

Lord Lothian Says Battle Of Britain Is Already Won Because Invaders Have Failed

Many Big Raids on Germany With Famous Krupp Works Bombed and Fires Set—Oil Supplies Punctured and Ruhr Factories Hit

BERLIN, August 31.—British warplanes bombed the centre of Berlin early today damaging the big Siemens Schuckert Electrical Equipment factory.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—Lord Lothian, British Ambassador to this country, declared yesterday in an interview with newspapermen that the Battle of Britain was already won because the German bombers were unable to smash British air power.

Lord Lothian drew attention to the fact that the German raids on Britain had been publicized to a much greater extent than the British raids on Germany but these British raids had been most effective in halting production of war material and in hampering the war efforts of the enemy.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Word has been received here of the killing of two Americans at a mission station in North Africa. When the Italians approached the mission station Dr. Robert Grier, who was in charge, waved an American flag but he was shot down by machine gun fire.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The vital supplies of Germany received another puncture last night when the British planes bombed many synthetic oil factories and storage tanks and supply bases.

Enemy Over Britain German planes to the estimated number of twelve hundred flew over Britain last night in a mass effort to try to destroy London and other British centres.

All-Canadian Airplane Squadron Bagged A Dozen German Bombers In Hour

LONDON, August 31.—The Royal Air Force all-Canadian squadron polished off an even dozen German raiders in one hour during a bitter afternoon battle over Britain, the Air Ministry announced today.

WAR EFFORT OF CANADA VERY GREAT

S. J. Hungerford Struck With Magnitude of Work During Tour Which Ended Today

MONTREAL, August 31.—Concluding a seven thousand mile inspection trip of the main and secondary lines of the railway from Montreal to the Pacific Coast, S. J. Hungerford, chairman and president of the Canadian National system, returned to his headquarters at Montreal this morning.

GERMANS ESCAPED

Thorough Investigation of All Internment Camps is Ordered by Ralston

OTTAWA, Aug. 31.—Defence minister Ralston announced last night that he had directed a "thorough and complete" investigation into the entire organization and administration of all Canadian internment camps.

Figured In Rescue Of The Athenia

JASPER PARK LODGE, Aug. 31.—Axel Wenner-Gren, wealthy Swedish yachtsman who figured prominently in the rescue of survivors of the Athenia when the Canadian liner was sunk during the early stages of the war, arrived in Jasper today for a brief holiday at this mountain resort.

Wheat Crop

"The storage and marketing of Canada's wheat crop is, of course, a serious and perplexing problem, and it is one which is not susceptible to any quick and ready solution.

Mr. Hungerford was accompanied on his trip by R. J. Moffat and B. L. Daly, members of the Board of Directors, N. B. Walton, vice-president in charge of operations, and

Labor Day Message

By A. R. MOSHER President of the All-Canadian Congress of Labor

Shortly before Labor Day last year, the German war-machine, created by unscrupulous gangsters and brought to a high peak of murderous efficiency, began its relentless march over Europe.

The workers of Canada pledged their allegiance to the war-effort as soon as the titanic conflict began, and that pledge has been kept both in the letter and the spirit. They realize that the principles of freedom and justice and democracy, upon which the labor movement is founded, are seriously threatened, and they count no sacrifice too great in the defence of those principles.

The task of producing war supplies and to meet the common needs of the people, the workers have given themselves unsparingly, and they will continue to do so. They are eager to serve Canada and the Commonwealth, anxious to make their utmost contribution to the winning of the war, glad to accept the responsibilities which are laid upon them.

Now amid the stress and strain of a great war, they are striving with all their energies to quicken and intensify the war-effort and to increase the material forces which are so essential. But they are helping, too, by their faith in the principles for which the British Commonwealth is fighting, and by their human relationships.

W. S. Thompson, director of publicity and in western Canada by W. R. Devenish, general manager, western lines, W. G. Manders, freight traffic manager, western lines, and district officers in addition to the railway, Trans-Canada Air Lines facilities, and those of the hotel, telegraph, express and Pacific Coast Steamships services of the system were inspected.

EMPIRE IS RALLYING MEN AND SUPPLIES TO HELP BRITAIN

Dominions Achieve New Heights in Making Instruments of War for Fight With Nazi Germany and Fascist Italy

By H. M. PETERS Canadian Press Staff Writer

After a year of war Hitler sprawls over Europe, behind him a string of military triumphs over weak nations. Before him, rising to greater military strength than ever before, stand Great Britain and the Empire.

Behind her, contributing a never-ending stream of men and war materials, are Canada, Australia, New Zealand and the other nations of the Empire. Like Britain, they also are just starting to mass-produce the instruments of war that will stop Hitler.

A year of war, started September 1, 1939, when Germany invaded Poland, divided itself into four main phases. They were:

- 1. The eastern campaign in which Germany and Russia defeated and divided Poland, and Russia attacked little Finland.
2. The winter defensive behind the Maginot Line and the West-wall, of naval blockade and conflict at sea.
3. Land war in the West, the German overrunning of five nations from Norway south to France.
4. The Battle of Britain, and the attendant Anglo-Italian war in Africa.

The Polish campaign gave the first real hint that this war was not to be fought as other wars. The Germans threw mechanized troops out far ahead of the main troops to disrupt communications, always in close co-operation with the air force.

Winter Campaigns

Through the winter was waged a war of position. It was the stage of the defensive behind the Maginot Line, the naval blockade of Germany and the examination of ships going to neutral countries surrounding the Reich.

In this period came the winter's brightest spot, the flashing of naval guns off Montevideo in the 14-hour running seafight in which three British cruisers—the Exeter, Achilles and Ajax—disabled and drove the pocket-battleship Admiral Graf Spee into the Uruguayan capital, ending a threat to Allied and neutral shipping in the South Atlantic.

The first contingent of the Canadian Active Service Force landed in the United Kingdom December 17 and others followed during the winter until a strength of two divisions in the United Kingdom was obtained. Later on Australians and New Zealanders joined in the defence of Britain.

Jail For Exporting Atlin Gold

ATLIN, Aug. 31.—Olaf Johnson was sentenced to six months in jail and fined \$500 in the police court when he pleaded guilty to two charges under the Foreign Exchange Control Board Act. He pleaded guilty to exporting forty ounces of gold from Atlin to Juneau without a licence and to deceiving the customs officer.

Bulletins

BUCHAREST — The establishment of German air bases and headquarters for the Nazi tank corps and motorized units on Rumanian soil was reported upon at the Vienna Conference yesterday which gave half Rumania's Transylvania to Hungary. Plans are being rushed to vacate ceded area in fifteen days. Tempers in the district smouldered and outbursts are feared.

Thursday night there arrived back in Prince Rupert a party consisting of Louis Amadio, his daughter Marie and son Victor, Mike Colussi, Miss Rita Turgeon and Miss Lucille Patsier. They had been away for several weeks going by way of Hazelton from which point they drove in Mr. Amadio's car. While away they visited Vancouver and Vancouver Island, returning by way of many southern interior centres.

The Germans smashed with their mechanized forces at the hinge near historic Sedan, where the advancing French troops pivoted from the permanent Maginot Line.

The Germans broke through, crossed the Meuse River and split off the British expeditionary force from the main French army. The Netherlands had already surrendered, and on May 28 King Leopold ordered the Belgian army to lay down its arms.

The defeat of France followed quickly. While Britain made an amazing rescue of more than 300,000 British and French troops from Dunkerque, Italy entered the war on Germany's side and struck France in the back. The French sued for peace.

The war's fourth stage opened with Hitler's declaration that Britain must "capitulate" or he would destroy the Empire. Britain fights

Daylight Bombs Are Dropped On London During Shopping Rush

Undetermined Number of Casualties Result of Bombs in Suburbs and on Small Factory in London Area

LONDON August 31.—German raiders, dropped bombs in the London area this afternoon when the third of the fierce daylight thrusts carried through the capital's outermost defences. The fourth raid followed later. The lightning-like third attack left an undetermined number of casualties in a suburban town at the height of Saturday shopping.

Halibut Sales

American Coolidge, 29,000, 11c and 8c, Roy-al. Reliance I, 7,000, 10c and 8c, Storage. Canadian Mother III, 12,000, 10.7c and 8c, Storage. Dove B, 28,000, 11.1c and 8c, Storage. White Hope, 26,000, 12.2c and 8c, Atlin.