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OSTEOPATHY IS DISCUSSED BY BRITISH HOUSE

Commons Refuses to Interfere Between Doctors and Irregular Practitioners After Discussion

LONDON, Sept. 17. — The House of Commons refused to take any action to prevent irregular practitioners doing business in this country. The spread of "unqualified practice" in medicine and surgery by Osteopaths and others was discussed at some length and the members took sides for and against but without arriving at any decision.

Regulars' Side

Dr. Little moved that an authoritative inquiry, with the object of making recommendations to parliament for dealing with the whole position of irregular practice in medicine and surgery, was urgently necessary. His comments were mainly concerned with osteopaths, who, according to Dr. Little, differ from other groups of unqualified practitioners in their claim to be as fully trained as the qualified. The theory of osteopathy had been examined, and rejected by international medicine, and nowhere more decisively than in America, the place of its birth. This theory he described as one which attributed every disease to the dislocation of small bones in the spinal column, whereas in fact, cancer, tuberculosis, and some forms of insanity were due to bacterial infection.

Hilton Young seconded the motion.

C. Atkinson, who bore personal testimony to the efficacy of osteopathy, moved an amendment in an endeavor to remove from manipulative practitioners the tacit reflection contained in Dr. Little's motion.

Orthodox and Heterodox

In the debate cases of successful and unsuccessful treatment were mentioned by both the orthodox and the heterodox. Mr. Storry-Deans suggested that the minister of health should use his influence to introduce into the General Medical Council a lay representation, for lack of which it had lost public confidence.

Mr. Chamberlain declined to support either the motion or the amendment, interpreting the former to mean the prohibition of all unqualified practitioners, and the latter to involve the official recognition of osteopaths. The public, he believed, would not desire to be cut off from any efficacious, if unorthodox, medical or surgical aid, and at the same time there was the impossibility of devising any board to assess the skill of osteopaths. He suggested that the solution of the problem would be found in the creation by the British Osteopathic Association of their own colleges, and in that eventuality he foresaw the gradual conformation of their curricula with those of the General Medical Council.

This interesting debate was "talked out" by Colonel T. Sinclair, a member of the General Medical Council.

The Soothing Thought

Hub—Now that we've spent so much money fixing up the house, I suppose you won't want to go away.

Wife—Oh, yes, I will, but I'll feel more cheerful about coming back.

ANOTHER MAN IS DISCOVERED

Galilean Skull Somewhat Resembles That of Neanderthal Man Not Our Progenitor

London, Sept. 17—At the British Assn. Turville-Petre, discoverer of the Galilean skull, was present at a meeting of the Anthropological section, and described the locality where the discovery was made, and an interesting dissertation was given by Sir A. Keith. He gave it as his opinion that the discovery announced by Mr. Turville-Petre would always rank among the important events of prehistory.

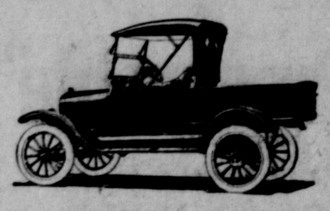
The discovery was particularly important, Sir A. Keith continued, because of the place in which it was made, for their imaginations had always placed the arrival there of Abraham and of the Israelites from Egypt as events which marked the very beginnings of history. In the light of this discovery, all those Biblical records became the happenings of recent days, for in this cave on the western shore of the Lake of Galilee the archaeologist's spade had laid bare the records of a people who lived in Palestine 20,000 years or more before Abraham and his household made their trek eastwards.

Dominant Type

The type of humanity and the kind of implements fashioned by that humanity in stone and in bone discovered in the Galilean cave were similar to those which were made in the caves of France during the Mousterian period. From this discovery they saw that in remote times, as today, a dominant type of mankind spread abroad from a cradle land carrying their particular methods of living with them until a large area of the world was covered. The balance of evidence in this ancient case was in favor of Europe being the cradle land both of man and of his culture. It was possible but by no means proved that Europe, as in modern times, led the world in thought and deed. The present discovery made certain that the kind of man who lived in Palestine at a very remote period was of the same type and lived in much the same way as he did in Europe.

Is 20,000 Years Old

The Galilean man showed all the characteristics of Neanderthal man in his forehead; he had also the peculiarly moulded Neanderthal cheeks. From the estimated dimensions of the skull the skilled anthropologist would learn that Galilean man, so far as concerned size of brain, had reached the average which held for most living races of mankind. "We must not look on the Neanderthal man," said Sir Arthur Keith, in conclusion, "or on this one as an ancestor. I could not conceive his teeth becoming ours, nor could I conceive his nose. He is a cousin as it were of our ancestor, but certainly not our ancestor. On the other hand, it is absolutely wrong to call him anything but human—a man. He lived on the western shores of the Lake of Galilee, not far from Capernaum, some 20,000 or 30,000 years before miracles began to be performed there."



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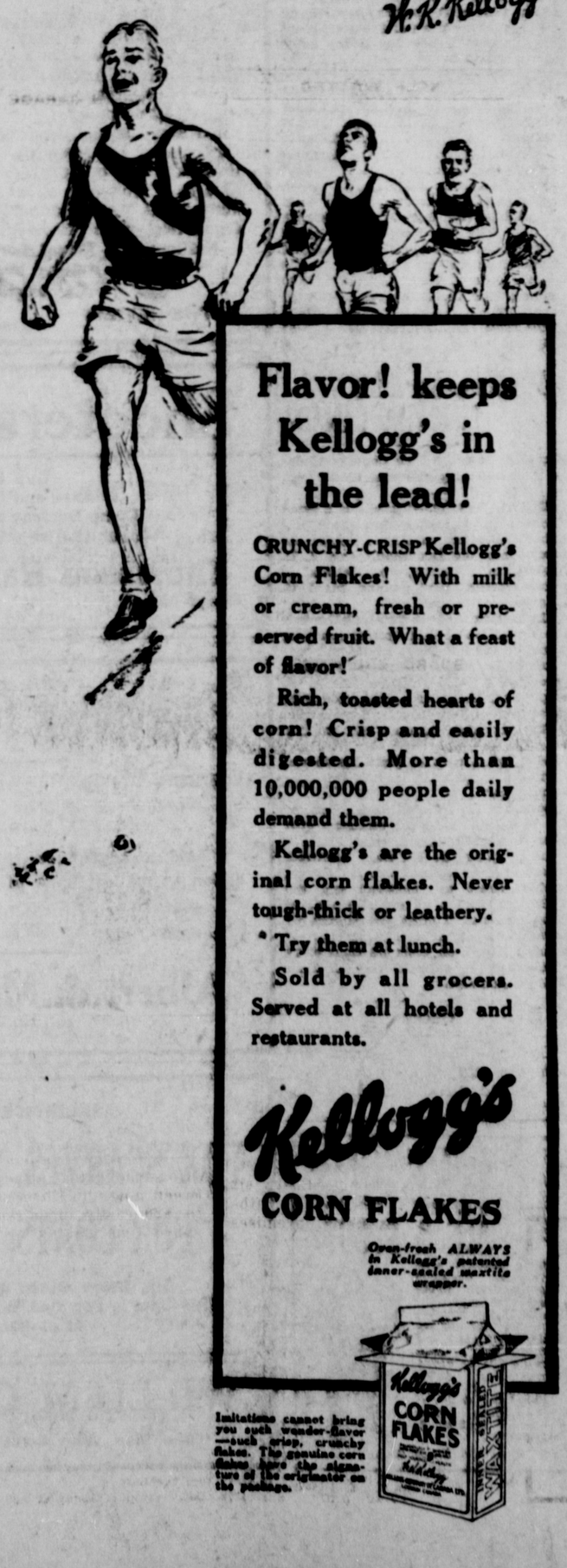

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Rich, toasted hearts of corn! Crisp and easily digested. More than 10,000,000 people daily demand them.

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GROAN UNDER BURDEN OF WEDDING EXPENSES

Campaign in Japan to Cheapen Ceremonies, Which Are Not Very Complicated There.

Tokio, Sept. 17—Getting married in Japan costs more—for the Japanese—than in many other countries. For this reason Premier Wakatsuki, as chairman of the Thrift and Saving Encouragement Board, has begun a campaign to make weddings cheaper.

Expenditures for a Japanese wedding run all the way from 500 yen, for the lower classes, to 500,000 yen for the very rich. When the daughter of a poor clerk marries it is frequently necessary for her father to spend his entire life's savings in the observance of the customs and celebrations which are deemed essential in order to maintain "face."

Present of Money

While the bride's father groans under the heavy expense, the bride-groom does not escape. In the first place, after the go-between has arranged the engagement, the young man makes a money present to the girl's family. The sum is supposed to be generously commensurate with the intended son-in-law's financial position. Then he must visit all the shrines and make presents to the priests.

After the wedding he pays for the banquet which is absolutely necessary and at which much sake is consumed. But even then he is not through. He must engage the finest equipages possible and, with his bride, make formal calls on all the guests and relatives. And at each house he must leave a present for every member of the family.

Simple Affair

The wedding ceremony, however, is not so complicated. The bride and groom, their relatives and the go-between all seat themselves in front of the sacred altar. The priest then reads the marriage oath to which both the contracting parties subscribe. Then the couple sign a city register and they are legally man and wife.

Wanted an Alibi

Wife—I want you to tell me Harold, why, when I start to sing, you always go out into the garden. Don't you care to hear me?

Husband—It isn't that—I don't wan the neighbors to think I am beating you. — Chatham News.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

The Mineral Province of Western Canada

TO THE END OF DECEMBER, 1925.

Has produced Minerals as follows: Placer Gold, $77,663,045; Lode Gold, $122,808,459; Silver, $74,111,397; Lead, $89,218,907; Copper, $497,642,647; zinc, $39,925,947; Miscellaneous Minerals, $1,594,387; Coal and Coke, 273,048,953; Building Stone, Brick, Cement, etc., $44,905,886; making its Mineral Production to the end of 1925 show an

Aggregate Value of $920,919,628
Production for Year Ending Dec. 1925, $61,492,242

The Mining Laws of this Province are more liberal and the fees lower than those of any other Province in the Dominion, or any colony in the British Empire.

Mineral locations are granted to discoverers for nominal fees.

Absolute Titles are obtained by developing such properties, the security of which is guaranteed by Crown Grants.

Full information, together with Mining Reports and Maps, may be obtained gratis by addressing—

THE HON. THE MINISTER OF MINES
Victoria, British Columbia.

N.B.—Practically all British Columbia Mineral Properties upon which development work has been done are described in some one of the Annual Reports of the Minister of Mines. Those considering mining investments should refer to such reports. They are available without charge on application to the Department of Mines, Victoria, B.C.. Reports covering each of the six Mineral Survey Districts are published separately, and are available on application. Reports of the Geological Survey of Canada, Winch Building, Vancouver, are recommended as valuable sources of information.

LAND ACT

Notice of Intention to Apply to Lease Land

In Prince Rupert Land Recording District of Range 4, Coast Land District, and situate on Passage Island.

TAKE NOTICE that J. B. Francis, of Ponoka, Alberta, occupation Minister, intends to apply for a lease of the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted at the North West end of Passage Island, near Coast Triangulation Sta. 1142; thence around the island at high water mark and containing 1000 acres, more or less.

JOSEPH BRITLAND FRANCIS,
June 24th, 1926. Applicant.

MINERAL ACT

Certificate of Improvements.

Brownie No. 5 Mineral Claim, situate in the Atlin Mining Division of the Cassiar District, on Wann River, adjoining and to the south of Brownie No. 4 M.C.

TAKE NOTICE that I, James B. Kershaw, Free Miner's Certificate No. 89663, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 85, must be commenced before the issue of such Certificate of Improvements.

DATED this 1st day of September, A.D. 1926.

H. McN. FRASER, Agent.

LAND ACT.

Notice of Intention to Apply t. Lease Land

In Stikine Division, Cassiar, Land Recording District of Cassiar, and situate at Grand Rapids, on the Stikine River and to the west of Surveyed Lot No. 470.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Walter Scott Sumpson, of Telegraph Creek, B. C., occupation, Rancher, intends to apply for a lease of the following described lands:—

Commencing at a post planted on the Northwest corner of Lot 470, thence South 40 chains; thence West 10 chains; thence North 40 chains; thence East 10 chains, and containing Forty acres, more or less.

WALTER SCOTT SIMPSON,
Applicant.

WATER NOTICE

Diversion and Use

TAKE NOTICE that H. D. Kyle, whose address is Wrangell, Alaska, and Telegraph Creek, B. C., will apply for a license to take and use 2,000 miner's inches flow of water out of Bucks Gulch, which flows easterly into Dease Creek. The water will be diverted from the stream at a point about two miles up the stream from its mouth into Dease Creek and will be used for hydraulic mining purposes upon bench placer claims known and described as leases No. 120 and 121. This notice was posted on the ground on the 23rd day of July 1926.

A copy of this notice and an application pursuant thereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder at Telegraph Creek.

Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B. C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in the local newspaper.

The date of the first publication of this notice is September 14th, 1926.

H. D. KYLE, Applicant.

MINERAL ACT

Certificate of Improvements.

Brownie No. 4, Lot 4652, Mineral Claim, situate in the Atlin Mining Division of the Cassiar District, on the West Arm of Takun Arm, about three quarters of a mile up stream from the mouth of Wann River.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Charles E. Gilmore, Free Miner's Certificate No. 89742, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further taken notice that action, under section 85, must be commenced before the issue of such Certificate of Improvements.

DATED this 1st day of September, A.D. 1926.

H. McN. FRASER, Agent.

LAND ACT.

Notice of Intention to Apply to Lease Land.

In the Rupert Recording District of Prince Rupert and situate on north shore of an Unnamed Bay on South-West Coast of Pitt Island, about one mile east from Bluff Point.

TAKE NOTICE that E. Rousseau, of Lowe Inlet, Province of British Columbia, occupation, Company Manager, intends to apply for a lease of the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted on the shore of an unnamed bay on the south-west coast of Pitt Island, about one mile east of Bluff Point; thence north twenty chains; thence east twenty chains; thence south twenty chains, more or less, to High Water Mark; thence following high water mark westerly to point of commencement, and containing eighty acres, more or less.

DATED July 30th, 1926.

E. ROUSSEAU,
Applicant.

MINERAL ACT.

Certificate of Improvements

Sweepstake No. 4, Sweepstake No. 5 Fractional and Sweepstake No. 6 Fractional Mineral Claims, situate in the Atlin Mining Division of Cassiar District.

Where located:—East side of Taku Arm, near Sheep Creek.

TAKE NOTICE that Reginald Symes, barrister and solicitor, of 640 West Pender St., Vancouver, British Columbia, acting as agent for Sweepstakes Mining Corporation Free Miner's Certificate No. 1313D, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that action under section 85 must be commenced before the issue of such certificates of improvements.

DATED this 1st day of September, A.D. 1926.

TIMBER SALE X8263

Sealed tenders will be received by the Minister of Lands not later than noon on the 30th day of September, 1926, for the purchase of License X8263, to cut 122,800 lineal feet of Cedar Poles and Piling on an area adjoining Lots 1442 and 1443, Ferguson Bay, 3 miles West of Port Clements, Queen Charlotte Islands Land District.

Three (3) years will be allowed for removal of timber.

Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria B. C., or District Forester, Prince Rupert, B. C.

MINERAL ACT

Certificate of Improvements

Wann Fractional No. 2, Anyox and Juanita Mineral Claims, situate in the Atlin Mining Division of the Cassiar District, about one mile up stream from the mouth of Wann River.

TAKE NOTICE that The Engineer Gold Mines Ltd., Inc., Free Miner's Certificate No. 89770C, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under Section 85, must be commenced before the issue of such Certificate of Improvements.

DATED this 1st day of September, A.D. 1926.

H. McN. FRASER, Agent.