

IN FLANDERS FIELDS

An Argument for the War Loan

In Flanders fields the poppies blow
Between the crosses, row on row,
That mark our place, and in the sky
The larks, still bravely singing, fly,
Scarce heard amid the guns below.

We are the dead; short days ago
We lived, felt dawn, saw sunset glow,
Loved and were loved, and now we lie
In Flanders fields.

Take up our quarrel with the foe!
To you from failing hands we throw
The torch; be yours to hold it high!
If ye break faith with us who die
We shall not sleep, though poppies grow
In Flanders fields.

TRANS WILL AGAIN BE RUNNING SATURDAY

It is learned today that the line of the G. T. P. will again be open for traffic tomorrow, when the first through train for the east for two weeks will leave Prince Rupert. The embargo upon travel both freight and passenger, which has existed on the mountain division, has been lifted, and with the advent of colder weather, the trains should be able to keep to schedule. The train from the east which is due on Sunday is expected to be in at the usual time on that day.

The damage done to the track by the floods has been repaired with all speed possible, and the officials of the G. T. P. have left nothing undone in order to have the line in condition at the first possible moment. There is still a lot of work yet to be done on account of the floods, but everything consistent with the "safety first" motto of the G. T. P. has been accomplished to permit of the passing of traffic without any further danger.

When you think of shoes, you think of Wallace's.

LENINE THREATENS TO REPUDIATE DEBTS

(Special to The Daily News.)

Petrograd, Nov. 30.—Lenine has issued a threat to repudiate the debts contracted by the late Russian administration. He believes he has a plan to make the Allies accept his suggestions. The last vestige of support for Kerensky has now disappeared from the capital. The soldiers are leaving the fighting lines and are returning to their homes. Among the creditors of Russia, the United States figures to the extent of a hundred and sixty million dollars.

NOTICE

The War Times Election Act cancels all previous voters' lists, making it necessary for everyone to register with the enumerators at Room 3, Smith Bldg. Open 10 to 12 a. m. and 2 till 4 p. m., also from 8 till 9 p. m. on Wednesday evening.

FISHERMEN, ATTENTION!

A meeting to complete the organization of the Independent Fishermen & Boat Owners Association Will be held in the City Council Chamber, Saturday Night at 8 o'clock DECEMBER 1st ALL COME

ENTHUSIASM RUNS HIGH AT FRED STORK'S MEETING

EMPERESS THEATRE FILLED LAST EVENING TO HEAR ALDERMAN GEO. B. CASEY, MR. FRED STORK, LIBERAL CANDIDATE AND MR. A. M. MANSON—CHEER FRED STORK TO THE ECHO

The Empress Theatre was filled last evening to overflowing with interested citizens who had braved the wintry weather conditions to hear Mr. Fred Stork, the Liberal candidate and his supporters. Dr. W. T. Kergin presided over the meeting, which was a most enthusiastic one. The number of ladies present was indicative of the interest which they took in matters political. In opening the meeting, the remarks of Dr. Kergin were brief and to the point. He drew attention to the changes in government which had occurred among the other free peoples in this world since the war began and which among a free people was to be looked for. He deprecated the accusations of disloyalty which had been levelled against all those who did not agree with the present government. "There is no party which is not in favor of winning the war," went on the doctor, "although there are many opinions as to the best means to be employed to that end. The first necessity is that the Dominion be placed upon a war footing, that in addition to man power being conscripted for the army, and labor for production, that the total resources of the Dominion be utilized towards the same end. Alderman G. B. Casey was the first speaker to be called upon and he delivered a very closely reasoned speech from the working man's standpoint. He declared that the working class throughout the Dominion had taken issue with the late government on their administrative policy. Ald. Casey referred to the breach of faith of Sir Robert Borden with the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada. After promising to organized labor that there would be no conscription without their opinion being taken and ample warning given, so that the idea could be assimilated by the workers, without warning the Military Service Act was introduced.

In the matter of food control, the Borden Government had done nothing, except appoint commissions, whose chief end was joy riding. Sir Robert Borden was unable to read the signs of the times. His policy for the present was based upon the past, and from the present conditions, he was unable to formulate any policy for the future, notwithstanding the period of social change which we were passing through. On the other hand, notwithstanding his years, Sir Wilfrid Laurier's views were modern and mentally he was still a young man. His actions proved his loyalty to the country and to the people, and was in distinct contrast to certain other extreme expressions of loyalty, which often covered highhanded rascality.

With regard to the increase of the tariff imposed by the Borden Government and the Disfranchisement Act, Ald. Casey found himself at variance with the Borden Government. In the matter of the taxing of war profits, the Borden Government showed that they had one law for the poor, and another for the rich. Ald. Casey reiterated the advice of Organized Labor to vote against the Borden Government.

Mr. Fred Stork.

In opening his remarks, Mr. Fred Stork, the Liberal candidate, who received a great ovation, said that for the past three years, his

candidature was known. Some suggestion had been made that this seat should go by acclamation. "I agree with that," said Mr. Stork. "I believe that it is my patriotic duty to help to put the Borden Government out of business." Regarding the disenfranchising of the women this was because the Borden Government could not trust them, on account of the high cost of living. The real issue of the campaign was the record of the Borden Government. They had to give an account of their stewardship and of the manner in which they had conducted the affairs of the country. That is what the Borden Government will be judged on in this election. This of course is what they did not want, so the real issue was being belated, and the same tactics of six years ago were being used. Mr. Stork told of the manner in which the Borden Government had attained office, how the real issue of reciprocity was side-tracked of different means in different parts of the Dominion, because reciprocity which would have benefited Canada as a whole, would have affected the profits of the big interests. The same arguments of disloyalty were applied to reciprocity then as to the question of today. And yet, the intensely loyal Borden Government was compelled to put into practice these disloyal proposals only a few months ago.

Mr. Stork referred to the carnival of greed and profiteering which had gone on since the war began and instanced the scandalous things: Colonel J. Wesley Allison, trench shovels, spavined army horses, binoculars, etc., and the C. N. R. steal. Even the Toronto Saturday Night had said that the Borden Government was the worst that had ever sat in Ottawa. Even at the Winnipeg Convention, Premier Sifton of Alberta, now a member of the Union Government, accused Borden of gross incompetence and inefficiency. But to escape judgment upon their record, they had dragged in something new to keep the people talking, which was the Military Service Act. This was alleged to be for the purpose of making Quebec do her duty. That province was held up to the rest of Canada as the slacker. The Hon. Mr. Crothers said that had Quebec done her duty, the Military Service Act would not have been necessary. The emergency of time was pleaded as a reason why this new question could not be put to the people. Men were wanted and wanted at once. Yet the bill took 103 days to pass the House, while the C. N. R. bill for the purchase of worthless stock which might cost \$10,000,000 was put through in 29 days. Mr. Stork questioned the sincerity of the Borden Government with regard to this bill, because on the other hand, Deputy Speaker Rainville, a member of the Government, assured the people of Quebec that the Military Service Act did not

(Continued on Page Two)

SELF'S

STAND BEHIND THE MEN
BEHIND THE GUNS!
BUY VICTORY BONDS.