



EUROPE GREAT MISSION FIELD

Presbyterian Church of Old Hemisphere Needs Assistance From America

TORONTO, Ont., Feb. 16.—"If the Protestant Church of Europe is to aid in the rehabilitation of that continent we must help them to do it—they are too weak to do it themselves." The greatest mission field of our churches today, next to our foreign and home missions, is the continent of Europe." Dr. James E. Good, of Philadelphia, spoke thus today in a report made to the conference of the World Presbyterian Alliance, now in session here. Mr. Good is secretary of the Committee on Work in Europe.

"The religious condition of Europe is very much the same as a year ago," Dr. Good's report goes on to say. "There is the same story of need everywhere. The need of money for church buildings is increasingly imperative. This is true in France and Belgium, but especially so in Bohemia. If they are to be helped, our churches must do it. And what is done must be done quickly."

"Several new needs are becoming more prominent. The first is the need of supporting their students for the ministry. There is a lamentable dearth of ministers in those lands, except in Germany and Hungary proper. Only four ministers to 40,000 Lithuanians, only five ministers to 20,000 Poles, Bohemia could use 50 more ministers than she has. In Yugoslavia more than a quarter of their congregations are vacant, and there is danger of disintegration. Some of these Churches will die out unless they get more ministers. Then, too, three of these European countries have no theological schools for the education of their young candidates. They are Lithuania, Poland and Jugoslavia.

"So finally, a plan has been evolved by your committee on Clothing in Europe. They sent an appeal to each of the Theological Seminaries of our family of churches in America, asking them to take at least one continental student, educate him, pay his necessary and travelling expenses, and send him back to work in those churches. Four of our Theological Seminaries have already done this. Princeton has four; Lancaster three; Central has two; and Western of Pittsburgh has one—ten foreign students in all. Five more Theological Seminaries are now ready to take a student. Louisville, Union Seminary of Richmond, Columbia, the United Presbyterian Seminary of Pittsburgh, and the Dutch Reform of New Brunswick.

Books Are Needed

"Still another need" is also emerging—the need of theological books for the libraries of their theological universities. One of the theological professors of one of the oldest of the Hungarian universities, Saros-patak, said to us last summer: "I have not bought a new book since before the war. How can I prepare my lectures on dogmatics if I do not keep myself abreast with the times?" Another bright young private student in Budapest said to me: "Unless we get books for our libraries we are in danger of cultural declension and intellectual starvation." Can



FIRST CLASS MEN NEEDED

Speaker at Rotary Luncheon Yesterday Urged Claims of Boy on Members

"You cannot make an A1 nation out of C3 men" was a quotation from Lloyd George used by W. E. Galloway to illustrate the need of seeing that the activities of the boys were directed in such a manner as to make the best class of men. He was addressing a largely attended luncheon of the Rotary Club yesterday in the St. Regis Cafe upstairs dining room, Harold Campbell presiding. Paraphrasing the poet Wordsworth he spoke of the privileges of the young men today in these words:

"What bliss it is in this day to be alive; but to be young, with all the opening doors of opportunity in Canada, is very heaven."

Mr. Galloway said that the conservation of boyhood was vital and necessary to Canadian life. He recalled the sacrifices that had been made by the war and inroads made into young manhood. The challenge was to the nation to fling out to the younger generation to fill up the gaps and to measure up to the ideals of the young men who have gone overseas. A great many responded to the challenge, but others did not. Some drifted away and had gone down hill, losing out in the great game of life and becoming C3 men. They had drifted away from the highest and best influences.

Wrongly Directed.

The speaker mentioned that there was an increase in the offenses committed by juveniles and it was significant that many of the offenses were against property rather than against persons. It was not very long ago when men were hanged for sheep stealing. Offenses were committed in a desire to get even with someone whom they disliked but often it was just the love of fun and the inspiration of the crowd that caused the delinquency. It was the irrepressible energy of youth constantly seeking expression.

Shrinkage in adverse balance effected was £100,000,000, or 26 per cent. The balance fell to within £10,000,000 of the £213,000,000 import balance of 1913. Heavy gains in the proportion of wheat and similar requirements obtained from Canada and other dominions marked 1922 trade. A larger proportionate trade indebtedness than in 1921 was incurred within the empire.

Imports of 1922 exceeded domestic exports by only 30%, compared with a 54% excess in 1921 and one of 46% in 1913. On trade volume, adverse balance was the smallest in recent history of British commerce. "Invisible exchange" made up of services and investment returns, left substantial surplus after providing for the trade balance. Of the increase of £235,000,000 in 1922 over 1913 imports, £177,000,000 was in food, drink and tobacco. High wheat and cotton made the showing less favorable than was expected early in 1922.

POUND STERLING IS APPROACHING PAR

British Foreign Trade for 1922 Showed Marked Improvement

The pound sterling is steadily approaching par. This London cable gives the fundamental reason says Burdick, Logan & Co.'s bulletin.

"British foreign trade in 1922 showed marked improvement in all its features. Domestic exports increased £17,000,000. Imports declined £82,000,000.

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FORD PRODUCTION OF CARS WAS VERY LARGE

In 1922 the Output was 1,351,333 Cars and Trucks With Record in August

DETROIT, Feb. 15.—Final figures of Ford production are 1,351,333 automobiles and trucks in 1922, an increase of 300,000 over 1921. Highland Park plant produced 1,232,209 cars last year and 50,166 were built in the Canadian plant at Ford, Ontario.

Production of foreign plants was: Manchester, England, 27,194 cars and trucks; Buenos Aires, 11,871; Copenhagen 40,552; Bordeaux 10,548; Cadiz, Spain 5,331; and Sao Paulo, Brazil, 3,362.

The total number of tractors built last year was 8,985, an increase of 100 per cent over 1921. Political disturbances in Ireland did not interrupt production of tractors at the Cork plant. The peak month in 1922 was June with 147,770 cars and trucks built. The record day last year was August 29, with production of 5,699 cars and trucks.

F. S. Sheppard, C.N.R. traveling auditor, returned to Vancouver on the Prince George this morning.

Two (2) years will be allowed for removal of timber.

Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria, B.C., or District Forester, Prince Rupert, B.C.

TIMBER SALE X 4440.

Sealed Tenders will be received by the Minister of Lands at Victoria, not later than noon on the 6th day of March, 1923, for the purchase of timber, N.W. 1/4 of section 17, area of spruce, cedar and hemlock, situated on an area adjoining Timber Licence 1741p, Cumshaw Inlet, Queen Charlotte Islands Land District.

Two (2) years will be allowed for removal of timber.

Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria, B.C., or District Forester, Prince Rupert, B.C.

TIMBER SALE X 4688.

Sealed Tenders will be received by the Minister of Lands, Victoria, not later than noon on the 9th day of March, 1923, for the purchase of timber, N.W. 1/4 of section 17, area of spruce, cedar and hemlock, situated on an area adjoining the south boundary of Lot 1548, Shannan Bay, Queen Charlotte Islands Land District.

Two (2) years will be allowed for removal of timber.

Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria, B.C., or District Forester, Prince Rupert, B.C.

Two (2) years will be allowed for removal of timber.

Further particulars of the Chief Forester, Victoria, B.C., or District Forester, Prince Rupert, B.C.

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71

but one newspaper had the report of the proceedings verbatim. I wish I knew where they got it. If I were a detective I might have found out. I move the Chief's report, or that portion of it which we tabled from the last meeting.

The motion carried, Mayor Bayward stating he felt sure the press would not abuse the confidence placed in it.

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