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DAILY NEWS

PRINCE RUPERT, B.C., MONDAY, APRIL 22, 1918.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

GERMANS HAVE HAD ENOUGH, MEANTIME

NO BIG FIGHTING OVER WEEKEND--BELGIUM FULL OF WOUNDED--NAVAL SCRAP

GERMANS COMPELLED TO STOP FIGHTING OVER WEEKEND

NO SIGNS OF DRIVE BEING RENEWED--ALL BELGIUM FILLED WITH GERMAN WOUNDED FROM THE GREAT BATTLE--ITALIAN STORMING PARTIES ACTIVE--KORNILOFF OUT AGAIN

(Special to The Daily News.)
London, April 22.—Apparently exhausted by the terrific fighting which has been in progress for the past week in Flanders, the German forces have apparently lost their driving power, for they have given no sign of renewing their drive against the British lines during Saturday and Sunday. Both days passed very quietly, there being nothing in progress except certain minor operations, in which the British recovered certain portions of lost ground which were necessary for the safety of their line. The ease with which these operations were conducted is considered good evidence that the enemy is no longer in a position to be able to stand up to the British troops upon an equality.

French Front.
Paris, April 22.—The French north of Seicheprey, where the Germans started a heavy attack against the French and U. S. troops yesterday, have been completely re-established.

Berlin Claims.
Berlin, April 22.—The capture of one hundred and eighty-five prisoners, and twenty-five machine guns by the Germans is claimed in an official report today.

Italian Front.
Rome, April 22.—West of Marone, storming parties attacked hostile outposts in the Sano area and after a violent struggle, destroyed two of them, while the occupants of a third were put to flight.

Allies Confident.
London, April 22.—Reports from France indicate that all ranks remain confident that when the time comes, the Allies will be able to send Fritz back to where he came from. The losses the enemy has sustained in his late offensive are daily becoming more apparent. In addition to the reports of the numerous dead which show the battlefields, advice coming through Holland, as to the effect that hospitals, monasteries, convents and schools in Belgium are filled to overflowing with wounded. The severe punishment which the German battalions received during the past week at the hands of the British have rendered large numbers of

them unfit for further service until their depleted ranks have been renewed.

Paris Bombed Again.
Paris, April 22.—The long-range bombardment of Paris was resumed today. An analysis of the German long-range gun bombardment of Paris shows that shells have fallen on seventeen days since March 23, and that with the figures for two days missing, one hundred and eighty persons were killed and two hundred and fifty were injured.

Korniloff Again.
Petrograd, April 22.—Hostilities have been renewed between the troops of General Korniloff and those of the Soviets. The Port of Ondon is reported to be in the hands of the anarchists. At Kherson, after the Germans left, officers were massacred by soldiers.

GISCOMBE LUMBER CO. TO BE WOUND UP

Vancouver, April 20.—Application has been filed with the Supreme Court for the winding-up of the Giscombe Lumber Company, Ltd.

The company was incorporated with a nominal capital of \$1,000,000 and a subscribed capital of \$323,500. In addition to the liability to its shareholders, the petition states, the company is indebted in the sum of \$275,214, and the insolvency is acknowledged under the seal of the company by Louis J. Larsen, vice-president; Henry T. Berbbinger, treasurer, and W. W. Hampe, assistant secretary.

Of the indebtedness \$53,635 is set out as overdue on promissory notes, \$71,661 in bills payable; wages, \$5,883; cheques outstanding and unpaid by banks, \$14,391.

STANDARD CLOTHES ARE COMING NEXT

Washington, April 20.—America may soon wear a "Liberty Shoe," and "War Suits"—to be manufactured at low cost on a large scale and with very few shadings.

Models and specifications for the shoes and suits are being considered by the War Industries Board. While board officials said neither is imminent, ultimately the country must prepare for this standardization. If the example of England is followed, the tan shoe will go. The standard war suits will be made in a few designs of standardized materials and with a retail price fixed. Rapidly rising prices on necessities resulting from the tremendous war output which are usurping the output of clothing and shoe factories make necessary firm action by the government to protect civilian consumers.

Officials indicate that only standardized clothing controlled by a sweeping price-fixing policy covering every stage of manufacture from raw material to the finished product will save the country from economic difficulties if the war continues.

White footwear for all the family.—"Family Shoe Store." 94

Ladysmith Wellington Coal reduces your fuel bill and gives satisfaction. Phone 15. P. R. Coal Co.

GERMANS SLAUGHTERED BY BRITISH GUNS IN SECTOR OF ZILLEBEKE

London, April 19.—Among the numerous enemy attacks on the British northern front in Flanders, says the Reuter correspondent with the British army in France and Belgium, one in great force in the Zillebeke sector was disastrous for the Germans, whose massed waves were shot down at short range. They apparently were ordered to retire and then the British gunners got on their flank, the correspondent says, and the slaughter was appalling.

SEVERE EARTHQUAKE IN SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

(Special to The Daily News.)
Los Angeles, April 22.—A severe earthquake of twenty seconds duration shook the entire section of southern California at 3:30 on Saturday afternoon. Several women were injured in panics of the theatres in Los Angeles.

See our prices and goods in white footwear before buying.—"Family Shoe Store." 94

GERMAN NAVAL SHIPS FLEE TO MINEFIELDS

Light Naval Forces Meet in North Sea, When German Vessels Take Refuge Behind Their Minefields.

(Special to The Daily News.)
London, April 22.—The Admiralty have issued a statement telling of a clash occurring on Saturday in the waters east of Heligoland. The ships engaged were the light forces of the British and German fleets. On sighting the enemy, the British vessels immediately gave chase, but after firing a few shots at long range, the German ships considered discretion to be the better part, and immediately showed their heels, and took refuge behind their minefields, whither it was too dangerous for the British ships to pursue them further. The British vessels scouted around, tempting the enemy's stronger squadrons to come out, but had at last to depart unsatisfied.

CANNOT DOWN PRINCE RUPERT FLAT FISH, SAYS OFFICIAL

After a visit to Prince Rupert last week, Mr. J. P. Babcock, assistant commissioner of fisheries at Victoria, on his return there has been communicating some of his enthusiasm regarding the operations of the Prince Rupert trawler to the newspapermen there.

"If the public wants first-class fish and cheap prices," said Mr. Babcock, "their every want can be supplied." He contends that there is no limit to the amount of soles, flounder, brill and cod that may be taken by beam trawling in the waters off the northern coast of British Columbia. Once the public will give these fish a fair trial, says Mr. Babcock, the demand will follow without a doubt. The process of trawling, he says, is identical with that practised in the North Sea, while the product is every bit as choice.

Attempt to Discredit.

"Because at present there is but one company in the province fully equipped to conduct deep-sea trawling, and that company operating out of Prince Rupert, there as developed, especially in Vancouver," he declared, "an effort to discredit these fish. The public has been told that the fish are not fresh, that they have been carried in slush ice and dirty water in fishing vessels for ten to sixteen days, and when offered to the public are not fit to eat. I was told of one case where a judge's wife was shown a sole that was only partly dressed, the head still on, the flesh soft and flabby. She was informed that that was a specimen of the kind of fish the Food Board was trying to force on the market. Fishermen satisfied. The public had also been told

that the price set by the Food Board was unfair to the fishermen, that they could not make a living at the price and that the amount of fish caught was less than before the order. None of these statements are true, said Mr. Babcock. The trawl-caught fish were as fresh as any fish. They were seldom carried for more than three days and during that time were packed in crushed ice. "Halibut are commonly carried from fourteen to twenty days aboard fishing vessels," he continued.

"The trawl-caught fish are cleaned the same as the halibut and are handled as carefully. The price paid the fishermen is satisfactory to them. It is the price the Deep Sea Fishermen's Union set for 1918. They told me they had 'no kick coming.' They are making as much as other unions."

Mr. Babcock says that a steam trawler operating out of Prince Rupert can land in a week more and better fish than all the hand line and little trawlers can land in two months. The catch had not been decreased, it had been increased and the business had just begun. The attempt to discredit these fish is, he says, "inspired by men who are not prepared to engage in trawling and who do not relish the Food Board's having 'put a crimp' in their profits, and by men who prefer to handle a small amount of fish at large profit rather than to handle a large amount at a small profit." However, they cannot down these fish, he says. They had come to stay. Within a reasonable time few other fish would be offered because none could excel them and few equal them at anything like the price.

U. S. MAJOR TARRED AND FEATHERED BY CONVICTS IN JAIL

Sante Fe, N. M., April 20.—Four hundred convicts in the state penitentiary here tarred and feathered and led around with a rope about his neck Major John M. Birkner, of Camp Cody, Deming, N. M., held in the penitentiary as a federal prisoner in default of \$5,000 bail. He is charged with violation of the espionage act.

Major Birkner, who was born in Nuremberg, Germany, but who had been in the American military forces for more than thirty years, was arrested last Friday at Camp Cody, where he was an officer in the 127th Field Artillery. His home is in Lincoln, Nebraska.

THE POLICE COURT

The police court was crowded this morning with interested on-lookers. Three hotel keepers were charged with the manufacture, or causing to be manufactured, within the Dominion of intoxicating liquor. Their cases were adjourned until tomorrow. Fifteen men were also charged with being found in a common gaming house and D. Zarrelli was charged with being the keeper of the house. This was the sequel to a raid made by the police last evening. An adjournment was also made in these cases.

Ernest Wallace was charged with being a defaulter, not having reported for military duty, and was handed over to the military authorities.

The case of Joe Rangea, alias L. T. W. Williams, was brought up again, when the charge against him altered to be with intent to commit an indictable offence; to wit, by means of marked cards to cheat at gaming. This case was also adjourned.

AGAINST HOARDING AND WASTE OF FOOD

Ottawa, April 20.—The Canada Food Board is inaugurating an anti-hoarding drive in order to prevent waste of flour and other food products, and also to make available the largest possible amount of food for shipment to the Allies.

In a statement today the Board appeals to all classes who have in their possession large quantities of flour or other foodstuffs that are not required for current needs, to return these through ordinary channels of trade.

Merchants are asked as a patriotic duty to accept such returns at the purchase price in all cases where there has been no deterioration.

Warning is given that persons who fail to dispose of excess holdings of flour, vegetables, or any other food commodity in time to prevent loss by spoiling, are liable to heavy fine or imprisonment under the anti-waste and anti-hoarding order.

POWER TO CONSCRIPT ALL VACANT LOTS

Victoria, April 19.—The government's bill providing virtually for the conscription of vacant lots to ensure greater food production, was reported complete with amendments to the legislature. Two long clauses in the original draft which provided specific protection for lot owners were eliminated when the bill was before committee. Instead of leaving this protection for lot owners, the legislature reported the bill containing authority vested in the municipal councils to see that proper owners' rights are protected.

Tweed suits. Finest cloth. Pinch back styles. For boys—Wallace's.

ALLIED TROOPS IN RUSSIA HELP THE BOLSHEVIKI

British and French Soldiers Co-operate Against Finnish Rebels to Protect Munitions.

(Special to The Daily News.)

London, April 22.—As a set-off to the invasion of Finland by German armies, British and French troops have landed on the Kola peninsula, which projects into the Arctic ocean between Finland and the White Sea. They are co-operating with the Bolshevik troops to protect the Murman coast against the Finns. During the past campaign, the town of Archangel was the only port by which the Allies could send the much needed help with munitions to the armies of the Grand Duke. Archangel, however, was frozen in by winter, so a completely new port with docks, wharves and warehouses was constructed on the Kola peninsula which was open all the year-round, being free from ice. A connecting railroad was also built to join up with the Russian system. It is presumably with a view to protecting the stores of munitions at this port from falling into the hands of the Finns or the invading Germans that this operation is undertaken, while at the same time the port of Archangel will also be safeguarded.

BLACK SEA FLEET HARRASSES GERMANS

London, April 20.—Dr. Richard von Kuehlmann, the German foreign minister, has telegraphed to M. Tchitcherin, the Bolshevik foreign minister, to the effect that the Russian Black Sea fleet has separated into sections of unknown nationality and, in violation of the peace treaty providing for the disarmament of Russian warships, is attacking allies of Germany.

Dr. von Kuehlmann gives notice that all Black Sea warships continuing to attack in violation of the Brest-Litovsk treaty will after April 20 be treated as hostile ships.

THE YUKON ELECTION

Ottawa, April 19.—Whether the soldier vote in the Yukon shall be counted or thrown out because the vote was obtained prior to nomination day, in the territory, is a point which will be settled on Tuesday next.

When the civil vote was counted E. T. Congdon, Liberal, had a fair lead. This was wiped out and the Unionist candidate, Dr. Thompson, given a majority of 151 when the soldier vote came through.

In Parliament yesterday Hon. Mr. Lemieux moved that consideration of the matter be delayed until Mr. Congdon's arrival, but Mr. Tweedie of Calgary, moved an amendment that Mr. Congdon be communicated with by telegraph. The amendment carried.

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