BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

Had Thirteen Boils On His Neck

Mrs. H. V. Duncombe, Grassy Lake, Alta., writes:—"My husband was covered with boils, having as many as thirteen on his neck at once. He tried everything possible, but nothing did any good until he took Burdock Blood Bitters, and before he had used one bottle the boils were all gone, and he has not been bothered with them since."

For sale at all drug and general stores; manufactured, for the past 52 years, only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

THE DAILY NEWS.
PRINCE RUPERT - BRITISH COLUMBIA

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FISHING SEASON ENDS

In view of the conditions of the fishing industry, Prince Rupert is to be congratulated on the fact that conditions are no worse. Fishermen have suffered badly and the owners of boats have received scarcely enough to keep them in fishing condition. Now there is a close season for three and a half months and it looks as if the men would have a difficult time getting through the winter.

The chief reason for the small catch is primarily the low prices but also it will be remembered that owing to several reasons fishing did not commence very early in the season. The main interest in Prince Rupert is not how much fish is caught but how much do the fishermen receive for their labors.

MEN LAID OFF ON HIGHWAY

The laying off of the men on the highway work came as rather a shock but in view of the financial situation it is not surprising. Before any of them are taken back it is probable that the provincial and federal governments will want to satisfy themselves that all the men working are really in need of the employment.

While the action seems erratic and tending to destroy confidence it is hoped that very soon the difficulties will be ironed out and as many as possible of the men be taken back to work. In the meantime it is understood they are being taken care of by the government in the camps.

P. G. E. SCHEME QUASHED

The P. G. E. scheme seems to have been quashed for the present and by the time the present winter is over both governments will be so hard up it is hardly likely either will have the hardihood to revive it. It was ill-conceived anyway.

Next year we may hope the two governments will be pooling their efforts toward securing a proper outlet for the Peace River and afer that is built and the grain flowing toward the Pacific giving relief to the farmers, will be time enough to consider completing a line which no one claims can give adequate returns for the money expended on it.

Embarrassing Moments

ALCOHOL IS RELIC

Dr. Cherrington, Dry Executive, Says It Has No Place in Modern Machine Era

BOSTON, Mass., November 2—A whole new steup confronts temperance workers, calling for shockproof sticking to the one fundamental point that alcohol as a part of beverages has no more place in modern machine civilization than sand in the bearings of engines.

This is the message brought to Massachusetts by Dr. Ernest H. Cherrington, secretary of the World League Against Alcoholism, who spoke before a rally in Tremont Temple, sponsored by the Massachusetts Anti-Saloon League.

"Not a wet in Boston would consent to board a train tonight for New York if he knew that the engineer was carrying a hip flask." Dr. Cherrington said. "What about the 40,000,000 drivers of automobiles who do not even have a rail track to prevent them from endangering other cars on the road? shall our government be sustained in its effort to prevent individuals from obtaining a beverage which dulls the faculties, even when taken in so-called moderate amounts:

No Longer Concerned

"We are no longer primarily concerned with the out-and-out drunkard. We are confronted with a prohibition situation utterly unlike that which obtained 50 years ago, or even five years ago. On one point there can be no disputation—that alcohol is a habit-forming narcotic drug. Its use as a beverage belongs to a slower and lower type of civilization than ours. This is the message that temperance workers must get across to the public."

Dr. Cherrington warned that behind all attempts to modify the prohibition laws, is the "insidious suggestion" that liquor, for the first time in history, be given sanction in the Constitution of the United States, as slavery was at one time. Any modification would be in effect government permission for the liquor traffic, he explained.

Taking a long view, Dr. Cherrington expressed satisfaction with the progress of the temperance movement. Present reaction against it is of little moment when weighed against the decades and centuries, he said. It took 10 to 12 centuries for the prohibition of murder to become even partially effective. There is no cause for discouragement if, after 12 years, prohibition of intoxicating liquors is arousing opposition in the United States, he added.

Education is the fundamental solution of the liquor problem, but education without law to back it up is feeble, Dr. Cherrington continued. Even the public school system had to be legislated and enforced before it won acceptance by the public. Unflinching adherence to the Eighteenth Amendment, plus an enlightened and continuing educational campaign is the course for dry workers to pursue, he concluded.

Takes Issue With Butler

Ben Spence of Toronto, a journalist and student of liquor systems, took direct issue with Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, on his advocacy of the Canadian system for the United States.

"Dr. Butler opposes return of the saloon," Mr. Spence said. "He states that the Canadian system eliminates the saloon. In that he is misinformed. Saloons exist in Canada with all the characteristics of the back room of the old bar type of saloon. The only difference is the name, and the absence of a bar and brass rail. But Canadian "beer parlors" are only saloons, after all. Alcoholic beverages are sold and imbibed on the premises, and that's a saloon. In inteleictual honesty, Dr. Butler cannot favor the Canadian system for the United States if he opposes the saloon."

Even if the Canadian system had not increased the consmption of absolute alcohol contained in spirits, wine and beer from 2,551,000 gallons in 1923, to 5,240,000 in 1930, it still would not promote sobriety in the United States, Mr. Spence continued. Canadian courts and legal machinery are more strict, yet bootlegging, crime, and liquor consumption have steadily mounted. With the looser methods in the United States, the results would be correspondingly worse.

Mr. Spence denied the claim that prohibition has increased crime in the United States. Without it, he said, conditions would be far more deplorable.

In 1880 there were in the United States 2,647,000 women gainfully employed. In 1930 women workers had increased to 10, 779,000.

NEWS OF THE MINES
AROUND PRINCE RUPERT

To Move Supplies Into Manson Creek Placer District; Report on Troy Property in Portland Canal; Reasons For Activity in Premier Stock

W. J. Crawford, well known Stewart transportation man, moved 32 head of pack horses this week from Stewart to Vanderhoof whence they will be taken into the Manson Creek country where they are to be used in transporting a large quantity of material, machinery and supplies for placer gold operations. The contract was received by Mr. Crawford from an American syndicate which recently acquired considerable placer ground in the Manson Creek country. Their plans include the packing in of a dredging outfit in addition to a huge quantity of other materal and supplies which will be required in the work.

Two types of mineral occur in the Troy property on the west side of Mount Dilworth on the Naas River slope of the Salmon River Glacier says the report of Dr. J. T. Mandy, resident mining engineer, in the annual report of the British Columbia minister of mines. Irregular narrow and lenticular quartz veins occur in argillite mineralized mainly with zinc-blende and galena with which is associated some chalcopyrite and grey copper. The second type consists of silicified and pyritized replacement zones in volcanics. Recent work has been confined to tracing and exploring these zones with the objective of discovering a possible gold content. Towards the close of the season the owners reported the discovery of sections containing low grade values. The original Troy group of nine claims was bonded to the Northland Mining Co. in 1925 but, on account of default of option payments, reverted in 1926 to the original owners, Charles Lake and partner of Stewart.

Recent strength of Premier Gold Mining Co. stock on the Vancouver Stock Exchange is believed to have been largely due to reports from New York to the effect that interests already strong in Premier have been buying actively on the New York curb on the strength of showings found in property recently acquired by the company and to the expectation that silver is to be more valuable in the near future. Porter Idaho and Presperity, two Premier subsidiaries, are very rich in silver and, although they are at present closed down, they would be opened immediately if an advance in the white metal were to become effective.

Hallowe'en Was Quiet Saturday

Hallowe'en went off very quietly in the city Saturday night. The youthful celebrants kept themselves within due bounds and no very serious pranks or damage were reported. As usual, the favorite pastime for the children was in all manner of costumes to solicit apples and sweets from the neighbors.

Hotel Arrivals

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Total capacity 20,000 tons

Shipbuilders and Ship Repairers for Steel and Wood Vessels

Sawmill and Mining Machinery Repaired and Overhauled

Iron and Brass Casting

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50-ton Derrick for Heavy Lifts

EFFICIENT DIETICIAN

Meals Must Be Appetizing and Attractive as Well as Economical, Says Hospital Expert

TORONTO, Nov. 2:—If food comes back on the tray untouched, a dietician has not fulfilled her duty, Dr. Malcolm T. MacEachern, director of hospital services, American College of Surgeons, told the dietetic section. Meals in a hospital should be so appetizing and attractively prepared that there is no waste whatever. It is not sufficient that the food values have been carefully calculated, he said.

Furthermore, a hospital dietician should have administrative and business ability. In fact, Dr. MacEachern described her as a "super woman." So complicated are the duties of a hospital dietician that four years' college training are insufficient to prepare her to take charge of a hospital, Miss Ruth Park, Montreal General Hospital, told the meeting. She said she did not approve of students entering a hospital without at least four years in college and she regretted that some Canadian hospitals took them in with only two years' college training.

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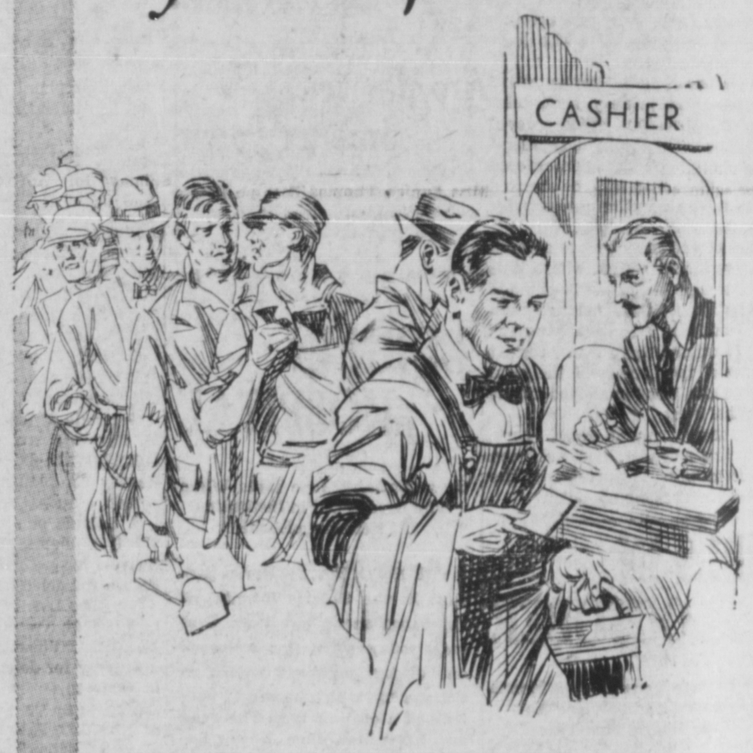

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