THE DAILY NEWS

PRINCE RUPERT - BRITISH COLUMBIA

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H. F. PULLEN, Managing Editor.

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DAILY EDITION Wednesday, Aug. 19, 1925.

Power Is King In Industrial World.

Power is king in the industrial world. The place that can offer plenty of cheap power is the one that will make progress.

Just now power is the one thing that Prince Rupert lacks. There are plenty of waterpowers in the district but none of them are developed.

If the Canadian Pacific Railway officials or any other group is willing to put its money into a big power development scheme it should receive every possible encouragement from the people of Prince Rupert and doubtless would get it.

We want the power and we do not want to load the city down with debt in order to get it. If we are backed up to the wall we can probably do it but it would be better for a private company to harness the falls and sell us the power.

Woollen Industry Is Analyzed.

The Manitoba Free Press has an editorial article dealing with the woollen industry which should prove of interest in view of the persistent efforts of the manufacturers to raise the duty on woollen products. Following is what the Winnipeg paper says:

"The condition of the woollen industry is much to the fore in Canada, the United States and Great Britain. A number of Canadian woollen mills have closed in the last few months, claiming that they are unable to compete in the Canadian market against goods imported from abroad. There is a demand from the Canadian woollen manufacturers for increased protection by means of a higher tariff on imported woollen goods. At the present time the Canadian woollen manufacturer is protected against the outside manufacturer by a tariff duty running from twenty to thirty-five per cent.

"The British woollen manufacturer who enjoys no tariff protection, has a shut-down or lockout on his hands. Since July 24 135,000 British woollen workers have been out of work, due to the failure of the employers and employees to reach a wage settlement. The employers attempted to get the workers to take a wage reduction of ten per cent, which the workers turned down. The employers have now proposed a wage reduction of five per cent, which has also been unacceptable to the workers. The British manufacturer claims that the state of the industry makes it necessary for him to cut his costs in order to be able to carry on.

"In the United States, where the woollen manufacturer has the greatest protection of any industry in that country, the manufacturers claim that they are losing money and a ten per cent cut in the wages of the mill workers has been ordered. Under the Fordney-McCumber tariff of 1922, woollen goods entering the United States are taxed from twenty to forty-five cents a pound and there is an ad valorem duty of from forty to fifty per cent on top of that. It is perhaps safe to say that the woollen industry in the United States is just about as highly protected as any in the world. Yet the manufacturers are in difficulty and are cutting the wages of their employees.

"We have this situation, then: the woollen industry is in difficulty in free trade Britain; in Canada, with a medium tariff, comparatively, and in the United States with a sky-high tariff.

Buyers On Strike In United States.

"In a booklet sent to the Free Press by the Canadian Woollen and Knit Goods Manufacturers' Association, the claim is made that instead of the Canadian tariff having been lowered in 1922 and 1923 it should have been increased as was done in the United States. Yet with its high protection the woollen industry in the United States is experiencing a severe depression and is slashing wages. The reason for this, competent authorities in the U.S. point out, is that the high price of woollen goods in the United States put the prices of woollens so high that the buyers have gone on strike The well-known worm, the consumer, has turned and has refused to pay the prices the retailers have been demanding. The retailer could, no doubt, do nothing else. It would seem that you can get a higher price for your goods through the aid of a tariff but there is no law to compel anyone to buy your goods. In the end the wool producer and the wool manufacturer are hanged on their own gallows.

"The Canadian woollen manufacturer is protected against the outside competitor by a duty running from twenty to thirty-five per cent. How much higher has this to be raised in order to preserve to him the Canadian market? Can the people afford to pay more?"

Boat Builders!

We have 20,000 feet of 1-2 inch, 5-8 inch, 7-8 inch and 1 inch

Cedar Boat Lumber

which we must sell as we require the yard space for other stock.

DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY

ALBERT & McCAFFERY, LTD.

Phones 116 and 117.

HUMORIST AND SEA SERPENTS

Winnipeg Editor Takes Fling at Story Published Locally About Alleged Monster

Information comes from Victoria that a long and remarkable sea monster had been observed disporting itself in the neighborhood of Queen Charlotte Islands; and this monster is said to have a strong resemblance to the celebrated sea serpent which used to appear regularly in the news columns in the summer weather when excitement was at a low ebb and the police department was on vacation says the Manitoba Free Press. The extraordinary burst of crime, however, in the larger cities of the United States and the incidents connected with the enforcement of prohibition have made space exceedingly tight in these latter days and the sea serpent has not been called upon for quite a while; consequently, now that it has swum into Canadian waters and curled its scaly coils in the full view of some good newspaper man, we bid it welcome as an old friend and are glad to see it looking so fit and like itself.

Graham Island Variety

This Graham Island sea-serpent, says John J. Van Valkenburg, looks like nothing on earth. It is of enormous length, is two feet thick, has a head as big as a pickle factory, and its nostrils are visible to the naked eye at five hundred yards, which is near enough. It has eyes like illuminated sugar barrels, and they stand out on its face like doorknobs. Altogether a distinctive and intriguing conformation. It is greenish-black along its back, with a black and yellow belly, and it dived beneath the waters when it was approached by boat, indicating that it has either a shy or a suspicious nature. Altogether a high-class sea serpent done in the best conventional style.

This B.C. serpent, as we say, is evidently a docile creature shunning human intercourse; in this it is not like one of its brothers of some years ago. He, too, was a large and homely monster, but with a spirit of his own. When photographers and prying strangers approached too close he used to detach his large and flinty scales and flick them at the intruders with great speed and fair accuracy. He never actually made a hit on any of the newspaper lads, but several innocent bystanders were terribly upset and the flying scales knocked a number of skeptics and critics absolutely speechless who had been denying the animals existence. That was a real good sea serpent, that one was, and sold millions and millions of newspapers in a season when everything resembling news had gone and died.

Punch, Personality and Pep

Ah, well, in this crowded age, when Chicago thugs and Arab Sheiks battle each other for front page space, and prime ministers and wars in China are glad to get a couple of sticks in the inside columns, the poor old sea shake hasn't much chance. So the fact that he has once again made the grade, via the Queen Charlotte Islands, shows him to be a serpent of punch, personality and pep. We will be glad to hear more of him.

Ten Years Ago in Prince Rupert

August 19, 1915.

The annual flower show of the Prince Rupert Horticultural Society was opened in the Board of Trade rooms yesterday afternoon by Mrs. F. G. Dawson, vice-president of the society. Prominent agong the prize winners were M. M. Stephens, W. J. Kirkpatrick, Mrs. T. McClymont, Mrs. Dawson, E. Van Gastel and Mrs. R. L. McIntosh.

A battered old hat, on a trip around the world, arrived here last night and is on exhibition in McCutcheon's drug store. It started from the Panama Exposition at San Diego and came here by way of New York. It will be sent from Prince Rupert to Alaska and will then go across the Pacific.

Word has been received from the prairies that it will be unnecessary to send more men from this city to the harvest.

Advertise in the Daily News

The Man in the Moon SAYS:-

GAWTHORNE'S are selling mouth organs. Doubtless anticipating a general election.

TOURISTS object to visit the prairies because at this time of year they hear nothing but news of the crop.

THE reason Prince Rupert people need to play tennis is because so few of them operate lawn mowers.

I AM happy again. I have just read that all the little potatoes have been ruined by the rain. Until that last chestnut appears annually I feel that the newspapers have not fulfilled their destiny.

I KNOW some people who are so down on their luck that they would be in danger even if they wore two pairs of braces and a belt.

SOME people run out of money and with others it's just the opposite.

NO sooner will the vacation bills be paid than a five tube set will be needed to start the autumn. It's a hard world.

CANADIAN BACK FROM OLD LAND

Professor at Bristol University Visits Place of Birth on Prairies and Discusses Problems

WINNIPEG, Aug. 18. — The growing importance of Canada as one of the leading units of the British Empire was stressed by C. M. MacInnis, professor of colonial and economic history, at the university of Bristol, England, upon his arrival here on his way to Calgary, Alta., the place of his birth.

"To my mind nothing can stop the North American continent from becoming eventually the chief influence of the future, and I feel that in the years to come there is every likelihood of Canada becoming the centre of the British Commonwealth of nations, with the necessary political power transferred to her," he said.

Professor MacInnes graduated at Dalhousie and Oxford Universities. He lost the sight of both eyes as the result of wounds received during the war. This handicap did not prevent him from taking up his present position. He is the author of "The British Commonwealth and its Unsolved Problems."

"There may be some who would advocate that Canada should go forward as an independent nation, outside the British Commonwealth. I fail to see this line of reasoning, for the fact that Canada is within the Empire, appears to me one of the chief reasons of her strength," declared Prof. MacInnes.

"I wish," continued the visitor, "that Canada would consider more than she does at present, the advisability of taking a share of the responsibilities in the distant parts of the Empire. For that reason I would welcome more of the colonial services being thrown open to Canadians. The secretary for the colonies and overseas dominions is alive to this fact and I hope that it will materialize." He also emphasised the importance of the Pacific in the future affairs of the world.

ASSAILANTS OF POLICE OFFICER PLEAD GUILTY

Sentence on John Tartanville and A. Asselin is Reserved by Judge Young

John Tartanville and A. Asselin, charged with resisting arrest and assaulting a police officer in the execution of his duties on Comox Avenue early Monday morning, elected for speedy trial and pleaded guilty on appearing before Judge Young in the County Court yesterday afternoon. Sentence was reserved pending an investigation into the criminal records, if any, of the men. They were represented in court by L. W. Patmore.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Prince Rupert.

Mrs. R. G. Brown, Minneapolis; Mrs. Ernest Blue, Hyder; O. K. Smith, Seattle; W. G. Broad, G. S. Mills, E. Twadell, W. F. Islip and D. O'Neil Hayes, Stewart; Kenneth Philp, Loon Lake, Sask.; James Lamb, Cassiar; J. J. Murray, Vancouver; H. Waugh, city; Mr. and Mrs. E. Lawler, Ketchikan; E. F. Nicholls, Bullers Shows, Victoria.

Central

J. G. Reeves, C.N.R.; John McCallum and Mr. and Mrs. William Morrison, Stewart; Oscar Holt, Seattle; E. W. Johnson, city.

STEAMSHIPS CUT RATES BECAUSE BUSINESS POOR

LONDON, Aug. 19.— Shipping freights are at present in a bad way. Rates have fallen to levels below those of pre-war days and represent losses to many shipowners. Large liner companies are experiencing a great dearth of demand for their space and cut rates to absorb cargoes which would ordinarily go on tramp steamers.

This policy is said to be insufficient to fill the liners with remunerative cargo and consequently several concerns have curtailed sailing programs and laid up several boats. Many cargo steamers are returning to home ports here in ballast rather than accept rates quoted in some trades.

D. S. Cameron, fisheries overseer for the central division who arrived by the flying boat GN from the south on Monday evening, returned to his headquarters at Swanson Bay on the Cardena last night. Mrs. Cameron and family are spending the summer in Vancouver.

LAND ACT

Notice of Intention to Apply to Lease Land

In Queen Charlotte Land Recording District of Prince Rupert, and situate about two miles in a northerly direction from Rooney Point, Massett Inlet, Graham Island, British Columbia.

Take Notice that Langara Fishing & Packing Company Limited, of Massett, B.C., occupation Packers, intends to apply for a lease of the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted two miles in a northerly direction from Rooney Point, Massett Inlet, Graham Island, British Columbia; thence easterly five chains, more or less, to low water mark; thence northerly along low water mark one hundred and sixty chains; thence westerly five chains; thence southerly one hundred and sixty chains, more or less, to point of commencement, and containing eighty acres, more or less.

LANGARA FISHING & PACKING PACKING CO. LTD.
Applicant.
Per E. H. Simpson, Agent.
Dated June 13th, 1925.

LAND ACT

Notice of Intention to Apply to Lease Land

In Queen Charlotte Land Recording District of Prince Rupert, and situate about one and a half miles east of Massett Lighthouse at the mouth of Massett Inlet, Graham Island, British Columbia.

TAKE NOTICE that Langara Fishing & Packing Company Limited, of Victoria, B.C., occupation, Packers, intends to apply for a lease of the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the northwest corner of Lot Seven, Graham Island, British Columbia, about one and a half miles east of Massett Lighthouse at the mouth of Massett Inlet, Graham Island, British Columbia; thence northerly five chains, more or less to low water mark; thence westerly, along low water mark one hundred and sixty chains; thence southerly five chains; thence easterly one hundred and sixty chains, more or less, to point of commencement, and containing eighty acres, more or less.

LANGARA FISHING & PACKING CO. LTD., Applicant.
Per E. H. Simpson, Agent.
Dated June 10th, 1925.

LAND ACT

Notice of Intention to Apply to Lease Land

In Queen Charlotte Land Recording District of Prince Rupert, and situate at Rooney Point, Graham Island, British Columbia.

Take Notice that Langara Fishing & Packing Company Limited, of Massett, B.C., occupation Packers, intends to apply for a lease of the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at Rooney Point, Graham Island, British Columbia; thence northerly five chains, more or less, to low water mark; thence westerly along low water mark one hundred and sixty chains; thence southerly five chains; thence easterly one hundred and sixty chains, more or less, to point of commencement, and containing eighty acres, more or less.

LANGARA FISHING & PACKING PACKING CO. LTD.
Applicant.
Per E. H. Simpson, Agent.
Dated June 12th, 1925.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

The Mineral Province of Western Canada

TO END OF DECEMBER, 1924.

Has produced Minerals as follows:—Placer Gold, $77,382,953; Lode Gold, $118,473,190; Silver, $68,824,579; Lead, $70,548,578; Copper, $187,489,378; Zinc, $32,171,497; Miscellaneous Minerals, $1,431,349; Coal and Coke, $260,880,048; Building Stone, Brick, Cement, etc., $42,225,814; making its Mineral Production to the end of 1924 show an

Aggregate Value of $859,427,386

Production for Year Ending Dec. 1924, $48,704,604

The Mining Laws of this Province are more liberal and the fees lower than those of any other Province in the Dominion, or any colony in the British Empire.
Mineral locations are granted to discoverers for nominal fees.
Absolute Titles are obtained by developing such properties, the security of which is guaranteed by Crown Grants.
Full information together with Mining Reports and Maps, may be obtained gratis by addressing—

THE HON. THE MINISTER OF MINES
Victoria, British Columbia.

N.B. — Practically all British Columbia Mineral Properties upon which development work has been done are described in some one of the Annual Reports of the Minister of Mines. Those considering mining investments should refer to such reports. They are available without charge on application to the Department of Mines, Victoria, B.C. Reports of the Geological Survey of Canada, Pacific Building, Vancouver, are recommended as valuable sources of information.

FOR SALE

Halibut Gear

$10.00 to $25.00

per skate
including gangings and hooks

Canadian Fish & Cold Storage Co., Ltd.
PRINCE RUPERT, B.C.

LOGGERS' CIGAR STORE

HAS REMOVED

to building next door to Frizzell Butcher Shop, across from the Empress Hotel
We carry a full line of

CIGARS, TOBACCOS, FRUITS, CANDIES
SOCIAL ROOM IN CONNECTION

James Zarelli Proprietor

Kindling!

When you are buying kindling why not get something that will start the fire in a hurry? We handle only the best there is — "Bone Dry Kiln Dried Wood." Should you order a load of this you get value. Full load $6.00 or nicely tied bundles, 5 for $1.00.

Our Taxi number is easy to remember, "112", and "Service" is our motto. If you use our cars today you will use them again. 50c is our charge day or night — "all the time."

Dray work of all kinds attended to promptly.

Stand—345 Third Ave.
Also Seal Cove

The Prince Rupert Transfer & Taxi Co.
Phones: 189, 112.

Wood! Wood!

Now is your chance

DRY CEDAR
Full load $6.00
Half load $3.00
Large sacks 50c

DRY BIRCH
Per load $6.50

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139 Second Avenue
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WE BUY BOTTLES.