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DAILY EDITION



Wednesday, February 10, 1943

EDITORIAL

Not So Rosy . . .

It is interesting to note how readily people of Prince democracy into all other spheres antly." Full and abundant life was present-day educational philoso-Rupert are approving the idea of the provincial govern- of living so that all free men not meant by Jesus Christ for a phy. ment taking over the financial responsibility of education would really attain the funda- favored few but for all men, all from the municipalities—and this from a municipality mental rights of free men to so women and all children—not in which only a short time ago was clamoring for a return of local autonomy. If people have any idea that the government will assume the financial responsibility for education and leave it to be run by local controls, they are deluding themselves for such will not be the case.

As we have commented before, local municipal autonomy is not being found so easy and so pleasant as many had thought it might be. Possibly, before long we will be wishing that we had not taken over the job after all. Those who have been entrusted with the responsibilities of municipal affairs—on the city council and the school board—are finding that they have taken on a lot of work and a lot of grief and the most of them are now convinced that there is little of a constructive nature going to be carried out unless some beneficent government pulls a financial rabbit out of the hat for which, no doubt, some quid pro quo in the way of control would undoubtedly be

expected.

Paying for Education . . .

All of this does not mean that we are opposed to the government taking over the financial responsibility for education. Indeed, we are disposed to think, besides being the constitutional thing, it is the most desirable thing to do-not because we would expect that somebody else than ourselves would have to pay the cost of education but because under provincial control education could be carried out a good deal more efficiently and equitably, both in the matter of cost and in the matter of all around service, than by the present method whereby the children of some plutocratic and metropolitan community can get the best in the way of educational facilities whereas those in the more poverty stricken areas have to get along with the best they can afford.

We should not fool ourselves, however, that, because the financial responsibility of education was taken over by a government, we would not still have to pay for the education of our children. If we do not pay for it one way we would, no doubt, find we should have to pay for it in another. But under the proposed plan the whole setup would be much more effective and equitable.

Double Barreled Peace Offensive . . .

Two schools of thought exist among the leading ranks of the Nazi hierarchy concerning chances to end the war on a stalemate basis. The "western school" believes that the United States should, and could, be appeased by extending Hitler's "new idea" as expounded in Mein Kampf, where he proposed to appease Great Britain, with Germany seeking new Lebensraum in Russia. The other school of thought believes that Russia must be appeared. Many German generals shared this belief but were silent as long as there was a chance to annihilate Russian military strength in blitzkrieg fashion. Now that the Germans have failed in their Russian campaigns, a renewal of attempts to come to terms with Russia, or at least to reach some sort of stalemate on the Russian front, is probable.

Hitler again needs the trump card of a separate deal with Russia, at least as a threat that would give greater weight to his diplomacy in the West. Because of the deterioration in Germany's military position and internal economy, Hitler is forced to initiate two peace offensives at the same time. His bargaining power against the United States or Great Britain requires the threat of some kind of deal with Russia; and his bargaining power against Russia involves the exploitation of all possible differences that may exist between Great Britain and Russia and between the United States and Russia.

These diplomatic maneuvers may not work as successfully as the Nazis expect. Hitler this time is a desperate rambler who has already played out his best card—the threat of total war conducted by a huge mechanized army that claimed to be invincible. Stalin. on the other hand. has strengthened his internal position as the leader of the struggle for national defense against the foreign invader.

EDUCATION RESOLUTION

Continued from page one

to take immediate steps to provide a more satisfactory basis for financing education than the present land tax; and establish a satisfacto ensure that competent men and state, forgetting that the state was satisfaction of all the innate citizens of our province may be believed that it was the great func- then was to prepare the young opportunities."

a philosophy of education as pessible, Mr. O'Neill said that even civilization, had created the great before the war educationists were social institutions of the family, the prophesying educational trends, local community, the state, the most of them foreseeing a wide ex- industries, the church, the school, ocratic living. During the war there the customary recreations and the had arisen much talk of a higher health preserving activities. The loudly-heralded freedoms of the who had ever lived was Atlantic Charter guaranteed to the Christ and he had said: "I am citizens of all Allied Nations. There come that ye might have life and was to be an extension of political that ye might have it more abund-

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would in actuality and without fear tions of the collective life. or favor have equal opportunities The problems of life then turned with all men to live a full and out to be the problem of balancing abundant social, economic, recrea- the ration of interests, needs and

speaker felt, to associate democ- and every individual an adequate tory scale of salaries for teachers racy merely with the political social opportunity for a balanced women may be attracted and re- but one of the great social insti- needs of life. tained in the profession throughout tutions and that in the latter inall parts of the province and to en- stitutions there might be little true sure that all the children of all the democracy. The speaker firmly provided with equal educational tion of education to extend the democratic way of life not only Stating that he endeavoured to into one but into all the social

Man, as a social being in hi tension of opportunity under dem- the press, the standard of living, type of post-war society with the greatest teacher and educationist some far off shining sphere some future millenium but here and now in this present world through complete and efficient participation in every one of the social institutions evolved to satisfy the organic needs of man.

Mr. O'Neill stressed the necessity of balanced participation in institutions of society, none which should be neglected, none of which should be made allabsorbing. One should not become so absorbed in industry that he neglected his family, his community or his state or so obsessed with religion that he under-estimated the school, the recreations or the health-preserving activities, not so enslaved by a standard of

order their own lives that they other institutionalized satisfac-

tional and religious life. satisfactions and the problems of People were all too prone, the society was the offering to each

Objective of Education

The great objective of education balanced participation in the life of all the social institutions. To operate the institutions of society made had created the intellectual resources of the languages, indutrial techniques, philosophies, great national ideals, fine arts, sciences, all of which might be called knowledge or cognitive capital.

Mr. O'Neill went on to describe how the province of British Columbia had set itself to the task of overhauling the entire educational system from the elementary school to the high school with a view to modernizing the basis of

Little or no attempt had been made, however, in very large secor tions of the poorer and rural districts of the province to provide the kind of buildings, the kind of equipment or the kind of teacher. necessary for the putting into effect of the modern educational programs. The speaker questioned if the school could be a bulk of democracy when the type of education a boy or girl received was determined by the tax-paying woodood ono ono on on on one ability of the district. Mr. O'Neill compared the conditions for giving education in some of the frontier portions of the province with those afforded in the modern cities and supported his appeal for endorsation of the resolution presented with the declaration that there would have to be a redistribution of educational costs which could only be obtained by a wider distribution living that he failed to utilize the of the financial responsibility.



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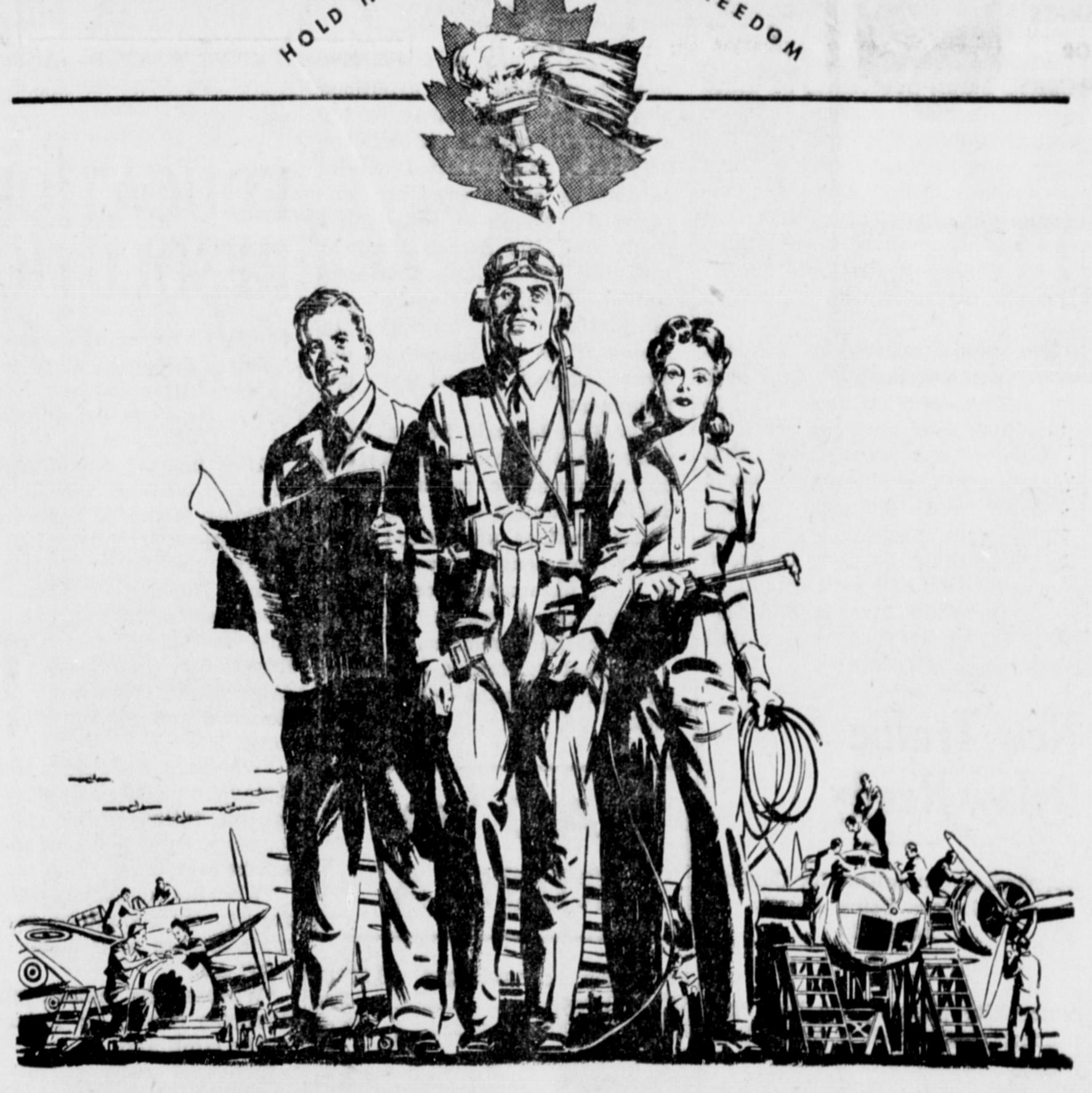
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