

No Question

These are the lowest prices in our history.

ALL WOOL INDIGO SERGE

- 23 oz. Serge, reg. \$65, now for \$57
- 20 oz. Serge, reg. \$60, now for \$50
- 17 oz. Serge, reg. \$50, now for \$40

Superfine Worsteds, Super Whipcord, Foxhound Tweed and Irish or Scotch Tweeds, etc. All finest quality materials at astonishingly reduced prices.

Come in today and let us take your measure. Best workmanship and fit guaranteed.

Ling the Tailor

817 Second Ave. Phone 649

Don't forget our steam pressing and cleaning service. Suits called for and delivered to any part of the city.

PHONE US TODAY

News of the Mines

AROUND PRINCE RUPERT

Victoria Mines Ltd. Re-organized—Progress at Saddle on Hastings Arm—Rufus-Argenta as Good as Ever.

Difficulties which the Victoria Mines Ltd. have experienced since organization several years ago by Robert Martin are now being straightened out and it is expected the company will be able to do some real work now in the Stewart field. Out of the jumble, a new company, the Dandy-Star Mines Ltd., has appeared to take over all the holdings and interests of the Victoria company and, according to Capt. A. J. Gaul, M.E. who is in Stewart to take charge of operations, seventy-five per cent of the old Victoria Co. shareholders in Vancouver and Victoria have joined the new organization. New interests in the company include Col. W. W. Foster, W. G. R. Gordon, Kenneth Robinson and G. S. Eldridge. It is said to be the intention of the new company to continue work in the lower levels of the property where good results should soon be achieved. There is no preliminary work to do in the way of putting in camps of equipment.

P. E. Peterson, M. E., consulting engineer for the Silver Crest Mines Ltd., states that the aerial tramway which is being built to serve the Saddle property on Hastings Arm will, together with the new compressor, cut the operating costs of the mine greatly. A wharf 100 by 14 feet has been completed and excavation has been made for the lower tramway terminal; the right of way cleared and the cable is now being strung. The tram is a double-jigback, 8,400 feet long and suspended on ten steel towers.

The Rufus Argenta at Stewart is not likely to be adversely affected for long by the decision of the Daly-Gerard interests to drop it. Latest information indicates that the engineers of those American capitalists were entirely satisfied with the prospects after spending several weeks on the property and had so reported to their principals before Mrs. Daly became ill. The Rufus-Argenta Co. itself is in a sound financial position. It has money in the bank has no debts and has enough stock in the treasury to give any new company control. There are reported to be three other concerns negotiating for option or purchase of the property. Those knowing the group and the actual value of its mineralization have no doubt as to its future possibilities. It was simply the state of Mrs. Daly's health that caused the recent deal to fall through.

The provincial government, it is reported, has agreed to pay fifty per cent of the cost of completing an automobile road from 13-Mile Post to the Woodbine property at Stewart. The other fifty per cent will be paid by the Woodbine, such an arrangement having been recommended by the resident mining engineer, Dr. H. T. James, to the government. When the road was first built, it was constructed from two ends—13-Mile Post and the Woodbine—with the result that, when the appropriation was up, a distance of 2,300 feet had been left unfinished in the middle. When this has been completed, a good automobile road will extend from Hyder straight through to the Woodbine camp, leaving the Premier road at 13-Mile Post and crossing the adjoining Blue Jay property. It is expected that the work will be finished in about a month. This new road will also benefit the Northern Light property.

Dr. J. M. Turnbull, professor of mineralogy of the University of British Columbia and prominent mining engineer of the province, is making an examination of the Drum Lummon mine, down the coast from here. The trip was made north by the power boat Half Moon. Dr. J. M. Turnbull being accompanied by his assistant, W. C. Rannels, superintendent of the mine, and a force of men to supplement the crew already at work. While the property has already been examined and reported on by a number of reliable engineers, the present operating company, 466,000 tons or a gross value of \$6,590,000. This is equivalent to \$14.14 per ton and is about the average of Premier ore. The profit on treatment of this ore is placed at fifty per cent, or \$3,295,000. The Selukwe Co. announces that, in the event of no arrangement being made with Premier, the company will construct its own mill and proceed with production eventually. The future of B. C. Silver is exceedingly bright after many years of patient development. The Selukwe Co. is in a strong financial position, having \$750,000 cash in its treasury.

Premier Co.'s engineers have not reported very favorably upon the Selukwe property. "Summarizing the results of our examination," says the report, "we find there are no bodies of ore actually blocked out on even two sides by tunnels or by diamond drill holes and hence any figures for tonnage and outcome given herewith are based on the assumption that the ore drifted through in the main tunnel will continue upward and downward certain distances as indicated and that the grade will remain at certain values. Assuming ore cut in main tunnel will carry up fifty feet and down 100 feet we can block, as possible ore in two shoots, 16,794 tons or a \$13.41 average grade. Using Premier production costs of mill ore based on the first six months of 1927, which, we believe, are about what could be maintained should we mine this ore, we have a possible profit of \$76,492. If we assumed a total depth of 150 feet and \$12 value we would have 24,990 tons and a possible profit of \$83,716."

Developments at the B. C. Silver continue to command much attention. There is no doubt that the property at Stewart is a proven mine though no announcement has yet been made as to arrangements for milling the ore and placing the property in steady production. The London board of directors decided recently not to accept an offer of the Premier company to work the mine and treat the ore on a contract basis but to continue development itself with a view to proving up a known quantity and value. A deal with Premier, however, is still considered to be a possibility. The company's engineer has reported ore reserves developed in the B. C. Silver at 466,000 tons or a gross value of \$6,590,000. This is equivalent to \$14.14 per ton and is about the average of Premier ore. The profit on treatment of this ore is placed at fifty per cent, or \$3,295,000. The Selukwe Co. announces that, in the event of no arrangement being made with Premier, the company will construct its own mill and proceed with production eventually. The future of B. C. Silver is exceedingly bright after many years of patient development. The Selukwe Co. is in a strong financial position, having \$750,000 cash in its treasury.

Premier Co.'s engineers have not reported very favorably upon the Selukwe property. "Summarizing the results of our examination," says the report, "we find there are no bodies of ore actually blocked out on even two sides by tunnels or by diamond drill holes and hence any figures for tonnage and outcome given herewith are based on the assumption that the ore drifted through in the main tunnel will continue upward and downward certain distances as indicated and that the grade will remain at certain values. Assuming ore cut in main tunnel will carry up fifty feet and down 100 feet we can block, as possible ore in two shoots, 16,794 tons or a \$13.41 average grade. Using Premier production costs of mill ore based on the first six months of 1927, which, we believe, are about what could be maintained should we mine this ore, we have a possible profit of \$76,492. If we assumed a total depth of 150 feet and \$12 value we would have 24,990 tons and a possible profit of \$83,716."

Premier Co.'s engineers have not reported very favorably upon the Selukwe property. "Summarizing the results of our examination," says the report, "we find there are no bodies of ore actually blocked out on even two sides by tunnels or by diamond drill holes and hence any figures for tonnage and outcome given herewith are based on the assumption that the ore drifted through in the main tunnel will continue upward and downward certain distances as indicated and that the grade will remain at certain values. Assuming ore cut in main tunnel will carry up fifty feet and down 100 feet we can block, as possible ore in two shoots, 16,794 tons or a \$13.41 average grade. Using Premier production costs of mill ore based on the first six months of 1927, which, we believe, are about what could be maintained should we mine this ore, we have a possible profit of \$76,492. If we assumed a total depth of 150 feet and \$12 value we would have 24,990 tons and a possible profit of \$83,716."

Premier Co.'s engineers have not reported very favorably upon the Selukwe property. "Summarizing the results of our examination," says the report, "we find there are no bodies of ore actually blocked out on even two sides by tunnels or by diamond drill holes and hence any figures for tonnage and outcome given herewith are based on the assumption that the ore drifted through in the main tunnel will continue upward and downward certain distances as indicated and that the grade will remain at certain values. Assuming ore cut in main tunnel will carry up fifty feet and down 100 feet we can block, as possible ore in two shoots, 16,794 tons or a \$13.41 average grade. Using Premier production costs of mill ore based on the first six months of 1927, which, we believe, are about what could be maintained should we mine this ore, we have a possible profit of \$76,492. If we assumed a total depth of 150 feet and \$12 value we would have 24,990 tons and a possible profit of \$83,716."

Premier Co.'s engineers have not reported very favorably upon the Selukwe property. "Summarizing the results of our examination," says the report, "we find there are no bodies of ore actually blocked out on even two sides by tunnels or by diamond drill holes and hence any figures for tonnage and outcome given herewith are based on the assumption that the ore drifted through in the main tunnel will continue upward and downward certain distances as indicated and that the grade will remain at certain values. Assuming ore cut in main tunnel will carry up fifty feet and down 100 feet we can block, as possible ore in two shoots, 16,794 tons or a \$13.41 average grade. Using Premier production costs of mill ore based on the first six months of 1927, which, we believe, are about what could be maintained should we mine this ore, we have a possible profit of \$76,492. If we assumed a total depth of 150 feet and \$12 value we would have 24,990 tons and a possible profit of \$83,716."

Premier Co.'s engineers have not reported very favorably upon the Selukwe property. "Summarizing the results of our examination," says the report, "we find there are no bodies of ore actually blocked out on even two sides by tunnels or by diamond drill holes and hence any figures for tonnage and outcome given herewith are based on the assumption that the ore drifted through in the main tunnel will continue upward and downward certain distances as indicated and that the grade will remain at certain values. Assuming ore cut in main tunnel will carry up fifty feet and down 100 feet we can block, as possible ore in two shoots, 16,794 tons or a \$13.41 average grade. Using Premier production costs of mill ore based on the first six months of 1927, which, we believe, are about what could be maintained should we mine this ore, we have a possible profit of \$76,492. If we assumed a total depth of 150 feet and \$12 value we would have 24,990 tons and a possible profit of \$83,716."

Premier Co.'s engineers have not reported very favorably upon the Selukwe property. "Summarizing the results of our examination," says the report, "we find there are no bodies of ore actually blocked out on even two sides by tunnels or by diamond drill holes and hence any figures for tonnage and outcome given herewith are based on the assumption that the ore drifted through in the main tunnel will continue upward and downward certain distances as indicated and that the grade will remain at certain values. Assuming ore cut in main tunnel will carry up fifty feet and down 100 feet we can block, as possible ore in two shoots, 16,794 tons or a \$13.41 average grade. Using Premier production costs of mill ore based on the first six months of 1927, which, we believe, are about what could be maintained should we mine this ore, we have a possible profit of \$76,492. If we assumed a total depth of 150 feet and \$12 value we would have 24,990 tons and a possible profit of \$83,716."

Premier Co.'s engineers have not reported very favorably upon the Selukwe property. "Summarizing the results of our examination," says the report, "we find there are no bodies of ore actually blocked out on even two sides by tunnels or by diamond drill holes and hence any figures for tonnage and outcome given herewith are based on the assumption that the ore drifted through in the main tunnel will continue upward and downward certain distances as indicated and that the grade will remain at certain values. Assuming ore cut in main tunnel will carry up fifty feet and down 100 feet we can block, as possible ore in two shoots, 16,794 tons or a \$13.41 average grade. Using Premier production costs of mill ore based on the first six months of 1927, which, we believe, are about what could be maintained should we mine this ore, we have a possible profit of \$76,492. If we assumed a total depth of 150 feet and \$12 value we would have 24,990 tons and a possible profit of \$83,716."

Premier Co.'s engineers have not reported very favorably upon the Selukwe property. "Summarizing the results of our examination," says the report, "we find there are no bodies of ore actually blocked out on even two sides by tunnels or by diamond drill holes and hence any figures for tonnage and outcome given herewith are based on the assumption that the ore drifted through in the main tunnel will continue upward and downward certain distances as indicated and that the grade will remain at certain values. Assuming ore cut in main tunnel will carry up fifty feet and down 100 feet we can block, as possible ore in two shoots, 16,794 tons or a \$13.41 average grade. Using Premier production costs of mill ore based on the first six months of 1927, which, we believe, are about what could be maintained should we mine this ore, we have a possible profit of \$76,492. If we assumed a total depth of 150 feet and \$12 value we would have 24,990 tons and a possible profit of \$83,716."

ENTER YOUR NAME!

4 to 1

ENTER NOW AND 'CINCH' THE PRIZE OF YOUR CHOICE

Do you know that each yearly subscription turned in during the FIRST PERIOD of the News' big campaign will secure as many votes as FOUR one-year subscriptions turned in during the last week?

Schedule of Votes and Subscription Price of The Prince Rupert Daily News

FIRST PERIOD				SECOND PERIOD				THIRD PERIOD				FOURTH PERIOD			
Up to and including August 20, the following number of votes will be issued on subscriptions:				From August 21 to August 31 inclusive, the following number of votes will be issued on subscriptions:				From September 1 to September 7 inclusive, the following number of votes will be issued on subscriptions:				The last period terminating September 14, the following number of votes will be issued on subscriptions:			
No.	By	Yrs.	Carrier	No.	By	Yrs.	Carrier	No.	By	Yrs.	Carrier	No.	By	Yrs.	Carrier
1	\$ 5.00	3.00	12,000	1	\$ 5.00	3.00	8,000	1	\$ 5.00	3.00	6,000	1	\$ 5.00	3.00	3,000
2	10.00	6.00	30,000	2	10.00	6.00	24,000	2	10.00	6.00	20,000	2	10.00	6.00	15,000
3	15.00	9.00	75,000	3	15.00	9.00	60,000	3	15.00	9.00	45,000	3	15.00	9.00	30,000
4	20.00	12.00	150,000	4	20.00	12.00	125,000	4	20.00	12.00	100,000	4	20.00	12.00	60,000
5	25.00	15.00	250,000	5	25.00	15.00	200,000	5	25.00	15.00	160,000	5	25.00	15.00	100,000
6	30.00	18.00	360,000	6	30.00	18.00	300,000	6	30.00	18.00	250,000	6	30.00	18.00	175,000

The above schedule of votes which is on declining basis, positively will not be raised during the competition. (See opening announcement). A special vote credit good for 100,000 extra votes will be issued on every "club" of \$15.00 turned in. The "club" may be composed of small or large amounts totalling \$15.00 worth. This arrangement will be in effect throughout the entire campaign and is to be considered part of the regular schedule. No subscriptions will be accepted for more than six years in advance payments through any one candidate. 30,000 extra votes will be given for each year of a NEW subscription turned in during the first period; 20,000 extra votes will be given for each year of a NEW subscription turned in during the second period; 10,000 extra votes will be given for each year of a NEW subscription turned in during the third period, but NO extra votes will be given for NEW subscriptions turned in during the last period. The subscription price of The News outside of Northern and Central B.C., is \$6.00 per year in all parts of the British Empire and the United States; to all other countries the price is \$7.50 per year.

NO EXTRA VOTES OTHER THAN THOSE OUTLINED IN THE OPENING ANNOUNCEMENT WILL BE GIVEN DURING THIS CAMPAIGN

EARLY START MEANS EASY FINISH

The advantages of an early start are manifest. Not only do you have the full time in which to secure the winning votes, but now and up to and including Monday, August 20th, you will receive the maximum schedule of votes on subscriptions, while those who put off entering until a later date will have to take what is left.

Don't lose valuable time waiting to "see what the other fellow is going to do," but pitch right in and show the "other fellow" how to do it.

CANDIDATES ARE NOT RESTRICTED TO THEIR RESPECTIVE DISTRICTS BUT MAY SECURE SUBSCRIPTIONS ANYWHERE

Nomination Blank in The Prince Rupert Daily News "Everybody Wins" Campaign

Good for 5,000 Votes

I hereby enter and cast 5,000 votes for

Miss, Mr. and Mrs.

as a candidate in The Prince Rupert Daily News "Everybody Wins Prize Distribution.

Address Phone,

Note—Only one nomination blank will be credited to each candidate nominated.

For full and complete information call on, telephone or write CAMPAIGN MANAGER, The Prince Rupert Daily News.

Campaign Headquarters located on the second floor of The Daily News Building, 243 Third Avenue, Prince Rupert, are open each evening until 8 o'clock. PHONE 534.

H. S. WALLACE CO. LTD.

LADIES'

Bathing Suits

in

JANTZEN

UNIVERSAL

and

PENMAN

makes

BATHING BELTS

H. S. Wallace Co. Ltd.

Phone 9

3rd Avenue and Fulton

City Meat Market

Selvig Bros.

Third Ave. Phone 765

KJOT

FIK

GRONSAKR

Alle sorter norsk ost

Norske fiskeskonserver

Norske sukkerkavringer

Norske hvsteskonrokker

Norske rugskonrokker

Norske knekkebrød

Norske flatbrød

Mutter o.s.v.

1st kv. varer. Billige priser.

Hurtig ombringelse

Bathing Suits

with Skirts

For Boys, Girls and

Children

PURE JERSEY WOOL

Regular \$2.50

for \$1.29

Montreal Importers

J. B. Miller, Proprietor,

Third Avenue, Prince Rupert.

COAL

Your choice

EDSON CASSIDY - WEL-

LINGTON TELKWA

Also Bulkley Hay and Grain.

Agent for Robin Hood Flour.

Phone 58

Prince Rupert Feed Co.

PAIN in BLADDER
Promptly Eased by
SANTAL MIDY
Be sure to get the genuine
Look for the word "MIDY"