

# THE DAILY NEWS

VOL. VIII. NO. 242.

PRINCE RUPERT, B. C., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1917.

PAGE FIVE CENTS

## FIERCE FIGHTS AT POELCAPELLE BREWERY

### KAISER WANTS A KING OVER ALSACE-LORRAINE -- HUNS DRIVEN OFF DAGOE IS.

#### ENEMY ADVANCE CAUSES EXODUS EX PETROGRAD

German Forces on Dagoe Island Had to Withdraw—On Oesel Island Russian Position is Precarious.

Petrograd, October 16.—The exodus from Petrograd which has been in progress since the fall of Riga has been accelerated by the Germans landing on Oesel and Dagoe Islands. It has been announced here that the German troops which landed on Dagoe Island, which is equidistant from the gulfs of Riga and Finland, could not maintain themselves in face of the opposition put up by the Russian troops and shore batteries. They were compelled to withdraw. Fighting continues on Oesel Island. The German forces which landed at the latter place are pushing forward east and south, and have placed in a difficult position the Russian troops and batteries in the district of Arensburg at the southern end of the island, and especially those in the southern peninsula. Military critics here predict that these actions in the Gulf of Riga will be followed by the development of the invasion of the mainland on the coast of Estonia, rather than an attempt towards the Gulf of Finland, which is protected by mine fields. These the Germans would have to sweep under the menace of the Russian fleet. The Germans will thus threaten Petrograd direct by land and escape forcing Kronstadt.

**Naval Fight.**  
Stockholm, Oct. 16.—Steamers arriving here today report hearing the sound of violent cannonading in the Baltic, presumably a naval engagement between the Russian and the German fleets.

**Berlin Report.**  
Berlin, Oct. 16.—Rapid progress has been made by the German troops which landed on the Russian island of Oesel. German warships silenced the Russian batteries. The sword peninsula has been cut off from the northern part of the island.

**Trip Abandoned.**  
Rome, October 16.—The Emperor Karl of Austria has abandoned his plan to visit Sofia, owing to the serious internal situation there arising out of the food shortage.

**The Swedish Cabinet.**  
Stockholm, Oct. 16.—M. Widen, who was charged by King Gustav with the formation of a coalition government, has been unable to accomplish his task.

The appeal is urgent. The cause worthy. The object money. Get ready to give on October 20th.

For New Wellington Coal and Lumber of all dimensions, phone 116.

#### NOTES FROM THE COUNCIL CHAMBER

The regular meeting of the city council was held last evening, Ald. McClymont being acting mayor in the absence of Mayor McCaffery in the south.

The first matter brought up was a letter from Mr. Nicol Thompson, Fuel Controller in B. C., to the council stating what he had arranged during his recent visit to Prince Rupert. The council knew it already, of course, and the letter was filed.

**Electric Power.**  
A recommendation was read from the utilities committee regarding the construction of a new transmission line from Shawatlans to carry the extra load required by the Emerson sawmill at Seal Cove. The total cost of this improvement was estimated at \$14,255, including both material and labor.

This was the subject of quite a discussion. Ald. Montgomery objected to such a sum being expended, as the late superintendent had led the committee to understand that little or no extra expense would be necessary in order to carry this extra load. He wanted the matter put up to Mr. Anderson, the city's consulting engineer, seeing that the opinions of the present and the late superintendents of utilities did not agree. The discussion was electrical and "transformers" and "voltage" were mentioned glibly. No one, however, seemed anxious to spend so much money unless absolutely necessary either on a new line or new transformers, so it was decided to get Mr. Anderson's opinion.

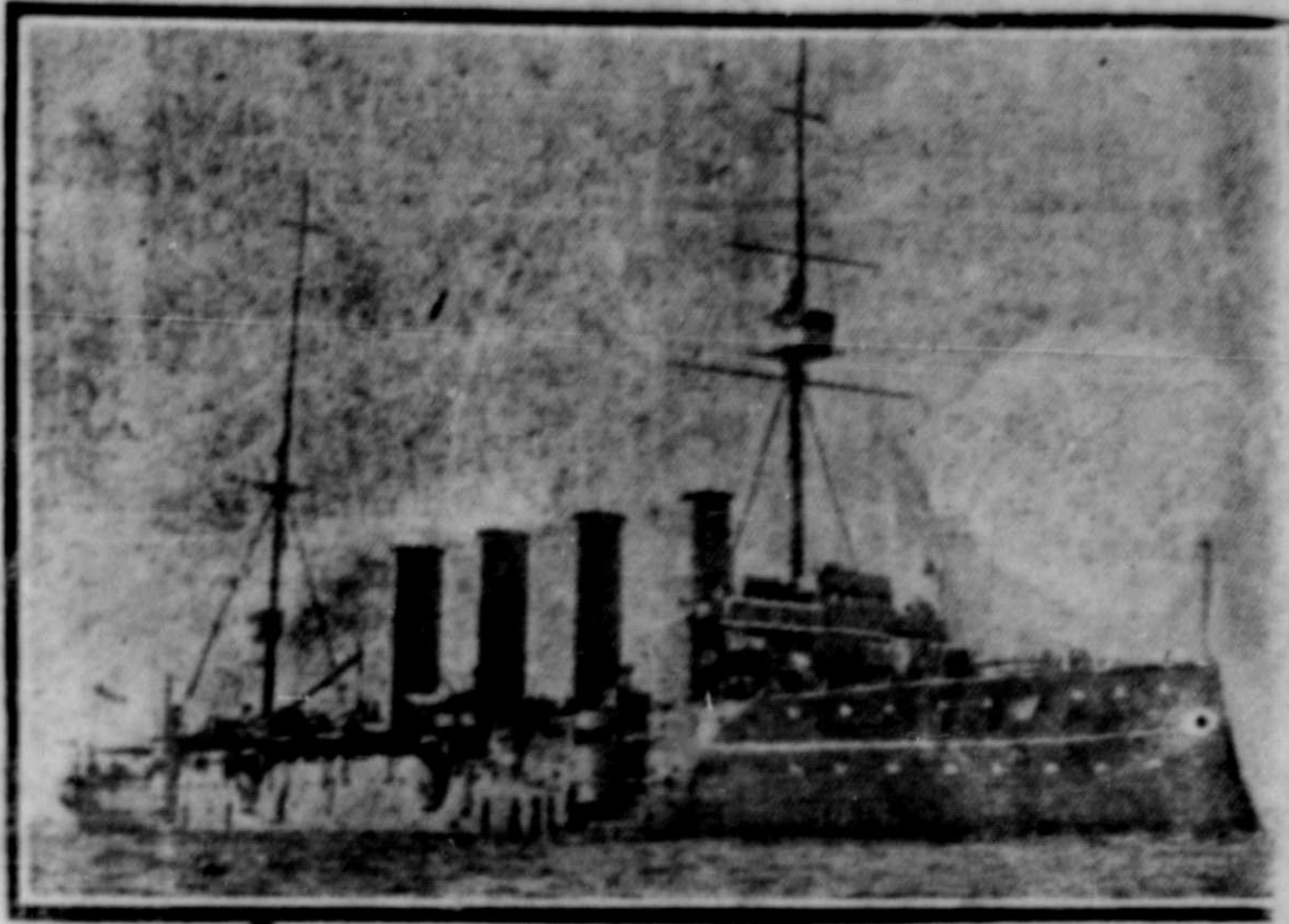
**Street Lamps.**  
The purchase of 5.5 ampere arc lamps for street lighting in circuit No. 2 to replace the 7.5 ampere lamps now in use was also recommended by the utilities committee. This was to safeguard the transformers which would not heat up so during the long winter nights with the smaller lamps and the recommendation was adopted.

**The City's Tools.**  
A recommendation was also brought in from the utilities committee regarding the hire of the tools and appliances belonging to the city to outside persons, and a scale fixing the rates for such hire was submitted. That no tools or materials belonging to the city be sold without the order of the council was also recommended. This latter raised some indignation among certain members of the council. This apparently was a rule of old standing, which evidently had been honored in the breach. It was decided that the heads of the departments report as to what material and tools, if any, had been sold, to whom and for what amount, and by whose authority, during this year.

Then a recommendation was adopted that the city purchase five drums of gasoline as protection against a probable shortage.

**The Garage.**  
The board of works reported upon an application from Messrs. Lynch Bros. for a garage on Lot 4, Block 33, Section 1. The board had reports from the city engineer, the fire chief, also protests from Messrs. M. M. Stephens and J. Lorne McLaren, and they decided unfavorably on the application. It was moved and seconded that the report be adopted. In taking the minutes, the city clerk asked innocently, "You seconded that, Alderman McMeekin?" "I never did," retorted Ald. McMeekin. "I should say not. Its next the fire hall, too. Huh."

A recommendation was received from the board of works having regard to the possible shortage of coal. It was thought that tenders



H. M. S. "DRAKE" SUNK BY SUBMARINES

The cruiser, a sister ship of the Good Hope, sunk off Chile in 1914, was torpedoed off the north coast of Ireland. She has often visited Canadian and United States ports.

#### GERMAN MUTINY AND SUBMARINE WARFARE

New York, Oct. 15.—Arthur Pollen, the famous British writer on naval affairs, says:

"Two significant facts about the mutiny in the German fleet are, first, that the mutiny was in the fleet and not in the army, and next that it took place six weeks ago. It was something less than six weeks ago that there occurred a turn in the tide of the German submarine warfare. One is immediately faced with the question, what is the connection, if any, between the mutiny and the decline in the submarine successes?"

"To answer this question we have to go back to the spring of 1915. When the submarine war against trading ships first was proclaimed, the undersea service in the German navy was made extremely popular, first, by the promise of success and the prospect of honors and decorations to those who distinguished themselves; second, by a very high rate of pay offered to those who volunteered for the service; third, by the promise of prize money for every ship sunk.

"From February, 1915, to Sept. of the same year there was no lack of volunteers, but in August and September the measures taken by the British Admiralty began to be effective and the losses in German submarines were very formidable. Just how many submarines were sunk has never been published, but it was a very high percentage, probably 50 per cent. of those at the disposal of the German authorities in that period and the fact of these losses could not be concealed from the German personnel. The result was that volunteering fell off and it became necessary to draft men from the High Sea Fleet at Kiel into the submarine service."

#### GERMAN RAILWAYS NOW SHORT OF COAL

London, Oct. 15.—The German state railways are faced with a great shortage of fuel and drastic limitation of traffic has begun, according to reports reaching here. The railways propose to levy heavy excess fares on express trains, so as to discourage all except unavoidable journeys.

#### HALIBUT REACHES THE HIGHEST PRICE YET

Today the Guildford brought in 10,000 lbs. halibut; Ed, 3,000 lbs.; Alliance, 4,000; Corona, 7,000; Adeline, 5,000; Hegert, 8,000, and Saturn, 6,000 lbs. The price realized was 18 1/2 cents per lb., which is the highest price ever paid in Prince Rupert. The Chief Zibassa also arrived for the Cold Storage Company.

The favorite household coal is Ladysmith Wellington. Phone 15, Prince Rupert Coal Co.

#### GERMAN PLOTS LAID IN CELESTIAL EMPIRE

San Francisco, Oct. 15.—Documents of importance bearing on German plots to influence China's sympathies towards the Teutonic empires in the world's war are on their way to Washington, federal officials admitted today. They were taken from the Dutch steamer Oranje, which arrived yesterday, bringing a party of Austrian and German officials, who left China when that country joined the Allies.

It is said particular importance attached to papers found in the possession of Anton Arnold, former German financial adviser to the Chinese Government.

New York, Oct. 15.—Indictments charging conspiracy to place incendiary bombs aboard ships carrying munitions of war from this port to the Entente Allies in 1915, have been returned by a federal grand jury here against Eugene Reisler, Joseph Zeffert, Walter Uhde and Bonford Boniface. Three of the men were taken into custody Wednesday by the police "bomb squad" and the fourth yesterday. In default of bail they were sent to jail.

Others involved in the conspiracy and previously indicted included Franz von Rintelen, a captain in the German navy; Dr. Walter T. Scheele, alleged to have operated a "bomb factory" in Hoboken; Capt. Otto Welpert and Karl Schimmel.

Evidence that Schimmel had knowledge of the placing of bombs aboard the Lusitania prior to her last voyage is being investigated. The indictments returned today charged that Schimmel carried through the streets of New York three packages containing bombs intended to be placed aboard ships.

#### UNFOUNDED RUMOR RE PRINCE RUPERT OLD TIMER

Definite news received regarding the whereabouts and condition of two well known railway men of this province, now serving with the colors in France, refutes the rumor circulated throughout the northern part of the province that one of them had died of wounds in France. This was the rumor circulated regarding Dan Dempsey, star tracklayer of the G. T. P., and regarded as one of the best all-round railwaymen in the west. Word has just been received that Dempsey was in hospital, but he is again on duty, and is now holding the rank of captain. He is serving in the Railway Battalion. Another well-known officer of the Railway Battalion, Major Angus Stewart, is recovering from the effects of an operation which took place recently in England.

Delivery boy wanted—McRae Bros. 241.



BRITAIN'S GENERAL

Sir Douglas Haig, who has gained the greatest British victory of the war, and has not suffered a single reverse since he assumed command, with the solitary exception of the minor loss near Neuport early in the summer. Sir Douglas is a Scotsman.

#### CANADIAN MINISTER TO BE AT WASHINGTON

(Special to The Daily News.)

Ottawa, Oct. 16.—Canada will henceforth be represented at Washington, and the Canadian diplomatic business will be handled directly by the Dominion in future. At Washington the Canadian commissioner will be associated with the British Ambassador, but will have the initiative. The Hon. J. D. Hazen will remain Minister of Naval Service, Marine and Fisheries.

**The New Government.**  
The new Union Government is in favor of a whirlwind campaign, and wishes the election to be over by the time of the Christmas vacation. Their first move will be to form a War Cabinet. The new party is likely to be known as Unionists.

#### IN THE LETTER BOX

Prince Rupert, Oct. 16, 1917.

Editor, Daily News.

Dear Sir:—In your issue of Friday last, you have an article on the high cost of eating, in which you mention my name as the owner of a certain goose. I should like to point out that you were in error, as the noble bird of which I was the proud possessor was not a goose, but a gander.

Now I am not "grousing" over spoilt goose, or rather gander, but I should like to warn those of your readers who would go hunting, to first study the game laws and the law game, as the "game" comes high at \$5 the study. As I remarked before, I am not "grousing," the "game" was good while it lasted, and judging by the last I saw (and smelled) of it, it was likely to last a long time, as it was going "strong."

Yours, etc.,  
GEO. HILL.

ANNOUNCEMENT—for the famous La Camille Corset, phone for appointment. Mrs. Demers, Stephens Block, phone Red 548.

#### THE BREWERY AT POELCAPELLE IS LOST AND WON

Fair Weather Again Permits the Resumption of Attack on Plain of Mud—Take Many Prisoners.

(Special to The Daily News.)

London, Oct. 16.—The weather has cleared up again today, renewing the opportunities for greater aerial activity. Nevertheless, the battlefield is one vast weltering panorama of mud, with a few islets of firmer ground, and covered with countless green shell holes filled with water. Any soldier falling into these holes has little chance to get out unassisted. Desultory fighting is being continued today under horrible conditions.

#### The Brewery.

The brewery in Poelcapelle is still the centre of the fiercest fighting. British and German troops have repeatedly captured the position, but neither yet have been able to hold it, although the town of Poelcapelle remains in British possession. The British main position on the main ridge south of Broodseinde was heavily bombarded during the night by the Germans. Up to date, the British have captured 934 prisoners since the last advance, including forty-one officers. Although the bombardment of the Broodseinde position was heavy, there was no successful infantry attack as usual. Successful raids were made by the British at two points.

#### Peace.

London, Oct. 16.—Officialdom in Germany is striving desperately to create a peace atmosphere by bringing up again the question of Alsace-Lorraine. The Kaiser now proposes to convert these two provinces into a separate monarchy, independent of either France or Germany, to be ruled over by a Catholic King.

#### Silence From France.

Paris, Oct. 15.—No information has been made public regarding the progress of the French arms at the front.

#### Difference With Holland.

London, October 16.—Following upon the cutting off of cable communication with Holland, Amsterdam papers say that all shipping between Holland and Great Britain has been stopped. This pressure is being placed upon Holland until she stops the transit of sand and gravel, also food stuffs, from Germany into Belgium through Dutch territory.

#### Ships Sunk.

The British armed merchant cruiser Champagne has been sunk, and the mine sweeping sloop Begonia is also regarded as lost.

#### Foodstuffs.

From a reliable source, it has been learned that the German crop this season is far below normal. Great Britain has a potato surplus. The British food controller is taking active steps to save the surplus.

#### Lloyd George Coming.

Toronto, Oct. 16.—The Globe here says that Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain may visit America shortly.

**LONDON CAFE**  
AND GRILL  
Third Avenue  
Prompt Service of the Best  
There is to eat at all hours.  
BOXES FOR LADIES

**EMPRESS THEATRE**  
FRIDAY, OCT. 19, AT 8 P.M.  
An Interesting  
**LECTURE**  
By E. J. BAKER  
(Under the auspices of the Associated Bible Students.) Entitled:  
"From Paradise Lost to Paradise Restored"  
SUNDAY, AT 3 P.M.  
SUBJECT:  
"New Wine in Old Bottles"  
EVERYBODY WELCOME  
Seats Free and No Collections.  
**EMPRESS THEATRE**  
FRIDAY, 8 p.m. SUNDAY, 3 p.m.

**THE DAILY NEWS**

THE LEADING NEWSPAPER IN NORTHERN BRITISH COLUMBIA  
Published Daily and Weekly  
Guaranteed Largest Circulation

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TRANSIENT DISPLAY ADVERTISING - 50 cents per inch.  
Contract Rates on application.

DAILY EDITION

Tuesday, Oct. 16, 1917.

**SOCIETY AFTER THE WAR**

Modern society is organized on a basis of continual preparedness for war not only in the relations of one nation to another in the sphere of international politics, but also in the relations between citizens of a common country. The existence of trades unions, strike committees, employers' organizations, and the control of the markets by trusts and monopolies—all these things proclaim trumpet-tongued that modern society is on a war footing. It is well for humanity and civilization that this idea of life and progress, as a continual state of warfare between man and man and between nation and nation, should continue? National reconstruction after the war will rest on foundations of sand unless some means are devised of eliminating from our industrial organization the bitter conflict between capital and labor, two elements which under a rational system would cooperate for the common good. The dangerous results of this cancer at the heart of the community are apparent in the carrying on of the war. In Britain, and France particularly, the essential unity of the nation in face of the enemy has been secured by the virtual overthrow of the old industrial system, with its competitive commercial principles and class strife. True, the solution of the social problems that kept society organized for class warfare has not been completed by the revolutionary changes that war has brought in its train. But it is equally true that the final solution lies along the path now taken. The disorganization of the old economic life of Britain, for instance, which State intervention has caused, will necessitate continued State intervention after the war. What were regarded by many before the war as Utopian dreams or economic heresies are now welcomed as a way out of difficulties that formerly seemed insurmountable. It is not forgotten that the boasted industrial wealth of Great Britain meant that nine-tenths of the wealth was in the hands of one-tenth of the population, and that a quarter of the population of the British Isles was always on the borderland of destitution. The old industrial conditions have been broken up by the war. Will Canada and the new industrial world that is opening up retain a system that has been found so imperfect? More and more the tendency

in the industrial field is toward "large-scale organization." In many cases it is stimulated by plotting and scheming and lawless means, but economy and efficiency make it inevitable. After the war the great industries in each country will be in varying degrees nationally organized, with a minimum of internal competition, so as to exert their full strength in the race for the world's markets. This process of nationalization has been so far advanced in Great Britain that nearly every great enterprise, for production or distribution, is under State control or supervision. Concentration without Government control would confer on the few the power to determine prices. By subjecting the selected few to effective State superintendence the British public secures all the economic advantages that flow from "large-scale organization" without incurring the penalties that are imposed by uncontrolled monopolies. Employers are working from patriotic motives and in the public service, with no incentive to pile up profits at the expense of wages, since the Government limits the rate of profits, or takes any excess for national purposes. Under such a system the workers have a better chance to secure social justice, and far-reaching plans of co-operation between capital and labor are taking shape. Are the foundations of a new industrial order being laid in Canada? If not, if the old profit system is to continue to rule, Canada will fall behind in the race and pay the penalty.—Globe.

The appeal for funds for "Our Day" which will be collected on October 20th has the approval and support of Their Majesties the King and Queen, and of Her Majesty Queen Alexandra and is being made simultaneously throughout the British Empire.

**LAND ACT**

SKEENA LAND DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF CASSIAR.

Take notice that Granby Consolidated Mining, Smelting & Power Company, Ltd., of Vancouver, occupation mining and smelting, intends to apply for permission to lease the following described lands:—  
Commencing at a post planted at the southwest corner of Lot 3632, Cassiar District, thence north 22 chains, following high-water mark to the N.W. corner of Lot 3632; thence west three chains to low-water mark; thence south and west 22 chains following low-water mark; thence east three chains, to the place of beginning, and containing 5.6 acres.  
GRANBY CONSOLIDATED MINING, SMELTING & POWER COMPANY, LTD.  
J. Fred Ritchie, Agent.  
Date, August 5th, 1917. Oct 16



**For Your Sons and My Sons**

The noble work of the British Red Cross knows neither race, creed nor colour. Its "Quality of Mercy" is not strained.

But its financial burden has become more than the Motherland alone can bear. That is why October 20th has been set aside as a day to receive generous offerings to enable the British Red Cross to "carry on."

Sons and Daughters of the Empire, wherever they may be, are once again urged to give generously to this cause.

And it is most earnestly hoped that, as was the case last year, the contributions from Canada will set a standard in generosity that will be a pattern to the World.

**Give Nobly and Generously  
on  
"Our Day", October**

**A Few Facts about the Work of the British Red Cross**

The British Red Cross Society is the only institution which carries voluntary aid to the Sick and Wounded of the British forces on land and sea in every region of the War. Its work is therefore the concern of all classes of British subjects, whether living in the British Isles, in the Dominions and Colonies beyond the seas, or in foreign countries.

**SENT OUT OF GREAT BRITAIN**

\$5,500,000 for purchase and upkeep of Motors.  
2,500 Motor Ambulances, cars, cycles, wagons and soup-kitchens sent abroad.  
4 Hospital Trains running in France, each carrying 450 wounded, have cost over \$300,000 to build and run.  
\$2,800,000 spent on British Red Cross work in France and Belgium.

**\$3,750,000 spent on work in Mesopotamia, India, Egypt, Salonika, Malta and Near East.**

The Hospital Ship "Nabha" sent to Mesopotamia.  
65 Motor Launches sent to Mesopotamia, Egypt, East Africa and Malta.  
22 Hospitals and Convalescent Homes in France, Egypt, Malta and Salonika.  
\$125,000 to French Red Cross Society.

**"OUR DAY" at Prince Rupert on SATURDAY OCT. 20**

**GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC**

**S. S. PRINCE RUPERT**  
WEDNESDAY midnight for Anyox.  
THURSDAY midnight for Ocean Falls, Vancouver, Victoria and Seattle.

**S.S. PRINCE GEORGE**  
SATURDAY Midnight for Anyox. MONDAY 9 a.m. for Swanson Bay, Vancouver, Victoria and Seattle.

**S. S. PRINCE JOHN**  
For Queen Charlotte Islands 8 p.m. October 19th and 24th.  
For Ketchikan, Wrangell, Juneau and Skagway at noon Oct. 3, 17 and 31.

**TRAIN SERVICE**  
Passenger Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:30 a.m. for Smithers, Prince George, Edmonton and Winnipeg, making direct connections for all points east and south.

Agency All Ocean Steamship Lines.  
For information and reservations apply to  
City Ticket Office, 526 Third Avenue. PHONE 260

**CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY**

Lowest Rates to all Eastern Points via Steamer to Vancouver and the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY. Meals and Berth included on Steamer.

Princess May for Granby Bay and Alice Arm 11 p.m. Friday  
Princess May southbound via Ocean Falls 6 p.m. Sunday  
Princess Sophia for the south Saturday, October 20th.  
Princess Alice for the north Monday, October 22nd.

J. I. PETERS, General Agent  
Corner Fourth Street and Third Avenue, Prince Rupert, B.C.

# TWO LONG YEARS HE SUFFERED

"Fruit-a-lives" Made Him Feel As If Walking On Air

OTTAWA, Ont., Nov. 28th, 1914.  
 "For over two years, I was troubled with Constipation, Drowsiness, Lack of Appetite and Headaches. One day I saw your sign which read 'Fruit-a-lives make you feel like walking on air.' This appealed to me, so I decided to try a box. In a very short time, I began to feel better, and now I feel fine. I have a good appetite, relish everything I eat, and the Headaches are gone entirely. I recommend this pleasant fruit medicine to all my friends."

DAN McLEAN.  
 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c.  
 At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

## NOTES FROM THE COUNCIL CHAMBER

(Continued From Page One.)

should be called for the supplying of fifty tons of coal, to be taken delivery of by the city's teams, and that a suitable shed be built on the vacant ground adjoining the city hall for the storage thereof. This was adopted.

### Tax Sale.

Then the finance committee submitted their report on the tax sale, which realized \$22,258.66. It was recommended that the amount be invested in the sinking fund. The collection of the 1917 taxes was reported to be in good shape. Ald. Casey asked if the council had any definite policy regarding the purchase of lots by the city at these tax sales, when it was explained that the matter would have to be decided before the end of 1918.

Tenders being opened for the supply of the collectors tax roll, McEas Bros. Ltd., tendering for \$40, and K. L. Raak for \$45.50, the matter was referred back to the finance committee, and the council adjourned.

### ELECTION MAY BE ON DEC. 17.

Ottawa, Oct. 13.—Whether or not the voting in the Dominion election will take place on Monday, December 17, depends largely upon the date upon which it is possible to complete the appointment of the returning officers for the various constituencies. The writs cannot be issued until the returning officers are named. As seven weeks must elapse between the issuance of the writs and the voting, they will have to be sent out within a short time if the voting is to take place before the Christmas holidays. It is generally conceded that a January election would not be desirable. In the event of it being decided that the writs cannot be issued in time for a December election, it is quite possible that the voting will not take place until late in February or early in March.

Recommendations for the appointment of returning officers are now being received and dealt with as quickly as possible, and every effort will be made by the officials to have the voting fixed for December. Other arrangements are being rushed. The ballots to be used in Canada have been printed and arrangements already have been made for the printing of the ballots to be used overseas. The printing of the soldiers' ballots across the Atlantic will insure their safety and mean an avoidance of serious complications which would result from their loss en route to England were they to be printed in Canada.

### BERENA LAND DISTRICT—DISTRICT OF COAST, RANGE 5.

Take notice that J. M. Collison, of Naas River, occupation patrolman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands.—Commencing at a point on the Observatory Inlet at Nagsack Bay, one mile below the old cannery site; thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 40 chains, thence east 40 chains to point of commencement, containing 80 acres more or less.

**Harry A. Harvey**  
 (Late London, Eng., Conservator of Music)  
 PUPIL OF LANSDOWNE GOTTELL  
 Pupils Taken for  
 VIOLIN, PIANO, VIOLINCELLO and HARMONY.  
 EXAMINATIONS  
 Pupils Prepared for Examinations Associated Board, Vancouver, Center Royal College of Music, London, Eng.  
 TERMS — PHONE BLUE 278

# Devonshire.

[L.S.]



CANADA

**GEORGE the FIFTH, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.**

To all to whom these presents shall come, or whom the same may in any-wise concern—GREETING:

**A Proclamation calling out the men comprised in Class 1 as described by the Military Service Act, 1917.**

*E. H. Ross*  
 The Deputy Minister of Justice, Canada

the defence thereof, at any time when it appears advisable so to do by reason of emergency;

**And Whereas** that part of our militia of Canada known as the Canadian Expeditionary Force is now engaged in active service overseas for the defence and security of Canada, the preservation of our Empire and of human liberty; and it is necessary owing to the emergencies of the war to provide re-enforcements for our said Expeditionary Force in addition to those whose inclination or circumstances have permitted them to volunteer;

**And Whereas** by reason of the large number of men who have already left agricultural and industrial pursuits in our Dominion of Canada in order to join our Expeditionary Force as volunteers, and by reason of the necessity of maintaining under these conditions the productivity or output of agriculture and industry in our said Dominion, we have determined by and with the advice and consent of our Senate and House of Commons of Canada that it is expedient to secure the men so required, not by ballot as provided by our said Militia Act, but by selective draft; such re-enforcement, under the provisions of the Military Service Act, 1917, hereinafter referred to, not to exceed one hundred thousand men;

**And Whereas** it is accordingly enacted in and by the provisions of an Act of our Parliament of Canada, holden in the 7th and 8th years of our reign, and known as the Military Service Act, 1917, that every one of our male subjects who comes within one of the classes described and intended by the said Act shall be liable to be called out on active service in our Canadian Expeditionary Force for the defence of Canada, either within or beyond Canada; and that his service shall be for the duration of the present war and demobilization after the conclusion of the war;

**And Whereas** the men who are under the provisions of the said last mentioned Act, liable to be called out, are comprised in six classes of which Class 1 is, by the provisions of the said Act, defined to consist of all our male subjects, ordinarily, or at any time since the 4th day of August, 1914, resident in Canada, who have attained the age of twenty years, who were born not earlier than the year 1883, and were on the 6th day of July, 1917, unmarried, or are widowers but have no child, and who are not within any of the following enumerated

### EXCEPTIONS:—

1. Members of our regular, or reserve, or auxiliary forces, as defined by our Army Act.
2. Members of our military forces raised by the Governments of any of our other dominions or by our Government of India.
3. Men serving in our Royal Navy, or in our Royal Marines, or in our Naval Service of Canada, and members of our Canadian Expeditionary Force.
4. Men who have since August 4th, 1914, served in our Military or Naval Forces, or in those of our allies, in any theatre of actual war, and have been honourably discharged therefrom.
5. Clergy, including members of any recognized order of an exclusive religious character, and ministers of all religious denominations existing in Canada at the date of the passing of our said Military Service Act.
6. Those persons exempted from military service by Order in Council of August 13th, 1873, and by Order in Council of December 6th, 1898;

**And Whereas** it is moreover provided by our said Military Service Act that our Governor-General of Canada in Council may from time to time by proclamation call out on active service as aforesaid any class of men in the said Act described, and that all men within the class so called out shall, from the date of such proclamation, be deemed to be soldiers enlisted in the military service of Canada and subject to military law, save as in the said Act otherwise provided; and that the men so called out shall report and shall be placed on active service in the Canadian Expeditionary Force as may be set out in such proclamation or in regulations; but that they shall, until so placed on active service, be deemed to be on leave of absence without pay;

**And Whereas** it is also provided by the said Act that at any time before a date to be fixed by proclamation an application may be made, by or in respect of any man in the class to be called out, to one of our local tribunals, established in the manner provided by the said Act in the province in which such man ordinarily resides, for a certificate of exemption from service upon any of the following

### GROUND OF EXEMPTION:—

- (a) That it is expedient in the national interest that the man should, instead of being employed in military service, be engaged in other work in which he is habitually engaged;
- (b) That it is expedient in the national interest that the man should, instead of being employed in military service, be engaged in other work in which he wishes to be engaged and for which he has special qualifications;
- (c) That it is expedient in the national interest that, instead of being employed in military service, he should continue to be educated or trained for any work for which he is then being educated or trained;
- (d) That serious hardship would ensue, if the man were placed on active service, owing to his exceptional financial or business obligations or domestic position;
- (e) Ill health or infirmity;
- (f) That he conscientiously objects to the undertaking of combatant service and is prohibited from so doing by the tenets and articles of faith, in effect on the sixth day of July, 1917, of any organized religious denomination existing and well recognized in Canada at such date, and to which he in good faith belongs;

And that if any of the grounds of such application be established, a certificate of exemption shall be granted to such man.

**And Whereas** moreover it is enacted in and by the provisions of an Act of our Parliament of Canada holden in the 7th and 8th years of our reign, and known as the War Time Elections Act, that certain persons thereby disqualified from voting, with such of their sons as on polling day are not of legal age, shall be exempt from combatant military and naval service;

**And Whereas** it is further provided by our said Military Service Act that applications for exemption from service shall be determined by our said local tribunals, subject to appeal as in the said Act provided, and that any man, by or in respect of whom an application for exemption from service is made, shall, so long as such application or any appeal in connection therewith is pending, and during the currency of any exemption granted him, be deemed to be on leave of absence without pay;

**And Whereas** our Governor-General of Canada in Council has determined to call out upon active service as aforesaid the men included in Class I as in the said Act and hereinbefore defined or described;

**Now Therefore Know Ye** that we do hereby call out the said Class I, comprising the men in our said Military Service Act, 1917, and hereinbefore defined or described as to the said class belonging, on active service in our Canadian Expeditionary Force for the defence of Canada, either within or beyond Canada, as we may, in the command or direction of our Military Forces, hereafter order or direct.

And we do hereby strictly command, require and enjoin that each man who is a member of the said class shall, on or before the 10th day of November, 1917, in the prescribed form and manner, report himself for military service, unless application for his exemption shall then have been made by him or by another person entitled to apply on his behalf; wherein our loving subjects, members of the said class, are especially charged not to fail, since not only do their loyalty and allegiance require and impose the obligation of careful and implicit obedience to these our strict commands and injunctions, but moreover, lest our loving subjects should be ignorant of the consequences which will ensue if they fail to report within the time limited as aforesaid, we do hereby forewarn and admonish them that any one who is hereby called out, and who without reasonable excuse fails to report as aforesaid, shall thereby commit an offence, for which he shall be liable on summary conviction to imprisonment for any term not exceeding five years with hard labour, and he shall nevertheless, if we so require, be compelled to serve immediately in our said Expeditionary Force.

And we do hereby proclaim and announce that for the greater convenience of our subjects, we have directed that prescribed forms, for reporting for service, and for application for exemption from service, may, at any time on or before the said 10th day of November, 1917, be obtained at any post office in our Dominion of Canada; and that reports for service and applications for exemption from service, if obtained at any of our said post offices and properly executed, shall be forwarded by our postmaster at the post office from which the same are obtained to their proper destination as by our regulations prescribed, free of postage or any other charge.

And we do further inform and notify our loving subjects that local tribunals have been established in convenient localities throughout our Dominion of Canada for the hearing of applications for exemption from service upon any of the statutory grounds, as hereinbefore set out; that these our local tribunals so established will begin to sit in the discharge of their duties on the 8th day of November, 1917, and that they will continue to sit from day to day thereafter, as may be necessary or convenient, at such times and places as shall be duly notified, until all applications for exemption from service shall have been heard and disposed of; also that men belonging to the class hereby called out who have not previously to the said 8th day of November, 1917, reported for service, or forwarded applications for exemption through any of our post offices as aforesaid, may make applications in person for exemption from service to any of our said tribunals, on the 8th, 9th or 10th day of November, 1917.

And we do hereby moreover notify and inform our loving subjects who are within the class hereby called out, that if, on or before the 10th day of November, 1917, they report themselves for military service, or if, on or before that day, application for exemption from service be made by them or on their behalf, they will not be required to report for duty, or be placed upon active service as aforesaid, until a day, not earlier than the 10th day of December, 1917, which will, by our registrar for the province in which they reported or applied, be notified to them in writing by registered post at their respective addresses as given in their reports for service, or applications for exemption from service, or at such substituted addresses as they may have respectively signified to our said registrar; and we do hereby inform, forewarn and admonish the men belonging to the class hereby called out that if any of them shall, without just and sufficient cause, fail to report for duty at the time and place required by notice in writing so posted, or shall fail to report for duty as otherwise by law required, he shall be subject to the procedure, pains and penalties by law prescribed as against military deserters.

Of all of which our loving subjects, and all others whom these presents may concern, are hereby required to take notice, rendering strict obedience to and compliance with all these our commands, directions and requirements, and governing themselves accordingly.

**In Testimony Whereof** We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. Witness: Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter; One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council; Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George; Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order; Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, this TWELFTH day of OCTOBER, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and in the eighth year of Our Reign.

By Command,

*Thomas Mulvey*

Under-Secretary of State.

**G. H. Arnold**

NOTARY PUBLIC

We Sell Real Estate.  
We write Fire and Marine Insurance.  
We have Apartments, Stores, Houses, and Offices for Rent, and Want More.  
We Deal in Mortgage Loans.  
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We do Conveyancing.

H. G. HELGERSON, LTD

**"The Daily News" CLASSIFIED ADS.**

**WANTED.**

WANTED—Good gramophone. Must be cheap. Apply box 139 Daily News. 239

INTELLIGENT PERSON MAY EARN \$100 monthly corresponding for newspapers; \$40 to \$50 monthly in spare time; experience unnecessary; no canvassing; subjects suggested. Send for particulars. National Press Bureau room 3574, Buffalo, N. Y.

**FOR SALE.**

FOR SALE—Sixty-five yards Cork Lino-lead, five dressers, five wash-stands. Bargain prices. Apply Empress rooms.

FOR SALE—New Modern four-roomed cottage. Ready early October. Apply F. W. Hart.

FOR SALE—Soda water plant complete; syphons, cases, bottles, essences, labels, etc. A bargain. Apply Prince Rupert Importing Co., Ltd. 240

**MISCELLANEOUS**

OLD FALSE TEETH BOUGHT—On vulcanite or metal plates, also crown and bridgework—highest prices paid, post without delay, cash by return mail. J. Dunstone, 1459 Georgia St., Vancouver. Established 27 years. 018.

**LOST**

LOST—On Monday, on or near McBride Street, black bag containing crochet work. Finder please return to Mrs. H.S. Parker, 128 Seventh Avenue.

**FOUND**

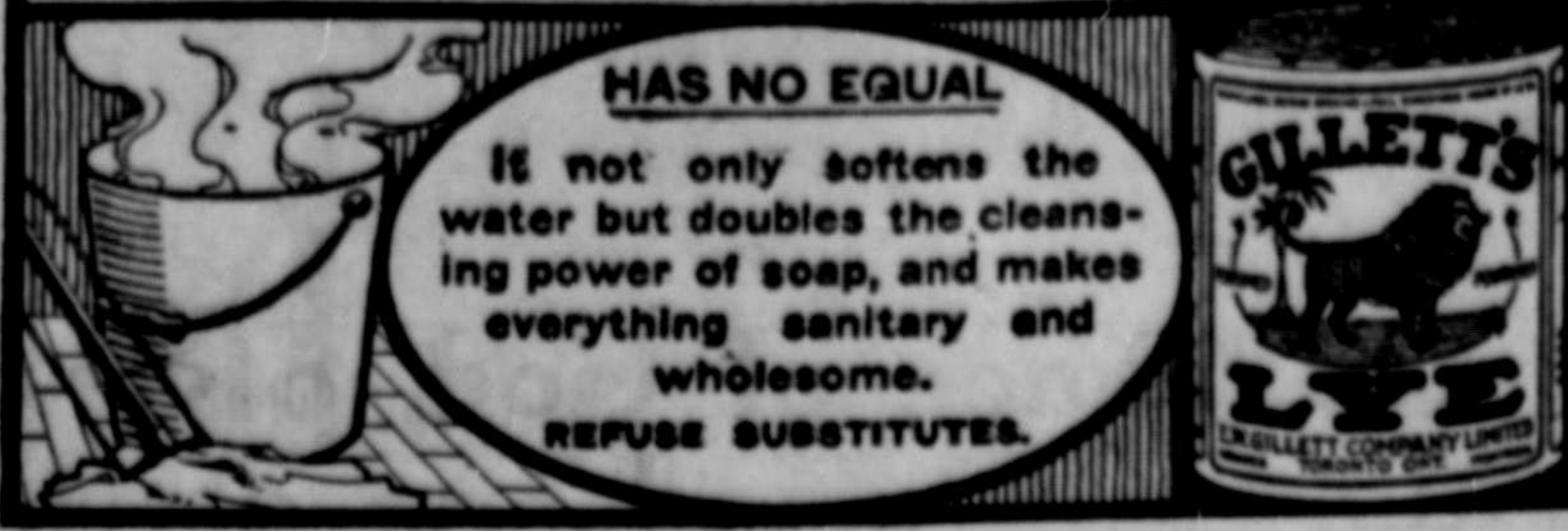
FOUND—Pair of brown leather gloves. Owner can have same by paying for this advertisement at the Daily News Office.

FOUND—Cash register key. Owner can have same by paying for this advertisement at the Daily News Office.

ALICE M. HANSON, S.A.  
W. E. Williams, S.A., L.L.B.  
**WILLIAMS & HANSON**  
Barristers, Solicitors, Etc.

ONEY TO LOAN  
Box 1585  
Helgerston Block Prince Rupert, B. C.

**GILLETT'S LYE**



HAS NO EQUAL  
It not only softens the water but doubles the cleansing power of soap, and makes everything sanitary and wholesome.  
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.



**MINERAL ACT**

**NOTICE TO DELINQUENT PARTNER**

To C. W. Calhoun:  
Take notice, whereas I have done and caused to be done assessment work on the Midnight Fraction mineral claim, situated on the Illiance river, about fourteen miles from the head of Alice Arm, in the Skeena mining division of Skeena district, assessment work for 1914, 1915, and 1916, and have paid for said work and recording same the sum of \$307.50. Unless you pay me the sum of \$102.50, for your share of the said assessment work, together with the cost of this advertisement, I shall, at the expiration of ninety (90) days from the date hereof apply to the mining recorder at Prince Rupert, B. C., to have your interests in the Midnight Fraction mineral claim vested in me, in pursuance of the provisions of the mineral act.  
Dated at Prince Rupert, B. C., this 20th day of September, 1917. D21.  
H. C. PHILLIPS.

**MINERAL ACT**

**Certificate of Improvements.**

"Beach" and "Waterfront Fraction" Mineral Claims, situate in the Skeena Mining Division of Cassiar District.

Where located:—On north side of Alice Arm.

TAKE NOTICE that I, R. B. McGinnis, Free Miner's Certificate No. 3574-C, agent for the Dolly Varden Mines Company, Free Miner's Certificate No. 14230-C, intends sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that action, under Section 85, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements. S17

DATED this 9th day of July, A. D. 1917.

THE GRAHAM ISLAND SPRUCE AND CEDAR COMPANY LIMITED herewith give notice that it has under section 7 of the said Act deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the office of the District Registrar of the Land Registry Office, District of Prince Rupert, at Prince Rupert, description of the site and plan of sawmill structure and other works proposed to be built in Queenstown Harbor at Port Clements, B. C., in front of lots Five to Fifteen inclusive, according to registered plan of the Townsite of the city of Port Clements registered in the aforesaid Land Registry office as Plan No. 1079 and take notice that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice the Graham Island Spruce and Cedar Company, Limited, will under Section 7 of the said Act apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the city of Ottawa for approval of the said Site and Plan and for leave to construct the said works.  
Dated at Prince Rupert, B. C., this 15th day of October, A. D. 1917. N15.  
THE GRAHAM ISLAND SPRUCE AND CEDAR CO., LTD.

**Local News Notes**

Mrs. W. E. Draaney, of Haysport, is visiting Prince Rupert.

Mr. F. D. Hunter, of Butedale, was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. R. B. McGinnis, of Alice Arm, accompanied by her little son, have arrived in the city.

It is hoped that not a man, woman or child in Prince Rupert will fail of their duty on October 20th.

Mr. A. Methot, late of the staff of the Royal Hotel, has returned from a visit to Seattle. He leaves tomorrow on his way to his old home in Montreal, where he has not been for twenty years.

The case of Wong How, the Chinaman brought in from Queen Charlotte City, was brought before Judge Young yesterday at the court house. The accused elected for a speedy trial, and the date was fixed for the 29th curt.

The collector of the fund for "Our Day" is in charge of the Canadian Red Cross Society. The burden of the offensives on many fronts and the number of casualties so heavy that more money must be supplied. Make up your mind just what you can afford to contribute on the day set for the collection or better still—mail a cheque now.

**MINING NOTES FROM OMINICA DISTRICT**

The Rocher de Boule mine is shipping ore daily.  
At the Golden Wonder George McBean is making great headway with the shaft contract. A lot of very fine ore is being taken out. There is a big pile of ore sacked ready for shipment.

Alex. Chisholm has staked a group of claims near the Tom Forest property. He has a ten foot showing that is uncovered for twenty feet. It assays 44 ozs. of silver and 88 in gold.

On the Wilson Bros. property nine men are working two shifts and making good progress. Mr. Haines went up this week. He expressed the belief that they have a sure-enough mine in this property.

The Chisholm boys have taken a lease and option on a property on Grouse mountain and have begun work. They figure on shipping a car or two of ore very soon for test purposes. They will haul six miles to Barrett station.

Paddy Higgans came in from the Babines this week after a good season's work on his claims. He has a good deal of ore ready for shipment and is working the property with the idea of opening up the ore for a big sale rather than to make small shipments.

The road work on the Santa Maria road has been finished for this year although about six miles at the far end were left undone. One gang came down Sunday and after fixing up a snow road on the hill the other gang came into town. The work was well and economically done.

W. S. Sargent made a trip last week into the Babines to examine the silver-lead property that has occupied the attention of C. G. Harvey for several years. Bill says that Harvey has a very good looking prospect. He has considerable high grade ore sacked and can get out enough more to make a substantial shipment this winter. The property is worthy development on a larger scale.

D. B. Morkill came up on the train Wednesday night from the New Hazelton Gold & Cobalt property on Rocher de Boule mountain. He reports the mine in excellent shape and producing very rich ore. A winz is being sunk one one of the shoots of molybdenite and some beautiful ore is being secured. Arsenical iron in the same shoot carries very high gold values. Mr. Morkill brought some excellent specimens up with him.—Omineca Herald.

Subscriptions to the "Our Day" fund received in advance of Oct. 20th will be acknowledged in the Press.

Mr. D. H. McDonald, the fire chief, had a nasty accident on Saturday afternoon, from the effects of which he will be confined to the house for some little time. He had the misfortune to fall while taking a short-cut to the fire hall, and is suffering from severe bruises.

Last evening about nine o'clock Leonard G. Mude, engineer of the "Haysport," was admitted to the general hospital. He had met with an accident on board the boat, being caught in the machinery when it was running. Although the accident was of a serious nature, the patient is progressing satisfactorily.

**Salvation Army.**

Public meetings, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 8 p. m. Sundays at 7:30 p. m.

The Daily News delivered by carrier, 50 cents per month.

**DENTISTRY**

CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK A SPECIALTY  
**DR. J. S. BROWN**  
DENTIST  
Office: Smith Block, Third Avenue  
Phone 454

**Harry Atkins**

Family Butcher, — Prince Rupert.  
NOTED FOR PRIME SAUSAGE  
Tomato Sausage a Specialty.  
Phone 574 P. O. Box

**Prince Rupert Feed Co.**

PHONE 58  
HAY, GRAIN, FEED, SEEDS and FERTILIZER  
Chicken Feed a Specialty  
Mail Orders Promptly Attended to.  
P. O. Box 383. 908 Third Ave.

**Ideal For Wash-Day**

The Kootenay Range accommodates the wash boiler and still leaves four holes free for cooking. This allows you to serve wash-day dinners that are just as good as other days and doesn't interfere with your laundering. Ask our dealer or write for booklet.

**McClary's KOOTENAY RANGE**

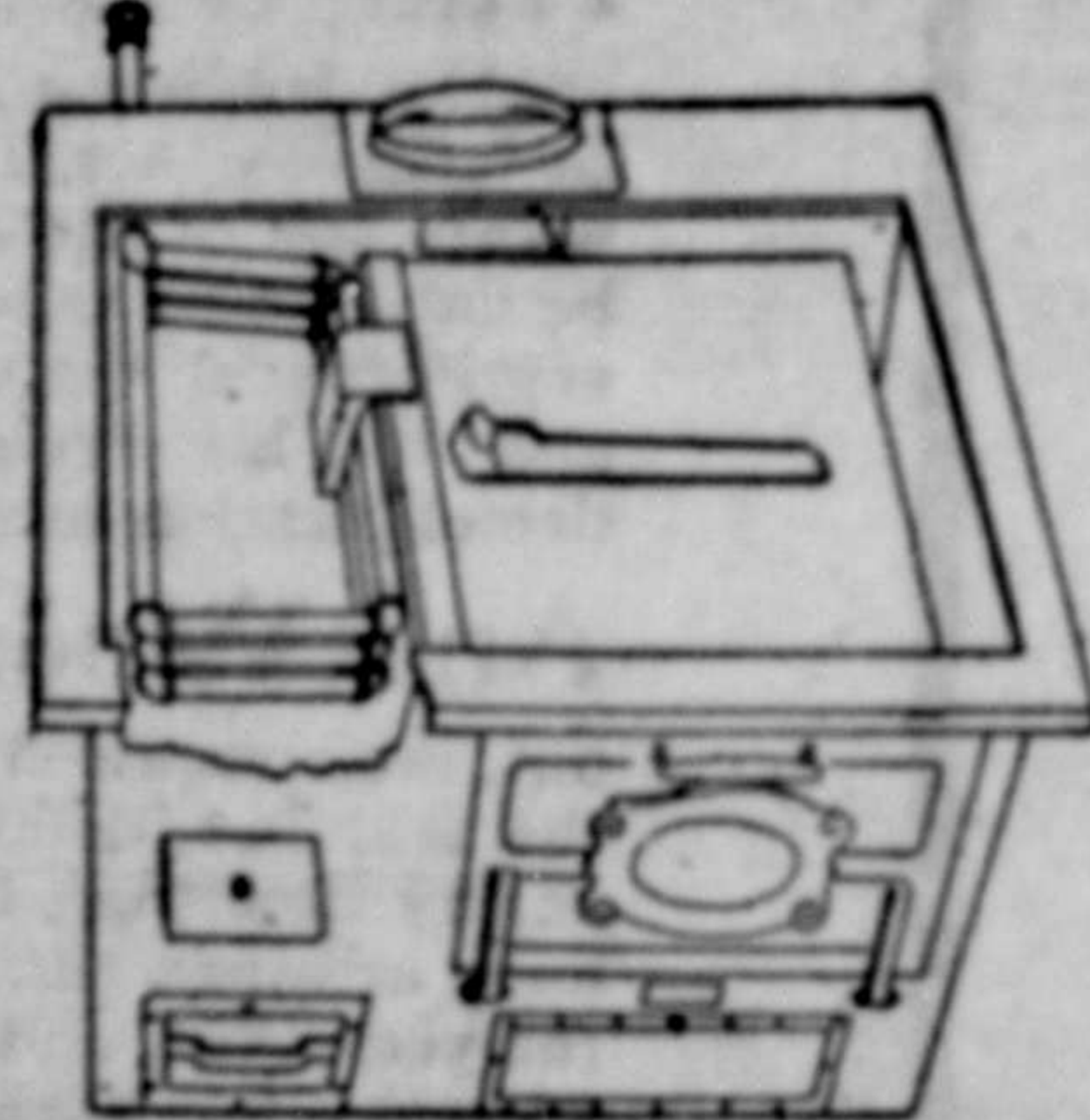
LONDON TORONTO MONTREAL WINNIPEG VANCOUVER  
ST. JOHN, N.B. HAMILTON CALGARY  
SASKATOON EDMONTON  
For Sale by E. A. Galland and Howe & McNulty

**LYNCH BROS. & McMEEKIN Third Avenue**

FULLER & McMEEKIN have vacated their store on Third Avenue near Second Street, and their business will now be conducted from the LYNCH BROS. STORE on Third Ave., under the new name of

**Phones 56, 106 Lynch Bros. & McMeekin**

**A HOT BATH THE MINUTE YOU WANT IT**



You are accustomed to getting cold water instantly. Think of the satisfaction of getting hot water in the same way in abundance, regardless of how much has been used before.  
**HOT WATER LIKE MAGIC**  
Harry Hanson  
Hot Water Service brings you this convenience.  
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Careful Attention to Piano and Furniture Removals.  
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The Working Man's Home.

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P. O. BOX 225 PRINCE RUPERT

BOWLING ALLEYS  
POOL and BILLIARDS  
LUNCH COUNTER

Representing: Taylor Engineering Company, Alice Arm, B. C., T. A. Kelley Logging & Lumber Co., Ltd., Queen Charlotte I.

WE CASH PAY CHECKS  
Make The HUB your headquarters. Have your mail addressed in our care.  
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SANITARY AND HEATING ENGINEERS

Agents for McCLARY FURNACES

PLUMBING and SHEET METAL WORKS  
Phone 5, 834 Second Avenue.  
Night phones 576 and Blue 270

The right work, at the right time, and at the right price.



**TIMBER SALE X 1065.**

Sealed tenders will be received by the District Forester, Prince Rupert, not later than noon on the 25th day of October, 1917, for the purchase of Licence X 1065, to cut 25,000 feet of Spruce and Cedar and 14,000 lineal feet Cedar Piling on an area situated on Princess Royal Island, Range 3, Coast District.

One (1) year will be allowed for removal of timber.  
Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Ictovia, B. C., or District Forester, Prince Rupert, B. C.

**Stuart J. Martin**

ASSAYER

HAZELTON — B. C.

The oldest established Assay Office in the North.

**J.L. HICKEY**

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Store and Office Fixtures, Sash, Door and Moldings. Oak and Hard Woods of all kinds.

We Specialize in Hardwood Boat Ribs, Sash, Doors, etc.

Plate and Sheet Glass and Glazing.  
Corner Fraser and 6th Sts.

PHONE GREEN 269  
P. O. BOX 448.

**BRITISH RED CROSS APPEAL**

**OUR DAY**

October 20th, 1917

For Sick and Wounded Sailors and Soldiers

**\$1,000 WANTED**

From Prince Rupert

Prepare to contribute your proportion on the day set for the Collection or Mail Cheque Now

**THE REAL APPEAL**

"If Canada fails us in October we must curtail many of our activities."

—Sir Arthur Stanley, Chairman Executive Committee  
British Red Cross

The Collection in Prince Rupert is being made under the direction of Mrs. A. D. McIntosh, Vice-President, Canadian Red Cross Society