

Maximum ..... 46  
Minimum ..... 37

# The Daily News

NORTHERN AND CENTRAL BRITISH COLUMBIA'S NEWSPAPER

PRINCE RUPERT, B.C., SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1944

## Local Tides

Sunday, Jan. 23	
High	11:29 21.6 feet
Low	5:17 8.5 feet
	18:16 3.0 feet

PRICE FIVE CENTS

BRITISH NAVAL LOSSES

No Less Than 513 Fighting Ships of All Classes Have Perished Since Start of War

In the four years between the fateful day, December 3, 1933, when the lights of Britain were taken out, as the second World War started, December 3, 1943, the associated navies of the Commonwealth of Nations have lost the huge total of 513 ships in their bitter struggle to keep open the lines of the world. These ships ranged through categories of naval design from the mighty battle cruiser to small tugs and patrol boats.

Armed were armed merchantmen, those thin-skinned heavily armed carriers whose duty it was to protect convoy mates, and of nothing finer can be said than that the Jervis Bay was one of them.

As sunk by the British Royal Navy Services are three battleships, totalling 95,100 tons. They are the 29,000 ton Royal Sovereign, 35,000 ton victim of aerial torpedoes in the China sea on December 10, and the Barham, 31,000 ton Mediterranean dreadnaught sunk by torpedoes on December 26, 1941.

Battle cruisers, ships of a weight of armor comparable to many battleships, are the 42,000 ton Hood, the heaviest naval ship which dogged the battle of the Bismarck in May, 1941, the German down by off the Greenland coast which struck her magazine and blew her up. Death of the Prince of Wales, 30,000 ton Repulse perished South China sea on December 10, 1941.

AIRCRAFT CARRIERS LOST

aircraft carriers, the most type of naval craft modern warfare, have gone to the bottom since the war began. The total of their tonnage is 350. They are the Courageous and the Glorious, each 30 tons, the Eagle, of 22,000 tons, the Ark Royal, of 22,000 tons, and the Hermes, of 10,000 tons.

famous of these was the Ark Royal, or the "Ark," as she is called, for she defied the propagandists who had been many times until she became a victim to enemy torpedoes Gibraltar on November 14, 1941.

All listed as lost are two aircraft carriers converted to merchantmen, the Audacity, and the Avenger. The Audacity, 12,000 tons, was the one-time German steamer Hannover, was torpedoed in the Atlantic in December, 1941. The Avenger, of unrecorded tonnage, was lost in the invasion of North Africa in November, 1942.

sixty-six cruisers, grossing 100,000 tons, have been enemy to the four of them of the inch gun class, and 22 of the inch gun class. Most of these losses were eight inch Dorsetshire and all which sank simultaneously under the brunt of a dive bomber attack in the Bay of Bengal on April 9, 1942.

Three of the six inch cruisers were units of the Royal Australian Navy. The Canberra and the Perth were sunk by the Japanese and the Sydney was lost in an action with a German raider.

Fourteen armed merchantmen totalled the greatest tonnage lost of any class of ships. Big boats all, the small, the Salopian, was of more than 10,000 tons, their aggregate was 197,679 tons.

The manner of the sinking of these ships is revealed as a ditto marks beneath the sentence—"Torpedoed by submarine," until the eye catches the name Jervis Bay, and the recalls the saga of her Fogarty Fagan charging up into the guns of a German raider to protect his con-

man.

The balance of small craft listed included 12 yachts, 11 sloops, 146 trawlers, 41 minesweepers, 4 minelayers, 16 drifters, 37 miscellaneous auxiliaries and 2 armed boarding vessels.

Local Government

Local Government