

Business, Pleasure and Cooking



Mrs. H. lived on a boat all summer. She and her husband combined his business with a tour of the whole coast. She missed fresh milk at first, but after making hot cakes with Pacific Milk the third morning out, she discovered that canned milk made them better. From then on "it was one thing after another until I have come to believe that Pacific Milk is a necessity for good cooking and I use it at home for everything now."

PACIFIC MILK Head Office, Vancouver Factories: Ladner and Abbotsford, B.C.

CHRISTMAS

Temptation Sale

WATCH THESE COLUMNS

For Startling Bargains in Men's and Boys' Wearing Apparel appearing in large advertisements.

Acme Importers Third Ave.

Fish Dept.

Eastern Salt Herring, Pacific Salt Herring, Eastern Mackerel, Holland Herring, small kegs, Salt Cod Fish Bricks, Salt Cod Fish Whole, Finnan Haddies, Salt Black Cod, Kippers, Bloaters, Smoked Black Cod, Halibut, Salmon, etc., etc.

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The House of Quality Phone 455. We Deliver

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Our Big Space

For Special CHRISTMAS OFFERS

B.C. BUTCHERS AND GROCERS Phones 45 and 574.

United States War Secretary Urges Increased Expenditure on Defences of the Nation

Would increase army garrison Panama Canal, establish station at Hawaiian Islands, and improve air service

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—(By Canadian Press).—Dwight F. Davis, Secretary of War of the United States, in his annual report to President Coolidge, made public here, declared the situation in the regular army to be extremely serious and repeated the recommendation of his predecessor for increase of the enlisted strength to 150,000. He urged that the security of the Panama Canal should be assured without delay and the western outpost of the U.S., the Island of Oahu in the Hawaiian group, be placed on a basis to resist an attack of any probable magnitude which has for its purpose the seizure of the Hawaiian Islands with their valuable military, naval and commercial bases.

Safety of Nation

The Secretary of War fully described the projects he considers necessary for the full execution of the National Defense Act of 1920, the first real military policy ever enacted for the United States. The carrying out of the provisions of that act, he confidently believed, would insure the safety of the nation against aggression, save immense amounts of treasure in future years, and, more vital than such financial savings, result in the sparing of bloodshed and the saving of lives should war again loom upon the United States. Adoption of the major army projects would provide at the end of ten years the "balanced force, futelously modern" which was declared by President Coolidge in his inaugural address this year to be demanded by the best interests of the nation. Mr. Davis stated, "The present strength of the regular army is not sufficient to permit the accomplishment of its mission as a training and instructing cadre for the civilian components and activities, much less to allow the perfection of its essential training."

Mr. Davis reported to the president, "The air service is of insufficient size to carry out its mission under the National Defense Act, and the same is true of many other branches of the service. To insure the training of the regular army to that point where it

would be able to move out into the field at a moment's notice, prepared for active campaign, could only be accomplished by an increase in personnel.

Panama Canal

"I need not dwell on the tremendous strategic value of the Panama Canal. The loss of the Canal during the first stages of a war would be practically irreparable. It is vital that the garrison stationed there be at all times sufficient to repel any probable invading force and to withstand any siege until such a time as reinforcements in large numbers could arrive from the United States. The very minimum has been sought in the number of troops required to assure the safety of the canal. The figures finally arrived at were 703 officers and 13,734 enlisted men. The garrison on June 30, 1925, comprised 474 officers and 8,628 enlisted men.

The Panama Canal is not only of vital military importance to the United States, but is also of great political and commercial importance. Plans for the employment of our fleet in either ocean are based upon the uninterrupted use of the canal. It is, therefore, of the greatest value to this country as a strategic waterway. It is contemplated that the peace garrison shall be expanded rapidly upon the approach or outbreak of any war until the war garrison required for the defense of the canal is present, such increases involving the transportation of a large number of troops with their personal arms and equipment.

Must Be Supplied

It is considered inadvisable to depend upon shipping at such a time of sufficient supplies and equipment to maintain the proposed war garrison during its defense of the canal. Therefore supplies and equipment must be on hand prior to the outbreak of war to fully feed, clothe, and equip in all respects the war garrison of the Canal zone. The requirements in personnel, organization, supply, communications, and all other essentials for an adequate defense have recently undergone a comprehensive study and revision looking to a more effective organization of the garrison of the Panama Canal and an economical readjustment to its needs. Exclusive of the question of increased personnel for the peace time garrison, the more important items remaining uncompleted are the erection of barracks, quarters, and storage facilities, the completion of fortifications required for the proper defense of the canal, and the construction of roads and trails which constitute a military necessity. It is desirable that the program for the defense of the Panama Canal be completed in an orderly and systematic manner over a period of 10 years beginning with the fiscal year of 1927.

Hawaiian Islands

"The garrison of our western

outpost on the Island of Oahu should be sufficient to withstand an attack of any probable magnitude which has for its purpose the seizure of the Hawaiian Islands with their valuable military, naval and commercial bases. On Oahu is located the naval base at Pearl Harbor, from which the trade routes from Asia and the United States may be controlled, and our Pacific coast protected. Oahu constitutes an outpost of tremendous strategic importance for defensive purposes. The strength of the Oahu military garrison on June 30, 1925, was 769 officers and 13,708 enlisted men. To protect the islands, this number should be 980 officers and 19,377 enlisted men. The peace garrison must be provided with armament, roads, storage and shelter in order to maintain itself in peace time and to permit of rapid expansion in time of war. Further construction is required to keep the shore batteries abreast or ahead of the naval, aerial, and military weapons of any potential enemy. A military road system is vital in order to provide for rapid movements of troops and supplies so that the garrison may be kept at the minimum consistent with safety. Storage requisite for the war reserve supplies and material which must be provided in peace time is necessary. To supply Oahu in time of war might be impracticable.

"The executive of the project for the defense of our western outpost has progressed in an orderly manner, according to annual appropriations allowed by Congress. The appropriations have been small and have gradually decreased until amount for the fiscal year 1926 is practically nothing. If such a policy is continued, it will seriously impair the execution of the project. It is the hope of the War Department that the program for the defense of Oahu may be completed within the 10-year period beginning with the fiscal year of 1927. The project would thus be completed by the end of the fiscal year of 1936."

Ammunition

The Secretary reported the country is now believed to be

in a position to reach ammunition production of safe volume in from 12 to 14 months and it is hoped that a 10-year program for the completion and maintenance of the ammunition reserve required for two field armies of 1,000,000 men may be started with the coming year. Most of the country's harbor defenses constructed prior to the World War are now obsolete or of secondary importance. Developments have made necessary the installation of long-range guns of big caliber in order to modernize harbor fortifications.

Long Range Guns

"The installation of modern long-range guns for the protection of our largest coastal cities and our most vital harbors," the Secretary reported, "would be a defensive measure in the truest sense of the word. It is probable whether such guns would ever be fired in case of war. So far as can now be seen, the guns mounted on the modern battleship will never be able to outrange the heavy-caliber guns which we hope to replace for the defense of our strategic ports and harbors. The very fact that such guns were mounted, and that their location in general were known, would serve to prevent the approach of any hostile fleet to within effective range of such harbor defense."

Air Service

Speaking of the air service project, the Secretary declared any failure to keep progress with the developments which the air forces of the world are undergoing is detrimental not only to the air service itself, but to the entire army. Pending the report to the President of the special board of inquiry to consider the whole question of the state of the air defense of the nation, the Secretary of War said it seemed desirable that War Department discussion of air projects be held in abeyance.

Plans for industrial mobilization in war time have been worked out by the War Department under the National Defense Act and other laws which provide that the Secretary of War can fix prices of articles needed by the army, control transporta-



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THE QUALITY CIGARETTE

15¢ PER PKG.

LARGE PKG. OF 25 FOR 35¢



Steamship and Train Service

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The Laundry of Personal Service, Phone No. 8.

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LAND ACT Notice of Intention to Apply to Lease Land In the Queen Charlotte Islands District, Land Recording District of Prince Rupert, and situated on the Foreshore of Vestalton Bay, Massett Inlet. TAKE NOTICE that Eugene H. Simpson, of Massett, occupation cannery manager, intends to apply for a lease of the following described land:— Commencing at a post planted on the high water mark about 50 chains west from the northeast corner of Lot 1550; thence north 300 feet to low water mark; thence northwesterly 500 feet more or less; thence west 100 feet to the north-west corner of E. H. Simpson's application to lease; thence southeasterly following the high water mark to the point of commencement, and containing two acres, more or less. EUGENE H. SIMPSON, Applicant. Per Fred. Nash, Agent. Dated November 21st, 1925.

LAND ACT. Notice of Intention to Apply to Lease Land. In Prince Rupert Land Recording District, and situated at Newcombe Harbor, about one mile northeast from the entrance to Petrel Channel, and about one mile southerly from the northeast corner of Lot 8033P; thence south 2 1/2 chains; thence west 5.00 chains; thence north 0.50 chains; thence easterly meandering along the high water mark to point of commencement, and containing 1.00 acre, more or less. WALLACE FISHERIES LIMITED, Applicant. Dated September 24th, 1925.

LAND ACT. Notice of Intention to Apply to Lease Land In the Land Recording District of Coast Range 5, and situated on South Rachel Island. TAKE NOTICE that Alfred Swanson, of Prince Rupert, occupation Mariner, intends to apply for a lease of the following described land:— Commencing at a post planted on the south point of South Rachel Island; thence around high water mark to the point of commencement, and containing 60 acres, more or less. ALFRED SWANSON, Applicant. A. E. Wright, Agent. Dated October 26th, 1925.

LAND ACT. Notice of Intention to Apply to Lease Land In Queen Charlotte District Land Recording District of Prince Rupert, and situated at Shannon Bay, Prince Rupert, and situated at Shannon Bay, Prince Rupert, and situated at Shannon Bay, Prince Rupert. TAKE NOTICE that Robert C. Gosse of Vancouver, B.C., occupation canneryman, intends to apply for a lease of the following described land:— Commencing at a post planted on an unnamed island lying S. 60 deg. W. 1/4 chains, more or less, from southwest corner of Lot 1548, O.C.L. Range 5; thence following meandering of shore line of said island to point of commencement, and containing 2 1/2 acres, more or less. ROBERT C. GOSSE, Applicant. Per Wm. G. Mitchell, Agent. Dated October 26th, 1925.

LAND ACT. Notice of Intention to Apply to Lease Land In the Land Recording District of Prince Rupert, and situated on the south shore of Shannon Bay, Massett Inlet, Queen Charlotte Islands. TAKE NOTICE that I. Barry Robinson, of Massett, B.C., occupation Fish Curer, intend to apply for a lease of the following described lands:— Commencing at a post situated at the southwest corner of Lot 1548 (T.L. 825P); thence east 12 chains; thence north 10 chains, more or less, to high water mark; thence southwest 12 chains, more or less, following the high water mark to point of commencement, and containing 8 acres, more or less. I. B. FROST, Applicant. Massett, B.C. Dated October 26, 1925.

LAND ACT. Notice of Intention to Apply to Lease Land In the Land Recording District of Coast Range 5, and situated on North Rachel Island. TAKE NOTICE that Alfred Swanson, of Prince Rupert, occupation Mariner, intends to apply for a lease of the following described land:— Commencing at a post planted on the south point of North Rachel Island; thence around high water mark to the point of commencement, and containing 30 acres, more or less. ALFRED SWANSON, Applicant. A. E. Wright, Agent. Dated October 26th, 1925. Prince Rupert, B.C.

Children's Colds

Are quickly, pleasantly relieved by Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. If children's colds are got rid of promptly there will be less tendency to pneumonia and consumption in later life. It is the neglected, hanging-on cold that weakens the lungs and develops into serious trouble. No treatment for coughs and colds was ever so popular with the children as Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. It is so pleasant to the taste, so delightfully soothing and healing and affords relief so quickly that children soon turn to it instinctively when choked up with a cold or annoyed by coughing. It is mother's favorite treatment for croup and bronchitis, for she knows it will bring relief when the midnight coughing spasms set in. It is wise to always have a bottle at hand for prompt use in emergency.