

HELP RAISE \$500,000,000 AND SHOW CANADA'S APPRECIATION



NOTICE

Military Service Act, 1917.

EMPLOYMENT OF MEN IN DEFAULT UNDER THE MILITARY SERVICE ACT.

The following Regulations, recently approved by the Governor General in Council, impose strict obligations upon every employer TO ASSURE HIMSELF THAT EACH OF HIS EMPLOYEES OF MILITARY AGE AND DESCRIPTION IS IN POSSESSION OF DOCUMENTS PROVING THAT HE IS NOT IN ANY WAY IN DEFAULT UNDER THE MILITARY SERVICE ACT.

An employer who is charged with having a defaulter in his employ must be able to prove THAT THE MILITARY SERVICE PAPERS ISSUED BY THE REGISTRAR OR MILITARY AUTHORITIES TO THE EMPLOYEE IN QUESTION WERE PRODUCED FOR HIS INSPECTION at the time when the employee was taken into his employ, and that it was reasonably established to his satisfaction that the man was not in default under the Military Service Act. It should be clearly understood that the Canadian Registration Certificates given on June 22, 1918, at the time of general registration, in no way define the status of a man under the Military Service Act.

REGULATIONS.

"106. Every person who employs or retains in his service any man who has deserted or is absent without leave from the Canadian Expeditionary Force, or who is in default in the performance of any obligation or requirement for reporting or for military service, imposed upon him by the Act or Regulations, or any proclamation thereunder, shall be guilty of an offence punishable on summary conviction by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by a penalty of not less than One Hundred Dollars, and of not more than Five Hundred Dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine, unless such person prove that he made due inquiry and produced the MILITARY SERVICE PAPERS ISSUED BY THE REGISTRAR OR THE MILITARY AUTHORITIES TO THE MAN SO EMPLOYED OR RETAINED IN HIS SERVICE WERE PRODUCED FOR HIS INSPECTION, and that it was reasonably established to his satisfaction by such inquiry and production of papers that the man was not a deserter or absent from the force without leave, or in default in respect of any of the obligations or requirements aforesaid."

"106a. Every person who HARBOURS OR CONCEALS OR IN ANY WAY ASSISTS ANY MAN WHO IS A DESERTER OR ABSENT WITHOUT LEAVE FROM THE CANADIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE, or who is in default in the performance of any obligation or requirement for reporting or for military service imposed upon him by the Act or Regulations, or any proclamation thereunder, shall be guilty of an offence punishable upon summary conviction by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by a penalty of not less than One Hundred Dollars, and of not more than Five Hundred Dollars, or by both such imprisonment and fine, unless such person prove that he was not aware and had no reasonable ground to suspect that the man so harboured, concealed, or assisted was a deserter or absent from the forces without leave or in default in respect of any of the obligations or requirements aforesaid."

MILITARY SERVICE BRANCH.

ONE THOUSAND MILLIONS CANADA'S WAR EXPENSE

WHAT IT COST US TO DESTROY GERMAN MILITARISM—HOW EXPENSES MOUNTED TO MAINTAIN CANADA'S EFFORT AT HOME AND ABROAD

Canada has been spending over \$1,000,000 directly on the war every day. From the beginning to the present day Canada has spent one thousand millions of dollars. The sum exceeds the total national revenue from 1868 to 1904.

And the cost of the war grew as the army expended. This is the reason why Canada wants \$500,000,000. The actual war expenditure will take nearly 75 per cent of the whole amount. Then there is the interest on war loans, the expenditure on the

naval service and the assistance given to the live stock, grain and dairy interests to enable them to tell their products to Great Britain and her allies. Ship building is a war necessity and assistance is being given to that industry.

Expense Growing Daily.

Our war expenditure grew as the offensives grew. We spent \$175,752,000 during the first six months of this year, and the Canadians did not take the offensive till six weeks after. The war bill this year will be \$360,000,000. The following figures will illustrate how our army has expanded and what this ever-increasing force has cost.

In 1914 we sent to Great Britain and France 30,999 men, and the expenditures amounted to \$25,879,749. In 1915, 84,334 men went overseas and the expenditure rose to \$127,616,300; in 1916 we sent over the ocean 165,553 men and the cost to us was \$248,665,769. In 1917 we had sent about 350,000 men in Great Britain and France and the cost of maintaining that huge army was \$315,094,000. This year with the total sent overseas reaching probably 425,000 the expenditure will hardly be less than \$360,000,000.

Where the Money Goes.

We ask how the one billion

dollars of Canada's war bill has been spent. The following figures up till the middle of 1918 will show:

Pay and Allowances	\$501,704,000
Maintenance in field	114,366,000
Separation allowance	71,436,000
Clothing	35,449,000
Boots and repairs	10,500,000
Ocean transport and expenditure	16,000,000
Land transport	17,500,000
Stores	14,000,000
Motor trucks, ambulances, etc.,	9,600,000
Remounts	8,591,000
Machine guns	4,700,000
Kit bags and necessaries	5,500,000
Outfit allowances	5,500,000

These items alone total \$814,000,000. The average pay amounts to about \$1.25 per day per man for all ranks. Average cost of rations 50 cents per day in Canada; in Britain 88½ cents. Maintenance of Canadian troops in France works out to about \$2.30 per day per man. The cost per man for clothes is about \$64.00 a year. At the beginning of the year there were 71,000 dependents of soldiers in Canada who receive an average of \$26.75 a month for all ranks.

Even though the armistice is signed money is still required to bring the men home and feed them while there.

PENSIONS

Those Only Who Have Suffered Disability Are Entitled to Aid From State.

Now that the war is over a great many people are interested in the matter of pensions. The following are the regulations in this regard put in succinct form:

(1) Soldiers are not pensionable for service only.

(2) Pensions are awarded only in cases of disablement due to a wound or disease occurring on, resulting from, or aggravated on service.

(3) Disablement is estimated only by the effect it may have upon the soldier's capacity for ordinary work. That he cannot return to his former occupation does not entitle him to a higher pension than the extent of his disability warrants.

(4) If a soldier is so disabled that he is completely incapacitated for ordinary work, he receives a "Total Disability" pension which has been fixed at \$50.00 a month.

(5) If by his disablement a soldier's capacity for ordinary work is lessened, he receives a percentage of the "Total Disability" pension equal to his handicap.

(6) This percentage has been most carefully and thoroughly worked out for every disability, and it is as accurate and fair as it is possible to make it.

(7) The earnings a man may be capable of making, or the amount of his pre-war earnings will not in any way affect the amount of pension awarded. The extent of his disability is alone considered.

(8) Widows of sailors or soldiers who have died are entitled to pension for so long as they do not remarry.

(9) Children of sailors or soldiers are entitled to pension up to the age of sixteen if boys, or seventeen if girls.

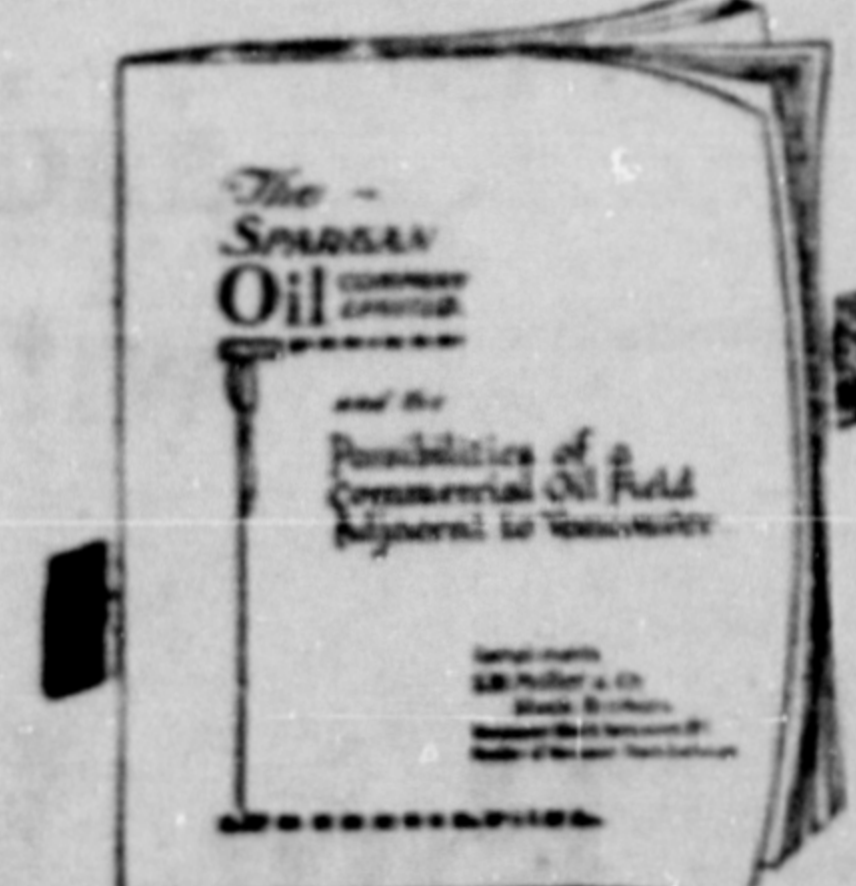
(10) Pension is only granted to the parents of a sailor or soldier when he was their main support previous to his death.

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- Box 17—1st Ave. and 7th St. (Central Hotel).

CIRCUIT NO. 2.

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- Box 24—1st Ave. and McBride St.
- Box 25—2nd Ave. and 2nd St.
- Box 26—2nd Ave. and 6th St.
- Box 27—O. T. P.

CIRCUIT NO. 3.

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- Box 45—7th Ave. and Eberts.
- Box 141—7th Ave. and Young St.

Dream Pictures

Suddenly, in the glow of the evening lamp, a presence appears—a great artist, with violin in hand; who at our bidding, draws from the strings a thrill of joy, a sob of grief, a sigh of love.

And under the enchanting witchery of music, we are transported back to the old-time rest and comfort of happier days.

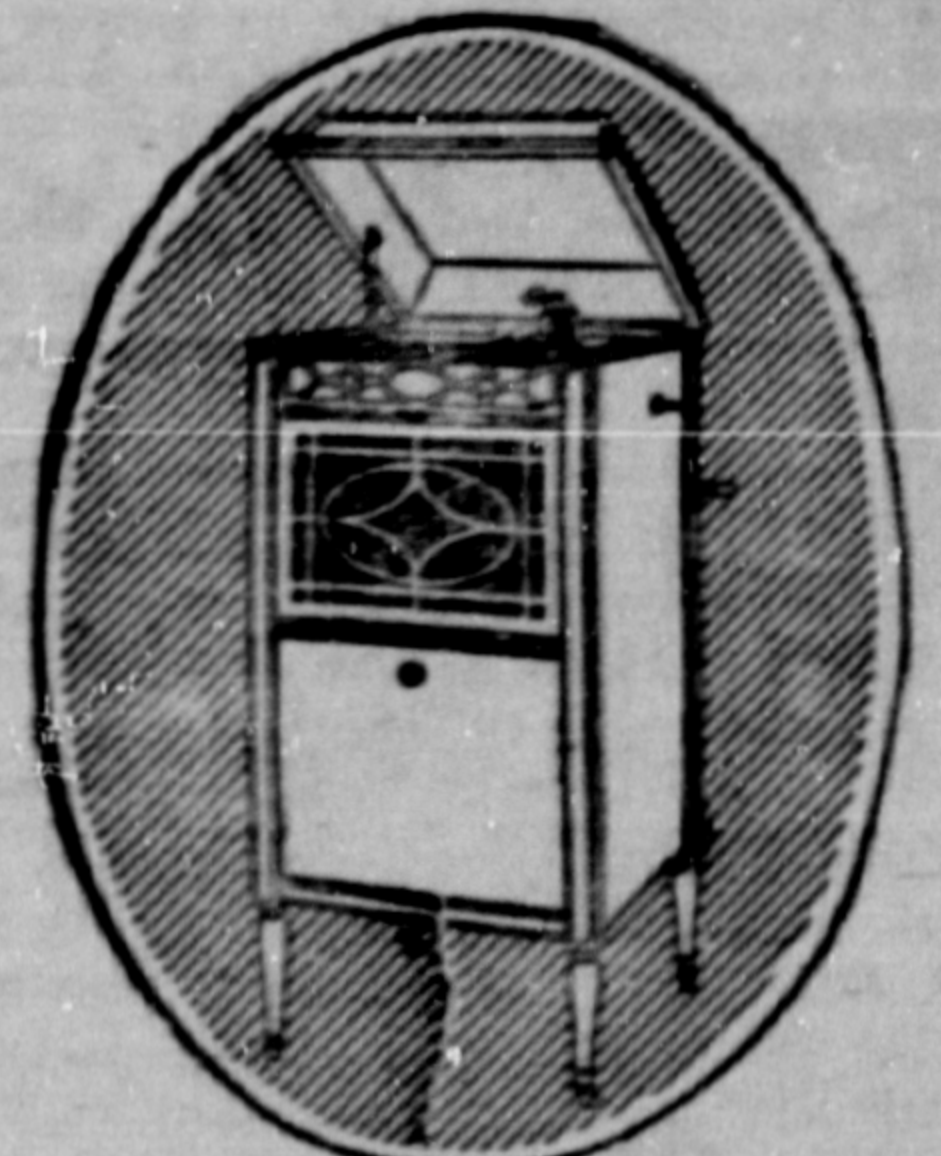
Gradually the dream picture dissolves, the presence fades, and we behold the most marvelous of all musical instruments—

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