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EVERY MAN WITH FORTSIGHT AND VISION FOR WINTER WE'RE PREPARED TO MAKE PROVISION!

COAL

You don't need a telescope to see that Winter is coming. The man who looks ahead will fill up his bin with good coal now and keep the cold at a safe distance.

We have a battery of men, trucks and tractor and lots of coal ammunition awaiting your call to defend the home against cold.

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TUGBOATS Day Phones - 423, 539, Green 238, Black 735. Night. Phones - 687, 539, Green 238, Black 735. RUPERT MARINE PRODUCTS, LTD. GEO. G. BUSHBY, Man. Dir.

LUMBER We are manufacturing rough and dressed lumber. Edge grain boat cedar. Halibut and salmon boxes. Ask For Prices Seal Cove Lumber Co. Ltd. PHONE 562

VITAMINS ARE NECESSARY TO HEALTH OF ALL

DISCOVERER TELLS HOW HE DISCOVERED THIS ELEMENT OF FOOD

DETROIT, Nov. 10.—White mice—two pages of them—pictured in a national farm journal several years ago, started the readers of that astutely agricultural publication. What, asked the farmers, were pictures of mice, especially white mice, doing in a magazine devoted to livestock?

That was the first public announcement of the discovery by Dr. E. V. McCollum, now of John Hopkins University of vitamins, the food elements which have since revolutionized all systems of nutrition. The white mice were to show farmers what might be accomplished with livestock by correct vitamin feeding. That new knowledge has now been applied to the diet of human beings.

WAS STUDYING NUTRITION Dr. McCollum's theory originated, like many other such great discoveries, through what might almost be termed an accident.

"I was a young fellow, just out of Yale, and was in 1907, working at the Farm Experiment Station at Madison, Wisconsin," he said. "I was trying to determine relative nutrition values of the then known food elements (proteins, carbohydrates, fats, minerals and oil).

"White mice, used in the experiments, were fed pure protein, carbohydrate, etc. But the animals did not thrive. Neither

Sealed Tenders will be received by the Minister of Lands at Victoria, B.C., not later than noon on the 23rd day of December, 1926, for the purchase of Licence X4862, to cut 6,841,500 F.B.M. of Spruce, Hemlock and Cedar on an area situated on Maude Island adjoining Lots 460 and 461, Skidgate Inlet, Queen Charlotte Islands.

Two (2) years will be allowed for removal of timber. Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria, B.C., or District Forester, Prince Rupert, B.C.

IN PROBATE. IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA. In the Matter of the Administration Act; and In the Matter of the Estate of Andrew McNaught, otherwise known as Andrew Johnston.

Under and by virtue of an Order dated the 8th day of October, 1926, and made by His Honour Judge F. McLaughlin, Local Judge of the Supreme Court, leave was given to Stephen H. Hoskins, Official Administrator for the Estate of Andrew McNaught, otherwise known as Andrew Johnston, as defined in Order in Council No. 1405-26, to swear as to the death of Andrew McNaught, otherwise known as Andrew Johnston, formerly of the Town of Smithers, in the Province of British Columbia, as of the 9th day of July, 1926, one month after the first publication of this notice.

THEREFORE TAKE NOTICE that, unless proof is furnished to the District Registrar of the Supreme Court at Victoria, British Columbia, within one month after the first publication of this notice, that the said Andrew McNaught, otherwise known as Andrew Johnston, was alive subsequent to the 9th day of July 1926, the said Stephen H. Hoskins will proceed to swear as to the death of Andrew McNaught, otherwise known as Andrew Johnston.

WILLIAMS & GONZALES, Solicitors. This notice was first published on the 16th day of October, A.D., 1926.

WATER NOTICE. Diversion and Use. TAKE NOTICE that Somerville Cannery Company, Ltd., whose address is Gore Avenue Wharf, Victoria, B.C., will apply for a licence to take and use 60 gallons per minute of water out of small stream, also known as Mill Stream, which flows northeast and drains into the Harbour about 200 yards northwest of southeast corner of Tox Mining Claim. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about 600 feet from its mouth point in a southwesterly direction, and will be used for industrial purposes upon the Tox Mining Claim, situated at the northeast corner of the 9th day of September, 1926. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto, may be filed with the Water Recorder at Prince Rupert, B.C., objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or filed with the controller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C., within thirty days after the date of publication of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is October 5, 1926.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR LEASE. In the Land Recording District of Atlin Mining Division of Cassiar District. TAKE NOTICE that the Engineer Gold Mines, Ltd., Inc., a registered mining company, intends to apply for a leasehold lease of the following land: Situated at a point planted about 500 feet distant in an Easterly direction from the North West corner of Lot 4329, Sky Lake Mining Claim, situated at the mouth of the Wain River, on Taku Arm of Tahsil Lake, thence in a Northerly direction 225 feet, thence in an Easterly direction 100 feet, thence in a Southerly direction 150 feet or less to high water mark, thence Westerly 100 feet or less to a point of commencement of the lease, containing 0.5 acres more or less, situated in the 16th day of August, 1926. (Signed) H. M. FRASER, B. C. L. S. Agent.

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would a carbohydrate diet suffice, not a straight diet of any pure element. Combinations of two, three, or all these elements in pure form also failed."

TRIED DIFFERENT FOODS Dr. McCollum then suspected there must be in food some factor other than those known. So he adopted different tactics and placed the rodents in food-element diets.

"Under this new diet regime some of the experimental animals flourished and some did not. It was then concluded that no animal could be healthy unless certain food were included, principally milk and the leaves of vegetables, since these foods seemed to contain most of the vital elements. An unknown food element was present but it could not be segregated. And it has never been completely isolated. However, the experiments have demonstrated that Vitamin A is present in one food, Vitamin B in another, and so on."

NO MORE TO FIND During the first period of experimentation, the first three elements, A, B, and C, were found. In the last three years, D and E have been revealed.

Dr. McCollum does not believe there are yet undiscovered vitamins. Scientific attention is now being given, he said, to the problem of isolating these Xs, the unknown quantities, of food. When that is accomplished, it is possible that the future man's menu will be: protein, eight ounces; carbohydrates, three ounces; fats, minerals and oil, one ounce each—providing always that the whole is garnished with a sauce of the essence of the vitamins.

WRITING ARTICLE FOR THE OUTLOOK ON PRINCE RUPERT It is very probable that early in the new year The Outlook of New York, will publish an article on Prince Rupert as one of the great ports of the continent, written by George Marvin who was here within the past few days. Information was supplied him by the publicity committee of the board of trade and he expressed himself as much enthused over the port. He felt quite justified in treating it as a great port of the future.

Mr. Marvin has represented The Outlook both at home and abroad for the past two years and also writes extensively for the Baltimore Sun, Asia and other publications. He was here with Mrs. Marvin and during his stay interviewed F. G. Dawson, the heads of the railway department and a great many other prominent citizens.

GETS FOUR MONTHS Edward Wagner of Stewart was found guilty in Judge Young's court yesterday afternoon on a charge of false pretences and was sentenced to four months' imprisonment at Okalla.

GOT HER FEET WET CAUGHT BAD COLD Mrs. Ernest Hall, Cardinal, Ont., writes:—"Last winter I got my feet wet and I caught a terrible cold. I took different kinds of medicine, but none did me any good and I seemed to be getting worse all the time. One day I was reading about what your medicine had done for others, so I thought I would get a bottle. After I had taken a few doses I found it was helping me, so I took a few bottles and was completely restored to health. I cannot praise

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup too highly, as I believe that if it were not for it I would be an invalid to-day." Price 35c. a bottle, large family size 60c.; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

JAZZ IS GREAT FOR TIRED BUSINESSMEN DECLARES MUSICIAN

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—Music that moves the feet rather than the heart is retarding the development of American opera in the belief of J. Rosamond Johnson, pianist and exponent of the negro spirituals.

"The great fault of those who are trying to advance American opera is that they are taking trivial things—music that appeals to the feet rather than to the soul," Johnson said. "Jazz is a great institution for the tired business man and others needing relaxation, but there is little hope for its being developed into the poetry of symphony music, except to furnish jolly movements to more serious works."

Johnson says an understanding of the negro philosophy reflected in the spirituals—the belief of the negro that a happy life awaited him in Heaven when his earthly troubles were ended—is necessary for permanent adaptation of his songs in the music of today.

VERY SHORT SESSION OF CITY COUNCIL WAS HELD LAST EVENING

A fifteen minute session of the city council last evening came near to breaking the record for length. The accounts amounting to \$15,903.43 were passed, a tender for washed pea coal from Philpot, Eritt & Co. to be supplied at \$6.80 a long ton was accepted and a report of the engineer suggesting the erection of a collapsible garage to house the police auto at a cost of \$125 was accepted. The resolution of adjournment was then adopted without remark.

World of Women and the Work of Eternal Female

SOCKS FOR PRISONERS Socks will be the centre of a program of industrial activity designed to keep women prisoners busy when the new three-story, steam-heated building is completed at San Quentin penitentiary, San Francisco. Machines will be installed on which the women will make all the socks needed by nearly three thousand male convicts, as well as all the stockings they themselves need. There will also be looms on which the women will weave all the blankets used at San Quentin.

CHILEAN WOMEN Women of Chile will have the right to vote if a bill now before the Chamber of Deputies becomes law. The bill recommends that the electoral law be changed so that the word "citizens" would replace the word "varones," which means males.

PLAYS BEST TENNIS Princess Astrid of Sweden, now the bride of Crown Prince Leopold, is the best woman tennis player of the European Royal houses. Her royal uncle, King Gustav, who is a familiar figure on the tennis courts of the Riviera during the winter, was her professor. He is an enthusiastic player and in spite of his advanced years, never asks for mercy from his opponents.

FLIES TO WORK The Duchess of Bedford, one of the newest recruits to flying, threatens to become a rival of Mrs. Sophie Elliott Lynn, Britain's pioneer air woman. The Duchess does not have her own aeroplane, as she prefers to hire one for occasions. She makes frequent trips to Manchester by air, and also always goes to her seat at Newton Stewart, Wigtownshire, by the same method.

WOMEN'S COSMETICS Turkish women, famed before and since unweaving, for their expert use of cosmetics, have opened war against what a Turkish authoress calls "the policy of paint."

CEMENTS UNION Mrs. Louis Botha, wife of the late General Botha, played the principal part in the unveiling of the Delville Wood Memorial to the South African soldiers who fell in the World War. Her presence meant the temporary burying of the political hatchet between the two opposing parties in South Africa.

INVENTIONS BY WOMEN Among inventions by women for women shown at the International Exhibition of Inventions, London, was a device by which the outside of a window may be cleaned inside the room. Versatility was the key note of the inventions of women who supplied about 20 per cent of the exhibits. One was a table which may be transformed into a wash stand, a work table

and a receptacle for cookery. A folding cup, plate and saucer attracted attention. PREFERRED HORSES The Duchess of Buckingham never uses a motor because she prefers her stately carriage and pair of fine bay horses.

Remarkable Profits in French Government 6% Bonds

WE BELIEVE that an investment made to-day in French Government 6% Bonds (Loan authorized Dec. 16th, 1926) is a profitable one. The French Government on or after Jan. 1st, 1931, presents an extraordinary opportunity for profit in the event of any material advance in the value of French money (franc).

International bankers believe that the French franc will sell above 5 cents per franc before very long. Just think what this means to French Government securities when a rise of merely 1 cent in the franc means an immediate profit of 40% on the investment. When the French franc sells at 5 cents per franc or \$50.00 per 1,000 francs your profit will be \$25.00 on every bond of 1,000 francs, French Government 6% Loan or 100% for every \$25.00 invested to-day.

With the French franc at 10 cents per franc (a little over one-half its par value) each bond of 1,000 francs French Government 6% Loan would be worth \$100.00, representing a profit of \$75.00 or over 300% on the \$25.00 invested to-day.

We made a lengthy and thorough investigation to determine the best way to buy French francs for maximum profits. We believe that the French Government 6% Bonds afford the best and logical medium for their investment. French investors precisely what Canadian Government Victory Bonds represent to Canadian investors. Both legal investments for every institution, trust fund and savings bank in France and constitute a strictly high-grade, gilt-edge government investment. They may be sold at any time at the prevailing rate not only in France (the bonds are listed on the Paris Bourse) but throughout the principal financial centres of the world. The interest coupons have always been paid promptly on the due date and can be cashed in Montreal, New York, London, Rome, Amsterdam, Brussels, Madrid, Berne, Berlin, Vienna, Copenhagen, Stockholm, Bucharest, Rio de Janeiro, Buenos Aires and in fact throughout the world at the current rate for francs.

French francs, we believe, will unquestionably and ultimately come back to their full gold value of \$193.00 per 1,000 francs. A little over a century ago the United States owed \$2 million of dollars—a gigantic sum at that time—to Europe, and being then purely an agricultural country with no developed resources, the situation was considered very bad at the time. Again, after the American Civil War gold sold at a premium of almost 200% in New York but British, French and Dutch investors, more accustomed to that sort of thing because their international viewpoint, only saw in the depreciated currency an opportunity for very large profits by investment in gilt-edged but depreciated American securities. To-day the United States forms one of the richest countries in the world.

Probably ten times as destructive by comparison with the late World War (which resulted in the depreciation of the monetary unit of practically every country in the world) was the war of 1865-1870 between Brazil and Paraguay, which resulted in the virtual blotting out of all of Paraguayan methods, practical bankruptcy, huge indemnities, and which, in the country, left twenty-five women for each surviving male, no manufactures and no high-educational institutions such as France enjoys to-day. Paraguay eventually recovered and those who had faith in the recovery of that nation earned fortunes.

England, too, once faced what seemed to be a financial disaster. During the Napoleonic wars British securities sank to next to nothing; but soon after the Victory of Waterloo British bonds soared returning vast fortunes to those who had purchased them when things looked blackest for England, and sold them after Wellington's victory became known. France, bankrupt at the hands of Bismarck during the Franco-Prussian War of 1870, suffered an experience which is still within the memory of living men and which serves to set at rest any doubt as to the ability of the French people to completely restore their public finances; her Government bonds sold down to 75% of their normal value—they looked hopeless—within a few years France had set her house in order, discharged all of her obligations and the bonds were again back to par. In fact, records show that French securities sold over par—making fortunes for those who had possessed and enterprise to invest in the temporarily depreciated Government bonds of France.

Recent history has shown remarkable examples of the rehabilitation of nation's finances. After the World War England saw the day that only \$1.35 could be obtained for one pound sterling. English currency had lost about one-third of its international value. At this moment the situation has righted itself and the British pound is once more worth its full value in the international market. Every Canadian remembers that a few years ago, in 1920 and 1921, when exchanging Canadian money for American money he could obtain only \$22.00 American money for 100 Canadian dollars. There were predictions at that time that an even larger depreciation of Canadian money would take place but fortunately these did not materialize. Investors in the United States perceived that purchasing Canadian Government and municipal bonds was bound to turn out remunerative sooner or later. The Canadian dollar started to recover its international value and at the present moment the situation is even reversed. Canadians can obtain slightly more than 100 American dollars for \$100.00 in Canadian money. Many Canadian Government and municipal bonds are now selling considerably above par.

The Swiss franc, after the war, was quoted at 15 cents per franc or \$1,500.00 per 10,000 Swiss francs. To-day the Swiss franc is quoted above par at more than \$130.00 per 10,000 Swiss francs—showing a gain of \$430.00 on every 10,000 Swiss francs purchased a few years ago. Shrewd investors earned a satisfactory profit on their investment.

Table Showing Present Prices

Present Price	7 cents per Franc	12 cents per Franc	Par 19c per Franc
1,000 French Government 6% Bond	\$25	\$40	\$120
2,000 French Government 6% Bond	50	80	240
5,000 French Government 6% Bond	125	200	600
10,000 French Government 6% Bond	250	400	1,200
25,000 French Government 6% Bond	625	1,000	3,000
50,000 French Government 6% Bond	1,250	2,000	6,000
100,000 French Government 6% Bond	2,500	4,000	12,000

WE ARE selling a large number of these bonds at the above price which covers every expense. Upon receipt of accepted cheque or money order the bonds will be immediately forwarded by registered and insured mail. Order with remittance to our purchase, must be received by early mail to insure these prices as quotations change frequently.

For many years this investment House has been one of North America's foremost exclusive foreign bond houses. It is vitally important to us to have our clients select those bonds which make the most money for them and make it most quickly. Our interest does not cease after a sale for it is our constant aim to keep in touch with our clientele, scattered throughout the length and breadth of Canada, the United States and Newfoundland, to render it gratuitous service, informing clients when bonds which they own are due and whether or not we deem it advisable to sell. This service is expensive to ourselves but its value to our clients is incalculable.

The Dutch guilder, Holland's monetary unit, in the wake of the war, depreciated to less than 30 cents per guilder or \$3,000.00 per 10,000 guilders. To-day 10,000 guilders are worth \$4,020.00—showing a net gain of \$1,020.00 on every 10,000 guilders. Investors are reaping their rewards to-day.

The Swedish krona after the World War sold down to \$1.74, 00 per 10,000 Swedish krona. To-day the value of the same 10,000 Swedish krona is \$2,680.00—a generous profit of \$940.00 has been reaped by investors on every 10,000 Swedish krona purchased a few years ago.

After the great havoc wrought by the earthquakes in Japan a few years ago, the yen, the monetary unit of the Japanese empire, rose from 37 1/2 cents per yen or \$3,750.00 per 10,000 yen to 48 cents per yen or \$4,800.00 per 10,000 yen—a substantial improvement of \$1,050.00 for every 10,000 yen purchased by far-sighted investors who were astute enough to see that it was only a question of time before the Japanese yen would rise sufficiently as to yield them substantial profits.

The recent rapid rise of Danish exchange has been rather remarkable. In 1921—five years ago—the Danish krona sold as low as 13 cents per krona or \$1,300.00 per 10,000 krona. The quotation to-day on the Danish krona is 26.50 cents per krona or \$2,650.00 per 10,000 krona—a net gain in five years' time of \$1,350.00 or over 100% on every 10,000 Danish krona purchased. Many investors, five years ago, did not share our opinion that this exchange would be back to par before very long.

The remarkable advance of the Norwegian exchange clearly emphasizes the fact that history is repeating itself every day of our lives. From 11 1/2 cents per krona or \$1,150.00 per 10,000 Norwegian krona, the value has risen in a few short years to the present quotation of 24 cents per krona or \$2,400.00 per 10,000 krona—a profit of \$1,250.00 on every 10,000 Norwegian krona purchased. The Norwegian krona has not yet reached par but it is expected that in the comparatively near future the unit will touch 26.50 cents per krona or \$2,650.00 per 10,000 krona. Our clients who are still interested in Norwegian exchange feel as we do—that it is only a question of time before the Norwegian krona will touch par.

A few years ago Spain's monetary unit, the peseta, was quoted at 17 1/2 cents per peseta, or \$1,750.00 per 10,000 pesetas. Spanish exchange has now recovered to 15.84 cents per peseta or \$1,584.00 per 10,000 pesetas—a net gain of \$166.00 or \$1,660.00 per 10,000 pesetas. This unit is also expected to touch par shortly.

South American exchanges are daily showing similar wide and substantial improvements in their value. The Argentine peso, not so long ago, was worth only 28.30 cents per peso or \$2,830.00 per 10,000 pesos. To-day the Argentine peso is quoted at over 40 cents per peso or \$4,000.00 per 10,000 pesos showing a profit of \$1,170.00 on every 10,000 Argentine pesos. These facts speak for themselves.

The history of the world convinces us forcibly that the most difficult thing to do is to maintain national existence. When millions of men and populations of nations lead their collective efforts nothing is impossible. The French franc will come back.

We believe that the greatest opportunity of the present generation to earn remarkable profits exists to-day for investors through the purchase of French Government 6% Bonds. These securities rank as the pre-eminent class of French Government bonds and are virtually a mortgage on the pecuniary and vast resources of the Republic of France. These bonds are valid for thirty years after date of call and the interest coupons payable June 16th and December 16th are valid for five years after their respective due dates, thus enabling the investor to cash them at any time in the interval that the exchange rates are in his favor. The higher the rate of the franc the more the Canadian dollars will the investor obtain for his interest coupons. Thus as the franc rises, not only will the value of the bonds increase but the interest-income will be some greater and greater.

It will be seen that at the present rate of the franc the holder of a 10,000 franc French Government 6% Bond will receive for his coupons which always aggregate 600 francs per annum a sum in Canadian money equivalent to a return of over 7% on his investment, that is the cost of a 10,000 franc bond is \$115.80. When the franc reaches 2 cents however, the value of the coupons will be much higher; 600 francs will be worth \$48.00 which, on an investment of \$250.00 is equal to a yield of 19%.

When the franc has reached 10 cents or \$1,000.00 per 10,000 francs the return will be still higher. Every 600 francs in interest coupons will bring \$60.00 when cashed. Here the franc bond (which cost only \$250.00 to-day) against a normal exchange value of \$1,930.00, will be worth \$90.00 representing a return of 36%. And lastly, with the franc at par the coupons for one year amounting to 600 francs will be worth \$115.80. This sum is equivalent to an interest yield of over 46% on the original investment of \$250.00.

French industries are thriving and working overtime—France is rapidly re-entering the export markets of the world, her shipping is crowding the world's ports, and the nation shows every evidence of material and economic progress. Reparations payments are enhancing the French treasury. A great wave of confidence is sweeping over France since the Pomereu Government, including six experiments, took power. It is estimated that no less than eight hundred millions of gold dollars held by French nationals abroad, are beginning to flow back into the country. The circulation of French currency is being drastically curtailed. The millions of dollars expended by tourists form a great addition to the wealth of the nation. These conditions should help quickly reflected in rapid enhancements in the value of French francs and in French Government bonds. That is why we urge you to buy now while these securities are in the bargain counter.

—And How Your Bonds Will Increase in Value With Bonds at Par and the French Franc Advancing to Par—

THE INVESTMENT HOUSE OF C. M. CORDASCO & COMPANY SPECIALIZING EXCLUSIVELY IN FOREIGN GOVERNMENT AND MUNICIPAL BONDS. MARCEL TRUST BUILDING MONTREAL. 292 ST. JAMES STREET CANADA. Name: Address: 11

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