



IT TAKES A JOINT OF BEEF TO MAKE A bottle of Bovril.

THE DAILY NEWS

PRINCE RUPERT - BRITISH COLUMBIA

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PLAYING TOGETHER

There was once a man who said a friend was one who liked you even though he knew all about you. That is simply one side of the question. On the other we find that people dislike each other because they do not know each other's good points. And the way to get to know the good points is for them to engage in some form of recreational play together.

Think of two men who have learned to play together at football. They learn to co-operate. They pass the ball back and forth as they work their way past their opponents. They learn to depend on each other, to realize the good points about their fellows and then when they go out into life they are bound to respect each other and be friendly.

In games and sports people are on an equality, except insofar as their natural or acquired ability gives them the ascendancy. Dress counts nothing and neither does social position. The only thing people think about is how they play the game.

CARRYING OUT SCHEDULE

It is nearly two years ago that the Daily News announced that the Big Bay Lumber Company would have their mill ready for operation by March, 1928. Since then preparations have been slowly going forward and the mill will probably be turning over this month, although perhaps it will be a few weeks late in actual operation.

This is one unusual case where the people back of a project have carried it out on schedule. They looked far ahead and made their plans carefully. It is one time when the newspapers are about right because those of whom they tell have carried out their part of the bargain.

We are all looking for great things from the Big Bay Lumber Company. We are hoping to see it carry on its activities steadily without unnecessary break and to provide a steady payroll in the city. The history of lumber companies has not been encouraging to this part of the country, but the mill at Georgetown, which has just been transferred to Prince Rupert is one of the notable exceptions.

LETTERS WE RECEIVE

An editor of a newspaper receives many odd letters, many of which cannot be published. They are held back for various reasons, one of the most frequent being that they are not signed. People append a nom de plume without either enclosing a card or signing their own name on the side. The result is that the letters go to the waste basket. Once now and then we get a cheery letter full of rather fulsome praise of ourselves and our efforts and we consider it would not be very good form to publish these. At times we strain a point and publish something which our better judgment might possibly lead us to consign to the same place as the unsigned letters.

Yesterday we received an unsigned letter complaining of the unsanitary, unsightly and generally objectionable condition of the city as a result of so many dogs running the streets, annoying their neighbors and polluting the whole place. It went to the waste basket because it was not signed and even if it had been signed it would hardly have found a place. Very often writers become personal or assign motives to people which are not warranted by the circumstances.

Nothing so much pleases an editor as to get an interesting letter that can be published because none realize as well as newspapermen themselves that they must often become dull and uninteresting in their presentation of the various questions that arise in the community or in the country. Letters are invited but they must be signed. A nom de plume may be used in publishing it but if the writer is willing to subscribe his own signature the letter is much more likely to find a place in the correspondence column.

PARK LEGISLATION

Hon. T. D. Pattullo is being attacked because of his parks legislation. Some people think too much power is being placed in the hands of the government in this regard.

Suppose across the harbor a valuable mine should be discovered on Salt Lakes Park. In order to work it, special permission would have to be received from the government. The people of Prince Rupert could get another park, but in this stage of development a big mine would mean an immense lot to them. They would probably like to have it go ahead. Until now the government has had no right to deal with park areas. They have set them aside, but the moment they have done this they have no power to recall them. It is to cover just such cases as this that the recent legislation has been before the Legislature.

Negotiations Between Pope and Mussolini Government Regard to Temporal Power Under Negotiation

Fascisti Anxious to Get Matter Settled But Vatican in no Hurry; Outline of Controversy Which May End at Any Time

ROME, February 8.—(A.P.)—The year 1928 perhaps may become as noteworthy in the religious history of the world for the solution of the "Roman Question" as is the year 1870 for the fall of the Vatican's temporal power.

It is possible that the figure of King Victor Emmanuel II. of that day, who transformed the apostolic palace of the Quirinal into the royal residence of the new king of united Italy, may be remembered throughout the centuries as contrasted to that of Premier Mussolini as one who brought about conciliation between church and state. Above them will tower two popes: Pius IX., who by his celebrated non possumus (we are not able) rendered impossible for nearly sixty years not only an understanding but even a modus vivendi between Quirinal and Vatican, and the present pontiff, who, after six years of negotiations, study and deep reflection has decided to give religious peace to Italy, the seat of the papacy, and assuage the anxiety of the Roman Catholic world concerning the status of the head of the church in the eternal city.

(The "non possumus" was the form of ecclesiastical refusal by which Pope Pius IX. declined to accept the law of guarantees adopted by the Italian Senate in 1871 concerning the prerogatives of the Holy See and the relations between state and church in Italy.)

At the beginning of 1927 Premier Mussolini, speaking on the "Roman Question," said:

"It must be concluded and settled by next Easter."

UNFORESEEN DELAYS

Unforeseen circumstances have prevented this, notwithstanding willingness on both sides and the efforts and ability of the chief negotiator, who remains in the dark and is almost unknown, the Reverend Tachi-Venturi. He is a Jesuit, a scholar in history and literature, for many years secretary of the Company of Jesus, and has dedicated the greater part of his activity to a monumental work which will contain the history of the Jesuits.

The Reverend Tachi-Venturi knew Premier Mussolini before the latter assumed that office but their acquaintance grew very close when Pius XI., a few months after the advent of the Fascista regime, chose him to negotiate the purchase of the ancient library contained in the Chigi Palace, which was about to be bought by the Italian government. The present Pope thus resumed a project which he had already submitted to Pope Benedict XV., who did not carry it out because of lack of funds.

The Reverend Tachi-Venturi went to see the Fascista Premier, submitted to him the Pope's proposal and concluded: "I am instructed to ask your excellency for what sum you would be willing to sell the Chigi Library to His Holiness."

The Premier responded promptly: "I sell nothing to the Pope. To the Holy Father I present the library."

Thus the conversations for the conciliation between church and state began and they could scarcely have been started under more favorable auspices. The Reverend Tachi-Venturi was the tactful go-between, but remained entirely in obscurity. Finally, however, his name leaked out.

POSITIONS STATED

The negotiations between church and state, carried on through the distinguished Jesuit, reached such a stage that last autumn it was thought advisable to set forth publicly the attitude of the two contracting parties. Two articles on the subject were published, therefore, in the Osservatore Romano, the official organ of the Vatican, on October 14 and 15, and they were answered on the 20th of the same month in the Foglio D'Ordini, the official organ of the Fascista Party.

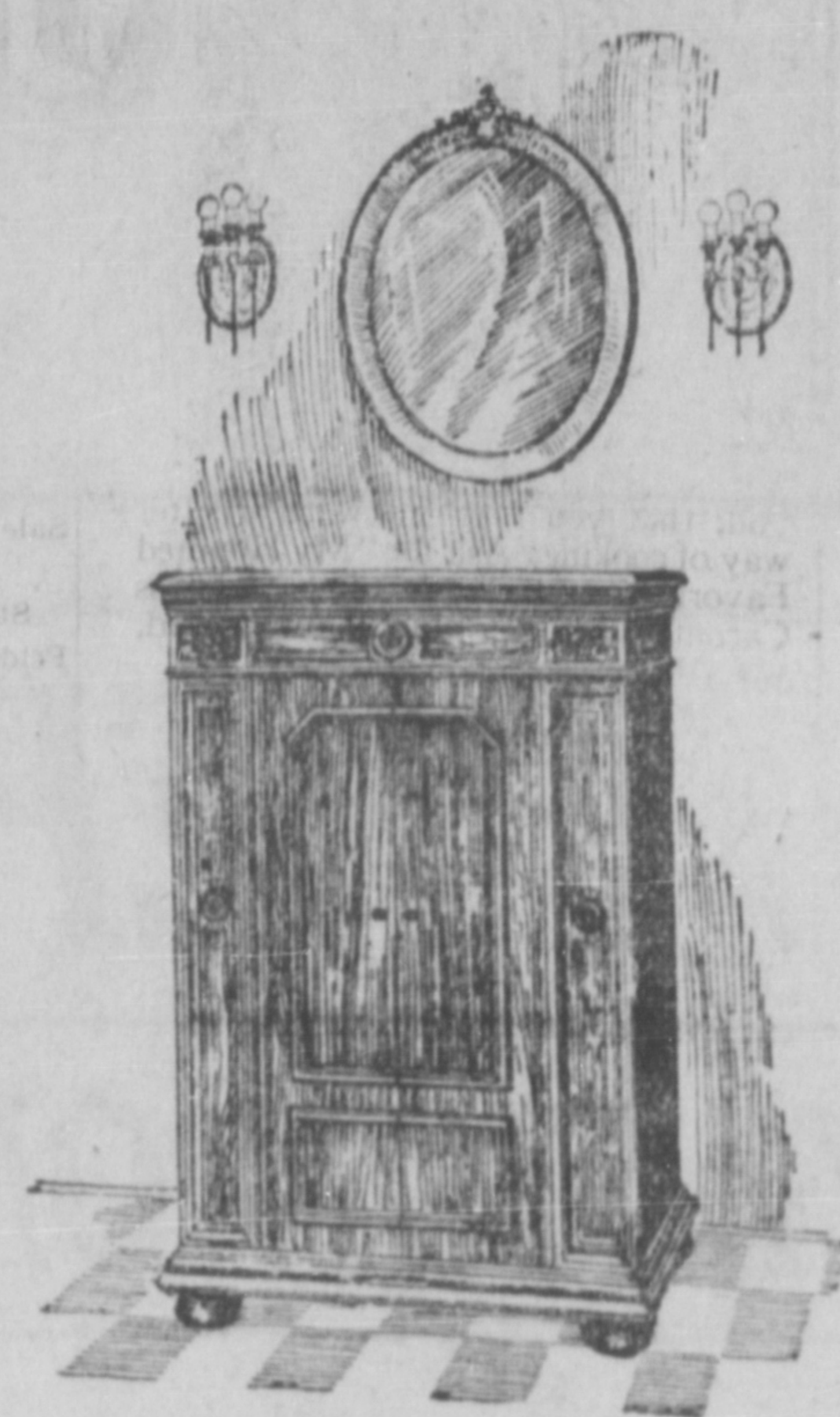
From these publications it appears that what the Vatican asks is that the position of the Pope in Rome should be one of "liberty and independence, not only real and perfect, but also manifest to the faithful of the whole world."

The Italian government, on the other hand, stated that "the question of the real political and juridical independence of the Holy See is not necessarily dependent on conditions of a territorial character," adding that it is out of the question to make "any restoration, even in the smallest proportion, of the temporal power which ceased in 1870 with great advantage to the moral prestige of the church of Rome."

The Vatican made no reply. This has been interpreted to mean that an accord has been reached on the fundamental condition in the sense that "the liberty and independence, real and perfect, and manifest to the faithful of the whole world," claimed by the Holy See, can be obtained without the restoration of the temporal power as is stated in the article published in Foglio D'Ordini and attributed to Premier Mussolini himself. The claim to "liberty and independence," as set forth in Osservatore Romano, even if not actually written by the Pope or Cardinal Gasparri, his secretary of state, was at least dictated and approved by one of them.

According to reliable reports, the following are practically the main points agreed upon for the solution of the "Roman Question":

1.—The Italian state grants to the Holy See an extension of its territory which will enjoy the right of extraterritoriality as it has been enjoyed by the apostolic palaces and the Vatican Gardens since 1870. The new territory to be added is on the southeast of the Vatican Gardens and includes the beautiful Villa Doria-Pamphili, one of the largest near Rome, surrounded by a magnificent park more than four miles in circuit. In 1890 Innocent X present-



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announced and the solution of the "Roman Question" become, in diplomatic language, "fait accompli"? One of the highest ecclesiastics in Rome, being asked his opinion as to the termination of the conflict within the next few weeks, answered: "It may be next Easter or the following Christmas or years hence. No one can tell. Remember that the Catholic Church is in no hurry. She waited about three hundred years, until the arrival of Constantine, for the cessation of pagan persecution; so she can wait a few centuries more for the remedies due to her now. At the same time, the Foglio D'Ordini has stated that the Fascista regime has come to stay for at least a hundred years. There is therefore plenty of time."



DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

BELLA COOLA LOCK-UP

SEALED TENDERS, endorsed "Tender for Lock-up Bella Coola," will be received by the Minister of Public Works up to 12 o'clock noon of Monday, the 19th day of March, 1928, for the erection and completion of a standard Lock-up building at Bella Coola in the Mackenzie Electoral District, B.C.

Plan, specification, contract, and forms of tender may be seen on and after the 24th day of February, 1928, and further information obtained at the Department of Public Works, Parliament Buildings, and at the offices of the Government Agents, Vancouver and Prince Rupert, and the office of the Public Works Department, Bella Coola.

Copies of plans, specifications, etc., can be obtained from the Department on payment of a deposit of Ten Dollars (\$10.00) which will be refunded on return of the plans, etc., in good condition.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

P. PHILIP, Deputy Minister and Public Works Engineer, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B.C.

IN PROBATE

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

In the Matter of the "Administration Act" and in the Matter of the Estate of Alexander Cameron, Deceased, Intestate.

TAKE NOTICE that by order of His Honor, P. McB. Young, the 9th day of February, A.D. 1928, I was appointed Administrator of the estate of Alexander Cameron, deceased, and all parties having claims against the said estate, are hereby required to file on or before the 10th day of March, A.D. 1928, and all parties indebted to the estate are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness to me forthwith.

NORMAN A. WATT, Official Administrator, Prince Rupert, B.C.

Dated the 10th day of February, A.D. 1928.

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