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Truce With Ireland in Effect Today

PRESIDENT HARDING CALLS A CONFERENCE ON DISARMAMENT

Truce Terms Agreed Upon with Irish Republicans and De Valera Formally Invited

DUBLIN, July 9.—Truce terms have been agreed upon this afternoon between representatives of the British military headquarters and the Irish Republican army.

DUBLIN, July 11.—The truce terms agreed upon between the British and Republican armies specify that no crown forces or munitions are to be taken to Ireland and there are to be no military movements and no provocative display of forces and that no Irish officers or men are to be punished or premises searched, nor is there to be secret surveillance of Republicans and no search for lines of communication.

The Republicans agree to cease attacks on the crown forces and not to interfere with crown property or indulge in a provocative display of forces and to discontinue such actions as would be likely to cause a disturbance of the peace.

The terms of the truce are to apply to the martial law area as well as elsewhere.

LONDON, July 11.—Lloyd George has invited De Valera and any of his colleagues he wishes to bring with him to Downing Street to conference any day this week.

DISARMAMENT MESSAGE WAS WELL RECEIVED

Discussed This Morning by Conference of Premiers in London.

LONDON, July 11.—President Harding's message looking to the calling of an international conference on limitation of armaments has been received with the utmost pleasure by Great Britain, Lloyd George declared in the House of Commons today.

The president's message was taken to Lloyd George's summer home yesterday by Ambassador Harvey. This morning it was discussed by the cabinet. The proposal is the chief topic of conversation here.

Some of the Dominion premiers have called at the residence of the Prime Minister this morning and later the Imperial Conference met and considered Harding's message.

Arrivals from Fort Norman Found New Pass Through Rockies and New River; Gusher Is High Grade Oil

SPECTATORS KILLED DURING MANOEUVRES BY BOMBING PLANE

MOUNTSVILLE, W. Va., July 11.—Six spectators were killed and fifty injured when a bombing plane crashed during manoeuvres on Saturday. Explosions set fire to sixteen automobiles.

WESTMINSTER LEADS IN LACROSSE SERIES FOR THE MINTO CUP

VANCOUVER, July 11.—The Salmon Bellies defeated the Terminus at lacrosse on Saturday by a score of 3 to 2, thus taking the lead in the Minto Cup race.

After travelling five thousand miles in divers manners, afoot, with dog team, in canoes, rafts and gas-boats; in modern palatial teamsters and on up-to-date railroad cars, and with still more than a thousand miles to cover before their objective is attained, Walter Murphy, David McRae, Charles MacDonald and Howard Jolley passed through the city on Saturday on the "Princess Alice" on their way from Fort Norman to Edmonton to register their stakings in the new oil country in the North. Yukoners all, there was nothing to distinguish the four intrepid argonauts from the host load of tourists returning from the Skagway trip on the steamer. Yet these men had a new pass through the Rocky Mountains, had discovered a new river which they christened the "McMurphy," hitherto unmapped, and had seen oil gushers from the Imperial Oil Company's gusher at Fort Norman fed raw to gas engines—oil which was practically almost pure gasoline taken from the ground and of sufficiently high grade to start the engines without other priming.

Best Winter Route.

The party left Victoria for the North during the winter and outfit at Whitehorse in the Yukon territory which they left on January 23 with dog teams. Following the valleys they struck east up the Little Salmon river, across the Glenyon range and up the Ross valley, across another divide into the south fork of the McMillan river. This stream they followed to its source in the Rockies where they found a new pass and on the other side, the river new to geography, the McMurphy, which is a tributary of the Gravel river which in turn flows into the MacKenzie a few miles south of Fort Norman. The route taken by this party is the easiest one so far discovered and will possibly become the permanent trail. They were the first ever to go in over it.

Devoid of Life.

On the Yukon side, game aplenty was to be found, but on the east side of the mountains, the country was very rough and practically devoid of animal life, not even the track of a squirrel to be seen for days on end. Vegetation was scant in these rocky foothills, only a few stunted spruce being visible. Further on, on the Gravel river the country is full of muskeg and lakes, but toward Fort Norman and from thence north to Fort Good Hope, fur is very plentiful.

Population of Eight.

Living at Fort Norman, the travellers found eight white permanent residents. There were three traders, two Mounted Police, Constables Brackett and Doak and three trappers. These made up the whole population for a radius of two hundred miles. The country did not impress them as being good for anything. It was possible to grow indifferent potatoes and other roots but hardly anything else, the place being apparently good for oil only. The Imperial Oil Company's gusher has been capped, and other three drills on the way in, one being sent up by the Hudson's Bay Company and two others.

Parties Arriving.

The party arrived in Fort Norman on April 1 and remained there until May 22 during which time they made their stakings. While they were there, the vanguard of the invasion from Alberta arrived, about twenty people all told in different parties, and they brought reports of hundreds being on the trail behind them, all with the one object in view of staking oil lands. Leaving Fort Norman, the party proceeded down the MacKenzie river as far north as Fort MacPherson, well within the Arctic circle, thence across Peel Portage to the Porcupine River, where the ice broke on June 6, which they followed to its junction with the Yukon river at Fort Yukon, and thence down the Yukon to Dawson, which they reached on July 2.

River Valley Staked.

The oil found at Fort Norman is the highest grade ever known to come from the ground. At 58 below zero, it remains as thin as water and it is possible to start engines with it as it comes from the well, without any refining, being according to their report practically pure gasoline. Although there have been so few people in the country since drilling started, the whole river valley is staked for some twenty miles and the words "anteline" and "syncline" have replaced placer and quartz in popularity.

This party, which is the second to come out via the coast, was sent north by a Victoria syndicate in which "Billy" Wright, late of the Windor Hotel here, and J. B. Robertson of Prince Rupert are interested.

HARDING IS LEADER IN MOVEMENT

Asks Powers to Join Him in Disarmament Discussion and Eastern Problems.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—President Harding has definitely asked Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan to participate in a discussion in Washington on disarmament. Also it is suggested that they discuss with all powers interested the Pacific and far eastern problems simultaneously. China is invited to discuss the Pacific question.

TRAPPERS FROM FORT NORMAN

Jack McDonald and Nick Grodsky Arrived Saturday and Gone East.

LIVED FOR YEARS ON MACKENZIE RIVER

Jack McDonald and Nick Grodsky, two trappers who have staked in the Fort Norman oil fields, arrived here on the Princess Alice Saturday afternoon. They disembarked here and left again on this morning's train for Edmonton where they will register their claims.

These two men, and particularly Grodsky are more of pioneer type than the members of the other party. They have been in the north country trapping for nine years and Grodsky has been around Fort Norman for four years without having been out at all. McDonald last summer went out to Mayo.

Both men also spent the winter at Fort Norman and tell the same wonderful story of the oil that has been found by the Imperial Oil Co. Last winter it was used by the few men who hibernated there for heating purposes.

These men left Fort Norman on April 25 and, crossing overland from Fort McPherson, floated down the Bell and Porcupine rivers by way of Rampart House to Fort Yukon and thence to Dawson from which place they have come out by the regular means of travel. Their route, they say, is a longer but easier one.

After they have registered their claims they will proceed north again from Edmonton. Grodsky is to file on 4,000 acres which he located under the old regulations. McDonald is his partner. They tell of offers that were made to them for a half interest in claims by promoters from the outside but these they refused to accept.

Their story of the primitive life in the wilds of the North is an interesting one. Money is not a necessary there if one's credit is good. Men with much cold cash can starve where the pioneer with nothing but his knowledge of the country and its conditions, will live a happy life with plenty of the requisites of subsistence.

GERMAN GENERALS ARE ACQUITTED OF CAUSING EPIDEMIC

LEIPZIG, July 11.—General Von Schack and general Von Kruska have been acquitted by the German Supreme Court on charges of causing an epidemic of typhus during war at a prison camp where 3,000 French soldiers died.

TENDERS FOR TWO STATIONS

Prince George Also to Get Building Soon—Larger Than Local One.

Tenders are being called for the erection of the new Prince George Canadian National Railway station as well as the one at Prince Rupert, bids to be in by July 25.

Measuring 102 feet by 39 feet, the building at Prince George will be slightly larger than the one here although the Prince Rupert depot will likely have more accommodation strictly for station purposes. The local station will measure 100 by 40 feet, the length including a 20 foot lean to.

The Prince George station will be one and one-half stories in height with a basement. Instead of having a flat roof it will be of the house style sloping from a peak with gables forming the upstairs.

On the ground floor provision is made for a restaurant and kitchen, ladies' waiting room, gentlemen's waiting room, ticket office and baggage and express room. Upstairs will be the operators' rooms and sleeping quarters.

The exterior of the station will be of brick and the inside lath and plaster. The floors will be of hardwood. As there is no sewerage system at Prince George, the building will be equipped with a septic tank.

It will be located off First Avenue between Quebec and Dominion Streets, about a block from the foot of George Street, the present main thoroughfare of the city of Prince George.

G. A. McNicholl, C.R.N. assistant freight and passenger agent, made a round trip to Stewart on the Prince George yesterday.

DAUGHTERS OF BELGIAN CONSUL-GENERAL



The Misses Thelma and Gloria Morgan, daughters of Henry H. Morgan, Consul General at Brussels, who have sailed on the Savole to join their father. They will spend considerable time abroad.

Republicans and Orange-Men Kill Each Other at Belfast Saturday Night

BELFAST, July 11.—Fifteen are known to have been killed and 100 wounded in rioting here Saturday night which lasted until Sunday morning, following an attack by republicans on patrols. The military had to be summoned to restore order.

Parties of Orangemen later participated, rushing the bullet-swept streets, while armored cars and machine guns were rushed to the scene. The rioting extended to the suburbs of the city.

The spirit of the truce was conspicuously lacking in Belfast.

DUBLIN, July 11.—One ambush and two shootings under the spy label compromise the week-end and outrages in the districts where the truce orders are believed not to have been received.

WILLIAMS LAKE BURNING DOWN

Loss at P.G.E. Divisional Point \$100,000 and Fire Still Raging.

ASHCROFT, July 11.—The town of Williams Lake, a divisional point of the Pacific Great Eastern Railway in the Cariboo district, is reported to be in flames which are likely to wipe it out completely.

The fire broke out last night in the Fraser & McKenzie store and spread with great rapidity. General stores, the hotel, dance hall, telegraph office and post-office are already destroyed.

The loss is reported now at \$100,000 and the fire is still raging.

During the winter the head of steel on the Pacific Great Eastern construction was at Williams Lake and it was the terminus of the road at that time.

SCOTS START OUT WELL WITH VICTORY IN UNITED STATES

JERSEY CITY, July 11.—The Scottish football team made a good start in the series of games to be played against United States teams. They defeated the Jersey Citys by a score of 4 to 2.

The win at Jersey City makes the 20th victory on the present tour.

SEATTLE FIRE MUCH DAMAGE

Quantity of Material on Dock Destroyed on Saturday Afternoon.

SEATTLE, July 11.—Fire did damage estimated at anywhere from \$250,000 to \$500,000 on Saturday afternoon at the main dock of the East Waterway Dock and Warehouse Co., destroying quantities of lumber, bales of wool and a large amount of other material. The fire is believed to have started from a switching engine.

Fifty-Three Orangemen and Sons of England joining in the church parade from the Knights of Pythias Hall to the Presbyterian Church last evening, listened to an inspiring address by Rev. Dr. H. R. Grant on "Religious and Civil Liberty," the text having been taken from the Epistle of St. Paul to the Corinthians.

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