

# THE DAILY NEWS

## ALLIES READY FOR ANOTHER BIG ADVANCE

### INTENSE ARTILLERY PREPARATION ON A WIDE FRONT IS NOW IN PROGRESS

#### TREMENDOUS LOSSES OF THE GERMAN ARMY

Preparations are being made for the biggest battle yet—British and French Armies Ready.

(Special to The Daily News.)  
London, April 23.—During the offensive of the past two weeks, the combined captures of the British and the French troops have amounted to more than thirty-three thousand prisoners and three hundred and thirty guns larger than machine guns.

#### A Great Battle.

One of the biggest battles of the war, and one which will possibly be of a decisive nature is now in progress in Northern France. Both the British and the French armies are again ready for a renewal of the attack upon the invaders. Tremendous artillery fighting began on Friday afternoon along the whole front of the River Aisne and also in the Champagne country. All the way from Loos to the north of Lens, as far south as the Cambrai railway line, the intensity of the British gunfire has been increasing, and it is judged that the northern end of the vaunted Hindenburg line is about to suffer another hammer blow. The British and French are ready to make a combined attack at each end of the line simultaneously in a great effort to roll it up.

A report from British headquarters reports that a move towards Cambrai, in the south of the Arras battlefield resulted in the capture of the village of Gonnelieu. This latest advance scores a further advance of about a mile towards the German lines.

**French Front.**  
In the fighting to the east of Courcy, the French troops have continued their thrust toward the Brimont Plateau, which up till now has been one of the chief obstacles in their advance.

#### FISH ARRIVALS

There were many fishing boats in the harbor today, having arrived over the weekend. The North Cape has 5,000 lbs.; Eureka 3,000; Star, 10,000; Onah, 3,000; Dalton, 14,000; Venus, 12,000; Thelma, 12,000; Arctic, 27,000; These are all American boats. The Canadian vessels are the Rose Spit with 12,000 pounds; Agnes B., 5,000; Ena, 12,000; Royal Kid, 3,000; Chief Skugaiq, 22,000. The Zibassa was also seen passing up the harbor in the direction of the Cold Storage. There are also numerous smaller boats, who between them will have about 4,500 lbs. of spring salmon.

In order to vote, you must register.

Just arrived—100 tons Washed Nut Coal—Albert & McCaffery, Phone 116.

**WESTHOLME**  
OPERA HOUSE  
TONIGHT AND TOMORROW  
Famous Players presents  
Owen Moore and Marguerite Courtot in  
"THE KISS"  
Admission 10 and 15 cents.

#### DEMOCRACY AND IMPERIALISM

Ottawa, April 18.—The hope is expressed here that Premier Borden will keep on making speeches which incur the praise of the London newspapers. The idea is that if Premier Borden is kept busy making patriotic speeches he may forget to promise Canada into a hole—it being an old habit of his to promise first and get Parliament to ratify afterwards. So far this L'etat c'est moi stunt of Premier Borden's has not got him into any serious trouble, but that is because he has generally promised things in which the Canadian people were with him heart and soul—such as helping the dear old Mother Country when she got into trouble and doing our bit as participators in the benefits of the British Empire. But where Canadian Home Rule is concerned Premier Borden would be well advised to consult Parliament first and promise afterwards.

If Premier Borden has his ear to the ground—as a good Premier should have—he will know that ninety-nine out of every hundred Canadians are so well satisfied with their present position in the British Empire that they wouldn't change it for anything. It is only the noisy, greedy little crowd of money borrowers and title hunters, who want to hand over our autonomy to the centralizers in Downing Street. Moreover, there are not so many centralizers in Downing Street as Premier Borden might suppose. On inquiry he would probably find that David Lloyd George is no centralizer and that he believes in letting the great overseas states go on enjoying the liberties our forefathers so hardily won. It is only the Milners and the Curzons who believe that the lesson of this great war for democracy is that the dominions should have their democracy curtailed.

When Premier Borden comes home the first thing he ought to do is to speak to his imperial federation friends who have been getting him in wrong with the Canadian people while he was away. They have their plans all cut and dried for a Round Table imperialism which would cost this country fifty millions a year on top of a probable post-bellum annual expenditure of three hundred and twenty-five millions. Even if we could make up our minds to surrender our home rule at the bidding of Zebulon Lash, K. C., and his coterie of empire binders, the question is how could we afford it? Where could we get that extra fifty millions a year? Perhaps the Round Tablers in Canada would contribute it themselves? And then again perhaps they wouldn't.

If Premier Borden doesn't promise first and repent afterwards, he will, of course, consult the Canadian manufacturers about this plan to draw us closer at an expense of fifty millions a year to the people of Canada. Fifty millions—that is how much it would cost the taxpayers. But it would cost the Canadian manufacturers a great deal more—it would cost them the tariff which now protects them in the home market and which has recently been made high enough to keep the British manufacturer out in spite of the British Preference which is extended to him on paper. The Canadian manufacturers are supposed to be friendly to the Borden Government, but would they continue so if Premier Borden suggested handing over our tariff making power to a group of centralizers in Downing Street, who would consider the interests of the British Empire at large and (Continued on page three.)



WITH THE BRITISH FORCES ON THE EASTERN BATTLEFRONT.—These two pictures show the King's Own Royal African Rifles on the left fording a stream. There are many of these troops doing splendid work with the British troops in the East. The right hand picture shows a railway bridge which the retreating German forces in the East attempted to blow up, but with small success.

#### GERMAN DESTROYERS ATTEMPT RAID DOVER

(Special to The Daily News.)  
London, April 23.—A German destroyer squadron took part in what is supposed to have been an attempted raid upon Dover. Two of the enemy vessels were sunk, and another possibly destroyed. It is believed that the German squadron put out in the hopes of finding the vessel upon which Lloyd George was crossing the Channel.

#### RETURNED SOLDIERS COMMISSION'S WORK

From time to time lately the question has been asked in different quarters as to just what the government proposed doing on the return of the army now in France, with regard to the reabsorption of the present military forces back again into civil life. It will be pleasing to the people at large to know that the provincial government have not been idle regarding this important matter.

A statement of the work which is being done in British Columbia by the Provincial Returned Soldiers Commission will appear in a report of the Military Hospitals Commission to be presented to the Dominion Parliament this month. This statement shows that the commission has 59 duly organized sub-committees and is represented by correspondents at 20 additional points. From the discharge depot at Quebec, the names and addresses of the B. C. men returning are forwarded by telegraph to the nearest sub-committee, who arrange for their reception.

**Employment.**  
It is shown that there have been supplied 1,011 positions for the 655 returned soldiers who applied for employment to the commission. The occupations include practically all the trades followed in B. C. It will be readily understood that the number of positions found for the men will always be in excess of the number of men employed, as the efforts of the commission are not confined to finding only one position for the men—many of them have been supplied with several places before they are permanently located.

Regarding future employment, the report says: "As the mobilization of the C. E. F. was a matter in which the individual provinces took their place as part of the whole, so demobilization with its attendant feature of re-employment must be regarded as one affecting the whole Dominion. "One method already suggested

#### A PRISONER OF PARLIAMENT

For the first time in a quarter of a century, a prisoner of the Legislative Assembly stood at the Bar of the House last Thursday in custody of the Sergeant at Arms, and later he was committed to the custody of that officer for the remainder of the session, unless he should change his mind in the interval.

Mr. R. D. Thomas was the prisoner, who was secretary and treasurer of the P. G. E. By refusing to answer questions put by the special committee regarding contributions to the Conservative campaign funds, he placed himself in contempt of that committee and further placed himself in contempt of the Parliament itself by his repeated refusal to answer to that body.

**The Scapegoat.**  
"The demeanor of Mr. Thomas," says the Victoria Times, "was perfectly respectful and manly and there was nothing but sympathy for him on the part of all the members and spectators, it being quite apparent that he was being made the scapegoat for a principal, who as was stated in the House, had not the courage to face the House."

In the British House of Commons, the prisoner would have been confined in the Clock Tower, but in the Victoria House, no arrangements for prison quarters have been made, so Mr. Thomas is spending the time in the ministers' room.

is that the Federal government keep the returned men on pay for the building of a national highway across Canada. It appears to us that the labor required could be turned to better advantage were it distributed among the provinces pro rata to enlistments for the development of the natural resources.

**Develop Natural Resources.**  
"The development of the natural resources of the country and the consequent new industries would prove of incalculable value to the Empire. The whole question might well be the subject of discussion between the Imperial and Federal governments with provincial governments.

"The work before us is to create from the army raised for war purposes, another army for peace purposes, a self-respecting, self-supporting, producing factor of the Imperial economy."  
The report concludes with a reference to the willingness shown by employers to assist the Commission in any way possible in finding employment for the returned men.

#### A NOTED ARCHAEOLOGIST VISITS PRINCE RUPERT

A gentleman of some distinction in scientific, medical and archaeological circles left Prince Rupert yesterday for the south in the person of Mr. Henry S. Wellcome, of London England.

Mr. Wellcome, who is travelling for the benefit of his health, has made Prince Rupert his headquarters for the past two weeks; whence he has visited points of interest in the neighborhood.

At Khartoum, in Egypt, Mr. Wellcome has erected a special wing to the Gordon Memorial College, at his own expense and has established and operated there the Wellcome School of Tropical Research. The chief endeavors of the staff employed were in combatting the terrible sleeping sickness called Beri-beri. The Gordon Memorial College was established in Khartoum soon after the destruction of the Khalifa's power in that region by Lord Kitchener. From that time hence Mr. Wellcome has spent every winter in the Khartoum region. Being much interested in archaeology and in a country teeming with history, the chief difficulty lay in getting sufficient labor to conduct the necessary excavations. The native population had to be educated regarding the dignity of labor. The success Mr. Wellcome had in this respect is shown by photographs of his last camp near the site of the ancient city of Merroe, where thousands of "fellabeen" voted prohibition regarding the native hooch called "marrissa."

The real site of this ancient capital Merroe was discovered by Mr. Wellcome personally. At one time it was a city of over one million inhabitants and a place of great importance.

**Pre-historic Remains.**  
In the results of the excavations of these ancient places, Mr. Wellcome found traces of the Roman occupation of the Soudan. At one time, for seven hundred years, their power extended up the Nile as far as the Sudd country, where the river becomes choked by vegetable growth. The remnants of their wheel made pottery are quite distinct from the previous and subsequent native hand-made product.

The operations of Mr. Wellcome's school of Tropical Research was suspended at the outbreak of the war, but will be resumed immediately peace is declared.  
Mr. Wellcome has many stories to tell regarding this outpost of the Empire. He was in Khartoum when, in the fall of 1914, the Emir of Darfur, bribed by

#### GREAT FOOD SCARCITY IN GREAT BRITAIN

American Board Will Purchase Food Supplies for All the Allies—Importation is Reduced.

(Special to The Daily News.)  
London, April 23.—One committee will buy all the food required by the Allied nations. By this system, competitive bidding against each other by the Allies, agents will be avoided, and the artificial forcing up of prices will cease. This plan will stem the rising tide of the cost of living in Canada and in Europe. This proposal of the American board has the hearty support of the British Food Controller. The commission will determine the location of all the available food stuffs.

Baron Devonport, the food controller, has issued an order for the taking over of all the flour mills in the United Kingdom from the 30th of April. Importation will be reduced to the lowest possible minimum. The requirements from Canada and the United States will be confined to the few indispensable staple foodstuffs. The utmost restraint will be imposed upon the consumption of food. The only commodities which Great Britain needs to import are wheat, beef, pork products, maize and oats.

#### WAR CONFERENCE AT WASHINGTON

(Special to The Daily News.)  
Washington, April 23.—The Right Hon. Arthur J. Balfour and his colleagues have arrived safely at the Capitol and were welcomed with simple cordiality. The conferences have begun. It is believed that the United States will astound Germany. The object of the commission, Mr. Balfour said, was to make co-operation easy and effective between those who are striving with all their power to bring about a lasting peace by the only means that can secure it, which is, namely, the successful conclusion of the war.

#### BREAK OFF RELATIONS

(Special to The Daily News.)  
London, April 23.—Information was officially conveyed to the American Embassy here on Friday evening by the Turkish Government, that diplomatic relations between Turkey and the United States were broken off.

German gold and promises of conquest, got fresh and started things going. It was a fairly exciting time for a while for the few white people left in Khartoum, but it ended happily except for the Emir of Darfur.

The late Lord Kitchener and Sir Reginald Wingate were personal friends of Mr. Wellcome who is connected with the famous drug firm of Burroughs, Wellcome & Co.

The favorite household coal is Ladysmith Wellington. Phone 15, Prince Rupert Coal Co. (f.

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DAILY EDITION **Monday, April 23, 1917.**

**WASHINGTON CONFERENCE**

In discussing the wider politics of the world, and the international war council meeting in Washington relative to the conduct of the war, the Sun thinks that this conference will have a significance larger than that of any previous gathering of the powers. It will have a portent for Germany darker than any shadow yet cast on that empire whose destiny is closing in upon it. This conference of high representatives of Britain and France with the American government in the capital of the United States might well be called the council of destiny for at that meeting the fate of Germany will be decided.

It has been announced that Foreign Secretary Balfour, a former premier of England, Mr. Viviani, one of the leading French statesmen, and formerly premier of France, and other high officials, including the governor of the Bank of England, will meet at Washington within a few weeks to form plans for the successful prosecution of the war. Other allied governments will be represented at the conference by their ambassadors.

For Germany this conference will have a most sinister aspect. It will remove the difficulties of co-operation between the United States and the allied governments. A mighty scheme for carrying the war to a triumphant end will be laid. It may be imagined that no question bearing on the war will be left unconsidered.

The conference will undoubtedly mark the beginning of the last stage of the war. Among other matters, the question of the peace terms to be eventually made, and the reconstruction which will follow, will be discussed.

**THE CANADIAN NAVY**

On the Pacific coast, shipping has been warned by the United States naval authorities to keep a look out for submarines. Some good grounds must have existed for this warning. It is within the bounds of possibility that there are enemy U boats of a large

size in these waters. The reported presence of these pirates on our western coasts will bring home to the people at large that had the policy of Sir Wilfred Laurier been carried out, Canada would have had a sufficient naval force available for the protection of her seaboard. The Laurier navy bill called for six cruisers, six destroyers, a naval college and adequate bases. The idea of a Canadian navy appealed to all classes of people. It received the support of many of the Conservative leaders. The carrying out of this policy would have resulted in the establishment of shipyards on both the Pacific and Atlantic coasts, capable of building war vessels as well as merchant ships. Had these shipyards been established at that time, Canada, and especially the Pacific coast would have been very much better prepared to undertake her part in the great shipbuilding programme of the present time.

Australia is now reaping the benefit of her naval bill. Her navy has done efficient work and at the present moment is lending great assistance in the building up of the merchant marine of the Empire.

Although Mr. Borden, then leader of the opposition, objected to making a money contribution towards Imperial naval defence, along with Mr. George E. Foster, Mr. J. D. Hazen and others, and favored the idea of a Canadian navy, built at home, when the Borden Government took office, the Laurier naval policy was abandoned, with the result, that when war broke out, Canada was without war vessels, dockyards or foundries for their construction. Even the old Rainbow and Niobe were not in commission.

The spectacle of Sir Richard McBride skipping across to Seattle to secure two submarines turned down by a South American state, showed the foolishness of the Borden Government's action in not carrying out the policy of Sir Wilfred, which is proved to have been the right one.

Reciprocity of wheat and flour has also been adopted by the Borden Government, to defeat which they were returned to power. Sooner or later it

**You Can Do Your Bit** in the trenches, in the home, in the office, in the factory, in the store, when the body is nourished with foods that build healthy muscle without overtaxing the digestive organs. **Shredded Wheat Biscuit** contains the greatest amount of body-building nutriment at lowest cost. It strengthens the muscles of the stomach and intestines by making them do their normal work in a natural way. A better-balanced ration than meat or eggs, more easily digested and costs much less. Ready-cooked and ready-to-eat. For breakfast with milk or cream, or for any meal with fruits. **Made in Canada.**

had to come, and before long, when the election comes along, the Borden Government will probably have adopted the platform of Sir Wilfrid in full.

**WESTHOLME THEATRE**

Tonight at the Westholme will be shown a comedy-drama called "The Kiss." This is a film showing a story of a very pleasing nature, like its title. It is a comedy-drama and is a very well constructed production. It is thoroughly up-to-date, and the aeroplane scenes are of great interest. The stars, Owen Moore and Marguerite Berthot, are known to be in the front rank as artists in their profession, and they are seen to great advantage in this pleasant play.

There will also be a good musical programme.

**COAL NOTICES**

**SKENA LAND RECORDING DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS**

Take notice that James McNulty, of Prince Rupert, occupation merchant, intends to apply for permission to prospect for coal and petroleum on the west coast of Graham Island in the vicinity of West river.

Commencing at a post planted one mile south of the southeast corner of C. L. 9967; thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement. JAMES McNULTY, Austin Brown, agent, March 31, 1917.

**SKENA LAND RECORDING DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS**

Take notice that Joseph Rowat, of Prince Rupert, B. C., occupation prospector, intends to apply for permission to prospect for coal and petroleum on the west coast of Graham Island, in the vicinity of West river.

Commencing from a post planted one mile south of the southwest corner of C. L. 9968; thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement. JOSEPH ROWAT, Austin Brown, agent, March 31, 1917.

**SKENA LAND RECORDING DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS**

Take notice that John William Goss, of Victoria, B. C., occupation merchant, intends to apply for permission to prospect for coal and petroleum on the west coast of Graham Island, in the vicinity of West river.

Commencing at a post planted two miles south of the southeast corner of C. L. 9967; thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement. JOHN WILLIAM GOSS, Austin Brown, agent, March 31, 1917.

**SKENA LAND RECORDING DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS**

Take notice that Roslyn Duke, of Portland, Ore., occupation hotel proprietor, intends to apply for permission to prospect for coal and petroleum on the west coast of Graham Island, in the vicinity of West river.

Commencing at a post planted one mile south of the southeast corner of C. L. 9971; thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement. ROSLYN DUKE, Austin Brown, agent, March 31, 1917.

**SKENA LAND RECORDING DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS**

Take notice that Oliver Brown, of Victoria, B. C., occupation machinist, intends to apply for permission to prospect for coal and petroleum on the west coast of Graham Island in the vicinity of West river.

Commencing at a post planted two miles south of the southeast corner of C. L. 9971; thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement. OLIVER BROWN, Austin Brown, agent, March 31, 1917.

**THE MAILS**

**For the East.**  
Tuesdays, 2 a. m.  
Wednesdays, 9:30 a. m.  
Saturdays, 9:30 a. m.  
**From the East.**  
Tuesdays, 5:30 p. m.  
Thursdays, 5:30 p. m.  
Sundays, 3:10 p. m.  
**For Vancouver.**  
Tuesdays, 4 p. m.  
Thursdays, 10 p. m.  
Sundays, 4 p. m.  
**From Vancouver.**  
Wednesdays, 10:30 a. m.  
Fridays, 3 p. m.  
Sundays, 7 p. m.  
Alternate Mondays from January 1st.  
**For Anyox.**  
Wednesdays, 10 p. m.  
Fridays, 8 p. m.  
Sundays, 8 p. m.  
**From Anyox.**  
Thursdays, Sundays and Tuesdays.

**COAL NOTICES**

**SKENA LAND RECORDING DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS**

Take notice that William Dixon, of Victoria, B. C., occupation accountant, intends to apply for permission to prospect for coal and petroleum on the west coast of Graham Island, in the vicinity of West river.

Commencing at a post planted one mile south of the southeast corner of C. L. 9971; thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement. WILLIAM DIXON, Austin Brown, agent, March 31, 1917.

**SKENA LAND RECORDING DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS**

Take notice that Turner Rothwell Mullen, of Victoria, B. C., occupation merchant, intends to apply for permission to prospect for coal and petroleum on the west coast of Graham Island, in the vicinity of West river.

Commencing at a post planted one mile south of the southeast corner of C. L. 9971; thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement. TURNER ROTHWELL MULLEN, Austin Brown, agent, March 31, 1917.

**SKENA LAND RECORDING DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS**

Take notice that Agnes Brown, of Victoria, B. C., occupation widow, intends to apply for permission to prospect for coal and petroleum on west coast of Graham Island, in the vicinity of West river.

Commencing at a post planted two miles south of the southeast corner of C. L. 10038; thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, to point of commencement. AGNES BROWN, Austin Brown, agent, March 31, 1917.

**SKENA LAND RECORDING DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS**

Take notice that Edward Pickard, of Los Angeles, occupation engineer, intends to apply for permission to prospect for coal and petroleum on the west coast of Graham Island, in the vicinity of West river.

Commencing at a post planted one mile south of the southeast corner of C. L. 9967; thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement. EDWARD PICKARD, Austin Brown, agent, March 31, 1917.

**SKENA LAND RECORDING DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS**

Take notice that James Ray, of Victoria, B. C., occupation hotel proprietor, intends to apply for permission to prospect for coal and petroleum on the west coast of Graham Island, in the vicinity of West river.

Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of C. L. 9968; thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement. JAMES RAY, Austin Brown, agent, March 31, 1917.

**SKENA LAND RECORDING DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS**

Take notice that Frederick Moersch, of Victoria, B. C., occupation salesman, intends to apply for permission to prospect for coal and petroleum on the west coast of Graham Island, in the vicinity of West river.

Commencing at a post planted two miles south of the southeast corner of C. L. 9971; thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement. FREDERICK MOERSCH, Austin Brown, agent, March 31, 1917.

**SKENA LAND RECORDING DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS**

Take notice that John Booth, of Los Angeles, occupation contractor, intends to apply for permission to prospect for coal and petroleum on the west coast of Graham Island, in the vicinity of West river.

Commencing at a post planted two miles south of the southeast corner of C. L. 9971; thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement. JOHN BOOTH, Austin Brown, agent, March 31, 1917.



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A Voice from the Past. Napoleon: "Why don't you stop before you have to?"

(Continued From Page One.)

not those of Canada in particular? As bearing on the deliberations of the War Conference, it is to be hoped that Premier Borden is a reader of Kipling. Rudyard Kipling has a message of Empire, too, perhaps as strong a message as Premier Borden, but he was never in any doubt about Canada's place in the scheme of things. He hits it off exactly in his famous verses,

Daughter am I in my mother's house,  
But mistress in my own.  
This is perfectly satisfactory to the Canadian people. Nobody has improved on Rudyard Kipling's interpretation of Canada's permanent policy in relation to our place in the British Empire. Premier Borden would do well to carry the little book of poems with him and read those lines whenever he feels his feet slipping.

Premier Borden is reported as saying that the dominions had put a million men in arms. Of course this was poetic license. In the first place the Premier was reckoning on half a million from Canada. Half a million must be taken as a round number. It is the authorized limit, but the actual enlistment is something over

### LAND REGISTRY ACT

(Sections 26 and 134.)  
Re Applications Nos. 9986-1 and 9987-1. Filing 5808.

TAKE NOTICE that application has been made to register Sarah Lando, of Prince Rupert, B. C., as owner in fee under two Tax Sale Deeds from the Collector of the City of Prince Rupert, bearing date the 22nd day of September, 1916, and ALL AND SINGULAR that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Municipality of Prince Rupert, more particularly known and described as Lot eleven (11), Block twenty-eight (28), Section Six (6), and Lot thirty-three (33), Block forty-six (46), Section Eight (8), Map 923.

You are required to contest the claim of the tax purchaser within 35 days from the date of the service of this notice (which may be effected by publication), and your attention is called to section 26 of the "Land Registry Act" with amendments, and to the following extract therefrom: "and in default of a caveat or certificate of its pendens being filed before the registration as owner of the person entitled under such tax sale, all persons so served with notice, and those claiming through or under them, and all persons claiming any interest in the land by virtue of any unregistered instrument, and all persons claiming any interest in the land by descent whose title is not registered under the provisions of this Act, shall be for ever estopped and debarred from setting up any claim to or in respect of the land so sold for taxes."

AND WHEREAS application has been made for a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above-mentioned lands, in the name of Sarah Lando.

AND WHEREAS on investigating the title it appears that prior to the 14th day of September, 1916, (the date on which the said lands were sold for overdue taxes), you were the registered and assessed owners thereof.

FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that at the same time I shall effect registration in pursuance of such application and issue a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the said lands in the name of Sarah Lando unless you take and prosecute the proper proceedings to establish your claim, if any, to the said lands, or to prevent such proposed action on my part.

DATED at the Land Registry Office, Prince Rupert, B. C., this 10th day of April, A. D. 1917.

H. F. MACLEOD,  
District Registrar of Titles.  
To Charles Plantin, as to Lot 22;  
H. F. Clark and H. O. Richer,  
as to Lot 11.

four hundred and one thousand. Likewise it is poetic license to say that the whole four hundred and one thousand are in arms. Many of them wear pens behind their ears instead of swords at their sides. There are twenty-five hundred of these khaki non-combatants in the Pay & Records Office alone. There are another two thousand Canadian officers unattached galumphing around the south of England. Most of them had a chance to smell gunpowder if they would revert to the ranks, but they preferred to be live-colonels and majors rather than dead heroes.

Then there are the "organizing" brigadiers on this side of the water and the various non-combatant services here and overseas that will never see fighting. These men are in uniform but not in arms. Altogether perhaps a hundred thousand ought to be subtracted from Premier Borden's generous metaphor to come anywhere near the real figures of fighting men at the front, either now or in the near future. Premier Borden should keep these figures of speech within bounds. He is doing in England what he has frequently done here—counting in the unfit, the non-combatants, the clerks, the cooks, the bottlewashers, that make up this padded list of four hundred and one thousand. To make good what we understand was his promise—namely, five hundred thousand men at the front—nearly two hundred thousand men will have to be enlisted yet.

Meanwhile the Hon. Pierre Blondin—I beg his pardon, the Hon. Colonel Blondin—Honorable Colonel, not honorary colonel, mark that—the Hon. Col. Blondin is stumping Quebec. One of the strangest things about Colonel Blondin is the interviews he gives out. He says he regrets of his past when he advised shooting holes in the Union Jack, and it is very interesting indeed to see him beat his breast and cry Pecavi. But Colonel Blondin doesn't end there. He seems to imply that he is loyal, but that Quebec isn't. Here is what he said to a

reporter nine days ago at Montreal: "I am sure the hearts of the people of this province are sound. All they need is to be shown that it is their duty to fly to the colors and they will enlist in considerable numbers. I am going from prelate to prelate, from priest to priest, from father to father, from mother to mother, and from son to son, and I believe I can convince them that it is the duty of this province especially to send its full share of young men to help the British and French armies in the field, fighting for liberty and justice as we in this Dominion understand the terms." Mark the implications. Quebec has to be shown, and Mr. Blondin will do the showing. Prelates, priests, fathers, mothers, sons need to be convinced. Mr. Blondin will do the convincing. In fact, anybody and everybody in Quebec is to blame except Colonel Blondin.—H. F. Gadsby.



### TIMBER SALE X 909.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Minister of Lands not later than noon on the 7th day of May, 1917, for the purchase of Licence X 909, to cut 3,150,000 feet of Hemlock, Cedar and Spruce, and 1,500 lineal feet of piling, on an area adjoining Lot 1501, Juskatla Inlet, Graham Island, Queen Charlotte District.

Two (2) years will be allowed for removal of timber.

Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria, B. C., or District Forester at Prince Rupert, B. C.

### TIMBER SALE X 920.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Minister of Lands not later than noon on the 21st day of May, 1917, for the purchase of Licence X 920, to cut 4,165,000 feet of Hemlock, Cedar and Spruce, and 30,000 lineal feet of piling on an area adjoining Lot 1501, Juskatla Inlet, Queen Charlotte District.

Three (3) years will be allowed for removal of timber.  
Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria, B. C., or District Forester at Prince Rupert, B. C.

### LAND REGISTRY ACT

(Sections 26 and 134.)  
Re Application No. 91,111, Filing 5,814

TAKE NOTICE that application has been made to register John Bergman, of Prince Rupert, B. C., as owner in fee under a Tax Sale Deed from the Collector of the City of Prince Rupert, bearing date the 10th day of September, 1915, of ALL AND SINGULAR that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Municipality of Prince Rupert, more particularly known as Lot Ten (10), Block Five (5), Section Seven (7), Map 923.

You are required to contest the claim of the tax purchaser within thirty-five days from the date of the service of this notice (which may be effected by Registered Mail or as Directed, and your attention is called to section 26 of the "Land Registry Act" with amendments, and to the following extract therefrom: "and in default of a caveat or certificate of its pendens being filed before the registration as owner of the person entitled under such tax sale, all persons so served with notice, and those claiming through or under them, and all persons claiming any interest in the land by virtue of any unregistered instrument, and all persons claiming any interest in the land by descent whose title is not registered under the provisions of this Act, shall be for ever estopped and debarred from setting up any claim to or in respect of the land so sold for taxes."

AND WHEREAS application has been made for a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above-mentioned lands, in the name of John Bergman.

AND WHEREAS on investigating the title it appears that prior to the 9th day of September, 1916, (the date on which the said lands were sold for overdue taxes) you were the assessed owner thereof.

FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that at the same time I shall effect registration in pursuance of such application and issue a Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the said lands in the name of John Bergman unless you take and prosecute the proper proceedings to establish your claim, if any, to the said lands, or to prevent such proposed action on my part.

DATED at the Land Registry Office, Prince Rupert, B. C., this 6th day of December, A. D. 1916.

H. F. MACLEOD,  
District Registrar of Titles.  
To Simon Peterson, Davisville, California.

**Stuart J. Martin**  
ASSAYER  
HAZELTON — B. C.  
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so generously contributed in the British Empire and the United States, the neutral Belgian Relief Commission has imported enough wheat, flour and other foods to feed the whole nation so far. The great majority of the 7,000,000 Belgians left in the country have been able to pay for their daily allowance of bread—but a steadily growing number have no money left.

Unless we are willing to let these hundreds of thousands of women, children and old men starve, they must be fed at the expense of the Belgian Relief Fund. To make this possible someone must contribute nearly \$3,000,000 a month—every month—all this winter!

No people under the Allied Flag are as we are able to contribute generously as we Canadians! No cause has ever been more deserving of help! In the name of Justice and Humanity—for the sake of our own self-respect—let us give all we can to help our martyred Allies!

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### FIRE ALARM SYSTEM.

#### CIRCUIT NO. 1.

- Box 12—5th St. and 3rd Ave.
- Box 13—6th St. and 3rd Ave.
- Box 14—8th St. and 3rd Ave.
- Box 15—Junction of 1st, 2nd and 3rd Aves.
- Box 16—1st Ave., between 8th and 9th Sts. (Knox Hotel).
- Box 17—1st Ave. and 7th St. (Central Hotel).

#### CIRCUIT NO. 2.

- Box 22—3rd Ave. and 3rd St. (Post Office).
- Box 23—3rd Ave. and McBride St.
- Box 24—1st Ave. and McBride St.
- Box 25—2nd Ave. and 2nd St.
- Box 26—2nd Ave. and 6th St.
- Box 27—G. T. P.

#### CIRCUIT NO. 3.

- Box 31—5th Ave. and Fulton St.
- Box 32—Borden and Taylor Sts.
- Box 34—7th Ave. and Fulton St.
- Box 35—9th Ave. and Cornox Ave.
- Box 37—8th Ave. and Dodge Place
- Box 38—6th Ave. and Thompson St.

#### CIRCUIT NO. 4.

- Box 41—4th Ave. and Emmerson Place.
- Box 42—5th Ave. and McBride St.
- Box 43—5th Ave. and Green St.
- Box 44—6th Ave. and Basil St.
- Box 45—7th Ave. and Eberth.
- Box 141—7th Ave. and Young St.

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