



## UNITED STATES TO INSIST ON FRANCE PAYING

No Preference to be Given that Country over Great Britain

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—(By Canadian Press)—Every indication is given here that the government of the United States will take a firm position with respect to the settlement of the French debt. Sooner or later, too, it will doubtless take a like position with respect to the Italian debt.

Discussions of the subject of the French debt in the Senate this winter have indicated a strong sentiment in favor of beginning the negotiations for a settlement. A canvass of the Senate shows a decided opposition to making concessions to France greater than were made to Great Britain. While there is willingness to consider a moratorium for a reasonable period, there is sharp objection to reducing the interest rate below the figure allowed Great Britain.

The attitude of President Coolidge, moreover, is pronounced on the subject. It was made quite plain when the President received the new French Ambassador that this government expected France to settle.

Furthermore, the President has discussed the subject informally with some of the prominent members of Congress who are interested in the allied debt question. It is the understanding Mr. Coolidge has made it clear he intends to do what he can to bring about a settlement. While France is now most in the limelight in this matter, because France is the largest debtor that has not made a settlement, the same general policy is supported by the executive and majority opinion in Congress as to other nations.

Reports that France would propose a very low interest rate have been current here of late. Such a proposal, it is predicted, would not only not be accepted

**GOVERNMENT LIQUOR ACT.**  
NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR BEER LICENSE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 21st day of March next the undersigned intends to apply to the Liquor Control Board for a license in respect to premises being part of the building known as Old Empress Hotel, situated at 721 Third Avenue, West, in the City of Prince Rupert, Province of British Columbia, upon the lands described as Lots seventeen (17) and eighteen (18), in Block twenty-one (21) Section one (1) of the City of Prince Rupert, according to a registered map or plan deposited in the Land Registry Office at the City of Prince Rupert and numbered 923, for the sale of beer by the glass or by the open bottle for consumption on the premises. DATED at Prince Rupert, B.C., this 6th day of February, 1925.

VERNON D. CASLEY,  
Owner and Manager  
of Old Empress Hotel,  
Applicant.

**GOVERNMENT LIQUOR ACT.**  
NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR BEER LICENSE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 21st day of March next the undersigned intends to apply to the Liquor Control Board for a license in respect to premises being part of the building known as Royal Hotel, situated at the corner of Sixth Street and Third Avenue, in the City of Prince Rupert, according to a registered map or plan deposited in the Land Registry Office at the City of Prince Rupert and numbered 923, for the sale of beer by the glass or by the open bottle for consumption on the premises. DATED at Prince Rupert, B.C., this 6th day of February, 1925.

FRANK JACKS,  
Owner and Manager  
Port Clemente Hotel,  
Applicant.

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JAMES POSTOLE,  
Lessee and Manager  
of Royal Hotel,  
Applicant.

**GOVERNMENT LIQUOR ACT.**

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR BEER LICENSE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 21st day of March next the undersigned intend to apply to the Liquor Control Board for a license in respect to premises being part of the building known as Savoy Hotel, situated at 601 First Street in the City of Prince Rupert, Province of British Columbia, upon the lands described as Lots thirteen (13) and fourteen (14), in Block forty-one (41) Part One (1) of the City of Prince Rupert and numbered 923, for the sale of beer by the glass or by the open bottle for consumption on the premises. DATED at Prince Rupert, B.C., this 6th day of February, 1925.

A. J. PRUDHOMME and A. FISHER,  
Managers and proprietors  
of Savoy Hotel,  
Applicants.

**GOVERNMENT LIQUOR ACT.**

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR BEER LICENSE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 21st day of March next the undersigned intends to apply to the Liquor Control Board for a license in respect to premises being part of the building known as Caledonia Hotel, situated at 8 Buffer Street Port Essington, B.C., upon the lands described as Lots three (3) and four (4), in Block 3, Part No. 537, City of Prince Rupert Land Registration District, in the Province of British Columbia, for the sale of beer by the glass or by the open bottle for consumption on the premises. DATED at Prince Rupert, B.C., this 6th day of February, 1925.

ALFRED H. PERKINS,  
Proprietor and Manager,  
Applicant.

## ARE YOU TORTURED WITH ECZEMA?

## TALKED WITH NORTHCLIFFE

Former Secretary of Newspaper-man Says She Had Message From Him

CONAN DOYLE ALSO

Seances by Means of Wireless to Broadcast Spirit Voices Soon

Eczema, or Salt Rheum, as it is commonly called, is one of the most agonizing of all skin diseases.

The intense burning, itching and smarting, especially at night or when the parts are exposed to heat are almost unbearable and relief is greatly welcomed.

The most reliable and effective remedy for this trouble is

### BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

Mrs. J. R. Johnson, B.B., No. 1, Oshawa, Ont., writes:—"For years I was troubled with eczema, and had that terrible itching and burning sensation, and could find no relief for it. Finally, I was advised to use B.B.B., and after my second bottle I began to see a great difference, and I can, now, advise anyone troubled as I was to use this wonderful remedy."

For sale at all druggists and dealers; put up only by The T. Miltburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

but it would probably tend to aggravate the situation. It would very likely call forth a storm of criticism from Congress, particularly from a number of senators.

### FREIGHT RATES AFFECT TRADE

Five Per Cent Change Makes Business Possible With England

(Edmonton Journal)

The very appreciable degree to which freight rates enter into the business of merchandising today is indicated by the statement of an Ontario manufacturer, who says that a reduction of even five per cent in the ocean freight charges would make for him the difference between doing business in England and not doing it.

With the existing rates he cannot export to England, at five per cent less he could do so and make a profit.

While the terms of the proposed rate-reduction scheme on the North Atlantic are not yet fully known, it is understood that the lowering will be to the extent of ten or fifteen per cent. The Ontario manufacturer's estimate, which may have been low, will thus be more than met. The proposed cut will be large enough to cover any likely trade requirements, it is thought.

If small margins are to make up Canada's business connections with overseas markets, there is good reason for making an adjustment, which need not, and indeed must not, endanger the margins of the transportation services themselves.

### WHERE IT HELPS

"What's the good of a family tree, anyhow?"

"Well, it comes handy when one is trying to climb into society, you know."

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NOTICE is hereby given that on the 21st day of March next the undersigned intends to apply to the Liquor Control Board for a license in respect to premises being part of the building known as The Haysport Hotel, situated in the town of Haysport, B.C., upon the land described as Lots one (1) and two (2), in Block 34, in Block eleven (11) according to a registered map deposited in the Land Registry Office at the City of Prince Rupert, for the sale of beer by the glass or by the open bottle for consumption on the premises. DATED at Haysport, B.C., this 9th day of February, 1925.

(MHS.) M. A. DUMITS,  
Owner and Manager  
of Haysport Hotel,  
Applicant.

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THOMAS H. INCE,  
Lessee and Manager  
of Royal Hotel,  
Applicant.

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ALFRED H. PERKINS,  
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### Dr. Martel's Female Pills

Have assisted nature thousands cases last half century, correcting cause, building up and strengthening organs, removing NERVOUSNESS, FAINTING, MENSTRUATION, NEUROSES, BACKACHE, DIZZINESS, etc. dangerous drugs. Sold only in Sealed Hinges. Cover TIN BOX with our signature. Druggists \$2.00 Knickerbocker Remedy Co., 71 E. Frost St., Toronto, Can. Circular mailed on request.

# The Iron Pots of Gondricourt

JUST after daybreak a traveler along the narrow byways of a small French village can see the housewife beginning her day. Through the open doorway her fireplace glows like a forge. A heavy iron pot, which she has filled with water from the town pump, is lifted and swung upon the crane. At the other end of the village, perhaps, runs the little stream where she washes her family's clothes upon the rocks.

Throughout the village life of much of Europe, such pictures are multiplied by thousands. Quaint, to be sure, but what grinding and incessant toil these primitive household arrangements mean!

In contrast to this, even the remote districts of Canada boast comfort unknown to the rural life of other countries. Conveniences are found that could not be duplicated in any save the wealthiest city homes of foreign nations.

Adequate heating systems, the farm lighting plant, the washing machine, the vacuum cleaner, the telephone and numberless labor-saving devices have lifted modern life in Canada to unprecedented levels of comfort and ease.

To a large measure this has been due to advertising. Advertising has familiarized all of us with new inventions. Advertising has made possible the wide distribution of new products. By increasing sales, advertising has reduced the price of modern household utilities to the reach of the modest purse.

By reading advertisements we keep abreast of modern progress

been bottled under the label of an imported brand. The situations which are developed when the young chap allies himself with a girl who is trying to save her brother from the clutches of the "bootleg king" of New York's underworld are as tensely dramatic as they are original.

A stirring fight on a rumrunner which is attacked by hijackers, the trapping of a truckload of bootleg liquor by federal officers and the subsequent conviction of the heroine's brother on a framed charge of murder, the steps taken to get the evidence which will free him and the final big smash staged in a great dance hall where all the crooks of the New York underworld have gathered for their annual celebration have been screened under direction of Lambert Hillyer with a sweep of action and a gripping human interest that place "Those Who Dance" in the front ranks of the season's greatest productions.

Despite the fact that prohibition is the most discussed question of the day and the Volstead law has been in effect ever since the war, it has taken five years for the movie picture producers to screen the story of liquor, with all the dramatic and romantic developments that it has brought into modern day life.

Thomas H. Ince, always an innovator, has taken the first bold step in "Those Who Dance," here this week end. Bootlegging Ring

Without attempting to interpret the moral side of the prohibition issue, Ince has developed a remarkable drama from the personal fight against a bootlegging ring which is undertaken by a young lawyer when his little sister becomes an innocent victim of wood-alcohol which has

members on the communicant roll who had not attended service regularly, many not at all for years, who yet had the right to vote and decide the fate of our church. These absentees had been carefully canvassed and cultivated by anti-unionists inside and outside of our church, and at the last moment were whipped up to the poll for the noble purpose of "preserving the Presbyterian Church" and saving it from the Methodists.

That is exactly how it came about that our beloved church is today without minister and workers, and is in the hands of a few anti-unionists. True our church cannot carry on as of yore, but then the "anti-unionist victory" was worth winning, for it will impress the world—and Parliament in particular—with the "fact" that the "people" are not behind the Union movement. If the vote had been confined to the workers and those who had paid for its upbuilding and maintenance, our church would not today have been in the possession of the opponents of Union. Ours is only one of the many Presbyterian churches that have been lost to Union in the same manner.

If those who voted us out of our church will now turn out, and turn in and carry on the good work of the Kingdom for which we built up the church, then our defeat will prove a blessing in disguise, and we will be the first to commend their efforts.

T. H. WATSON,  
Editor, Daily News.

Our Presbyterian Church was strong for Union—at least everybody said so. Were not the leading workers and nearly all the Sunday School teachers strong for Union? Above all was not our minister a convinced Unionist?

Why, then, did our church vote to stay out of the Union? The explanations is very simple. The workers were too busy carrying on the routine affairs of the church, and had given no thought to informing the members of the congregation on the issues of the vote. It is true that a good proportion of the membership knew the meaning of the vote, but that's in the play. This is but there were many nominal

members on the communicant roll who had not attended service regularly, many not at all for years, who yet had the right to vote and decide the fate of our church. These absentees had been carefully canvassed and cultivated by anti-unionists inside and outside of our church, and at the last moment were whipped up to the poll for the noble purpose of "preserving the Presbyterian Church" and saving it from the Methodists.

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