Laundr Washee lothes Are Not Rubbed

YOU know how you douse your dainty lingerie up and down in a bowl of sudsy water . . that's the way your clothes are washed in a modern laundry. They are not rubbed or scrubbed but are gently swished back and forth in warm filtered rainsoft water until the pure soap actually foams. Every particle of dirt is loosened without unduly lessening the tensile strength of the fabric.. Then come many, rinses of rainsoft water so that your laundry washed clothes not only look and feel clean but are scientifically clean. The LAUNDRY Does it best UNIVERVIEW and Dry Cleaners Phone 8

TELLS ABOUT MOSOUITOEL EXPERTS GIVE INTERESTING INFOR-MATION ABOUT TINY PESTS

------SEVERAL VARIETIES

IN CANADA

Feed on Vegetable Matter But Like an Occasional Diet of Blood

During the warm months of the year mosquitoes are often a serious pest in Canada, over widespread areas, not only in rural and forested sections, but also in urban localities says an article on the subject published officially. About sixty species representing several genera, are known to occur in the Dominion, and a considerable portion of them attack warm-blooded animals and man. THE LIFE HISTORY

In common with many other insects. mosquitoes pass through four distinct life-stages known as the egg, larva, Mrs. Monette's grateful and honest letpupa and adult. The eggs, of which one female may lay several hundreds, are deposited on water or moist places and hatch under suitable conditions, into tiny active larvæ commonly known as "wrigglers." The larvæ feed on minute forms of animal and vegetable at all druggists life, and decaying organic matter in the water. They breathe principally through a tube-shaped apparatus at the end of the body with which they pierce the skin into the winged adult. When the lars, outhouses, hollow trees, etc. They surface of the water at frequent in- adult is ready to emerge, air is taken tervals. On reaching full growth, the into the pupal case, causing it to float. larvæ transform into the pupal stage. The skin then splits along the upper of water, usually of a more or less per-The pupa, which is somewhat similar in surface and the mosquito makes its manent character, after which successhape to a large-headed comma, does exit, resting on the water or nearby not feed, but is capable of moving vegetation until ready to fly away.

Dyspepsia? "Fruit-a-tives" the Sure Remedy

Poor Stomach?

MRS. O. MONETTE.

Montreal, Que.-"I hardly dared take 'Fruit-a-tives', fearing my dyspepsia wouldn't vanish, but finally took two boxes. Now I eat well and recommend 'Fruit-a-tives' to all my friends as the best remedy for dyspepsia." -Mrs. O. Monette.

ferent species are dominant, and as the duration of the life-stages, the habits, and breeding places of mosquitoes vary considerably, it is of importance, in outlining control measures, to know the species involved. Some species may migrate several miles; others remain in the vicinity of their breeding pools. Some mosquitoes inhabit open prairies and others do not venture from the shelter of deep woods. Some are persistent in entering houses and others are never to be found indoors; some bite in the daytime, and others at Our most common species belong to

THE DAILY NEWS

the genus Aedes and have only one generation each year. They breed largely in temporary bodies of water such as snow and rain pools and river-flooded areas and lay their eggs in summer. usually in moist situations left by receding flood-waters and drying pools. The eggs remain unhatched through-

out the summer and winter months. and in most species do not hatch until spring. In the spring the transient pools of field and woodland, and areas temporarily flocded by rising river waters teem with developing larvæ and pupæ, giving rise in early summer to hordes of blood-thirsty mosquitoes which haunt the countryside during the summer months.



The Natural Wav

actively in the water, and breathes The life of a mosquito in its aquatic of autumn. through two trumpet-shaped organs on stages varies considerably, depending on the thorax, which it applies to the sur- the species, temperature and other Mosquitoes develop only in water, face of the water. While in this stage, conditions, and may be as short as one and the method of control which ulti-



WEEK

We have a limited stock of development of the eggs. Robin Hood Flour, 49's, and will sell this week only at \$2.65 per sack. Order early. New Zealand Butter, 3 lb. bricks

..... \$1.40 Cowichan Eggs, Fresh Extras, 3 dozen for \$1.10 Fresh Cream Cheese, lb. 50¢

ter proves that "Fruit-a-tives" quickly ends indigestion. For nearly thirty years this wonderful medicine, a combination of intensified fresh fruit juices and tonics, has been stimulating lazy stomachs, bowels and livers in a gentle, natural way. Get a box and try it. 25c and 50c

Several species which belong to the genera Culex, Theobaldia, and Anopheles, usually of comparatively minor importance in Canada, have more than one generation in a year, and pass the winter as winged adults, hibernating in protected situations such as in celemerge from hibernation in the spring and lay their eggs on suitable bodies sive broods appear until their further development is arrested by the frosts

PERMANENT CONTROL

the insect transforms within the pupal week or as long as one month or even mately gives most satisfaction consists six weeks. It is during these stages of eliminating the breeding places by

that mosquitoes are most vulnerable to drainage or filling and, in the case of attack. Adult mosquitoes live from a large flood areas, by dyking and pumpfew days to several weeks. Both sexes ing. Filling and levelling of low places feed on plant juices, but the females where water accumulates should be carof the majority of our species also ried out wherever possible. Such drink blood. They attack not only materials as city garbage and ashes, man, buta lso other warm-blooded ani- and sawdust from local lumber mills, mals, including poultry and other birds, may be used for this purpose. Simple, HAS GONE UP AGAIN THIS A blood meal is not esesntial to the drainage systems are often practicable life of a mosquito, but i nmost species, in preventing water from collecting in

appears to be necessary for the proper low places. Care should also be taken to prevent mosquitces breeding

SPECIES IN CANADA



Goodrich Silvertowns ot course

"The Height of fashion and the Mould of form" in motor cars are usually characterized by Goodrich Silvertown Tires- the perpetual vogue ever since pneumatic tires were first made.

- And They Cost No More CARGE AND BEAL ON THE STATE AND AND AN ADDRESS OF THE STATE OF THE STA

artificial containers, such as water barmeasures, the use of petroleum oils i In various parts of the country, dif- rels, either by emptying them or screenrecommended. Oils used in control ing them. Other measures that at work should be spread quickly when in times are of value consist of controlling contact with water, forming a thin unlake levels in order to prevent flooding broken film over the surface without during spring freshets, and the transcollecting in dark patches or adhering formation of low areas containing mostoo readily to vegetation. The film of quito-breeding pot holes, shallow temcil should cause the death of larva porary pools and sloughs into perand pupze within a few hours and manent areas of deep water. If the



